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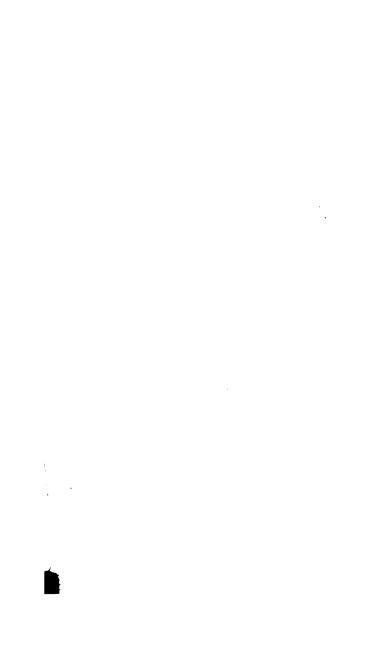




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BNUOF





744

COMPLAINT:

OR,

A NIGHT THOUGHTS

ON

LIFE, DEATH, AND IMMORTALITY

TO WHICH IS PREFIXED

THE LIFE OF THE AUTHOR.

EUNT LACRYMAE RERUM, ET MENTUM MORTALIA TANGUNT.—VIRG.

TROY:

PRINTED BY PARKER AND BLISS, AND SOLD BY THEM AT THE TROY BOOKSTORE, SIGN OF THE BIBLE.

1812.

THE NEW TORK C LIMARY

AST 2. LETOS AND TILLER FOUNDATIONS 1944

MEMOIRS

OF THE LATE

Dr. EDWARD YOUNG.

COLLECTED FROM VARIOUS AUTHORS AS WELL

AS PRIVATE FRIENDS.

EDWARD YOUNG, L. L. D. author of the Night Thoughts, and many other excellent pieces, was the only fon of Dr. Edward Young, an eminent, learned, and judicious divine, Dean of Sarum, Fellow of Winchefter College, and Rector of Upham, in Hampshire. He was born in the year 1684, at Upham; and, after being educated in Winchefter College, was chosen on the foundation of New College at Oxford, October 13, 1703, when he was nineteen years of age; but being superannuated,* and there being no vacancy of a fellowship, he removed before the expiration of the year to Corpus Christi, where he entered himself a Gentleman Commoner.

In 1708, he was put into a law fellowship, at All Souls, by Archbishop Tennison. Here he took the degree of B. C. L. in 1714, and in 1719, D. C. L. In this year he published his Tragedy of Busiris; in 1721, the Revenge; and in 1723, the Brothers: about this time he published his elegant poem on the Last Day, which being wrote by a Layman, gave the more satisfaction. He soon after published the Force of Religion, or Name

48X1 Disqualished on account of his years.

quished Love, a poem, which also gave much pleasure, to most who read it, but more especially to the noble family for whose entertainment it was principally written. Some charge the author with a stiffness of versification in both these poems; but they met with such success as to procure him the particular friendship of several of the nobility, and among the rest the patronage of the Duke of Wharton, which greatly helped him in his finances. By his Grace's recommendation, he put up for member of Parliament for Cirencester,* but did not succeed. His noble patron honoured him with his company to All Souls; and, through his instance and persuasion, was at the expence of erecting a confiderable part of the new buildings then carrying on in that college. The turn of his mind leading him to divinity, he quitted the law, which he had never practifed, and taking orders, was appointed chaplain in ordinary to King George II. April 1728.

In that year he published a Vindication of Providence, in quarto, and soon after, his Estimate of Human Life, in the same size, which have gone through several editions in 12mo, and thought by many to be the best of his prose performances. In 1730, he was presented by his college to the Rectory of Welwyn, in Hertsordshire, reputed worth 3001, a year, besides the Lordship of the Manor annexed to it. He was married in 1731 to Lady Betty Lee, widow of Colonel Lee, and daughter to the Earl of Litchsield, (a lady of an eminent genius, and great poetical talents) who brought him a son and hei

not long after their marriage.

Though always in high esteem with many of the firf rank, he never rose to great preferment. He was a fa vourite of the late Prince of Wales, his present Majesty' father; and, for some years before his death, was a pret ty constant attendant at Court; but upon the Prince' decease, all his hopes of farther rising in the church were at an end; and, towards the latter part of his life, hi very desire of it seemed to be laid aside; for in his Nigh Thoughts, he observes, that there was one, (meaning

^{*} He was naturally of an ambitious temper and disposition,

himself) in Britain born, with courtiers bred, who thought even wealth might come a day too late; however, upon the death of Dr. Hales, in 1761, he was made clerk of

the closet to the Princess Dowager of Wales.

About the year 1741, he had the unhappiness to lose his wife and both her children, which she had by her first husband; a fon and a daughter, very promising charac-They all died within a short time of each other: that he felt greatly for their lofs, as well as for that of his lady, may eafily be perceived by his fine poem of the Night Thoughts, occasioned by it. This was a species of poetry peculiarly his own, and has been unrivalled by all who have attempted to copy him. His applause here was deservedly great. The unhappy bard, 'whose griefs in melting numbers flow, and melancholy joys diffuse around, has been often fung by the profane as well as pious. They were written, as before observed, under the recent pressure of his forrow for the loss of his wife, and his daughter and fon-in law; they are addressed to Lcrenzo, a man of pleasure, and the world, and who, it is generally supposed, (and very probably,) was his own son, then labouring under his father's displeasure. His fon-in-law is faid to be characterized by Philander; and his daughter was certainly the person he speaks of under the appellation of Narcissa: See Night 3, line 62. her last illness he accompanied her to Montpelier, in the fouth of France, where she died soon after her arrival in the city.*

After her death it feems she was denied Christian burial, on account of being reckoned a heretic, by the

I take the liberty of inferting here a passage from a letter writ-

^{*} She died of a confumption, occalioned by her grief for the death of her mother.

[†] The priests refusing the Doctor leave to bury his daughter in one of their church-yards, he was obliged, with the assistance of his servant, to dig a glave in a sield near Montpelier, where they deposited the body without the help of any of the inhabitants, who consider protestants in the same light as they do brutes.

inhabitants of the place; which inhumanity is justly r fented in the same beautiful poem; See Night 3, 1. 16 in which his wife also is frequently mentioned; and I thus laments the loss of all three in an apostrophe death:

cher, in the preceding year 1789, which may be confidered as c rious, and will be interesting and affecting to the admirers of I

Young and his Narcissa:

'I know you, as well as myself, are not a little partial to I Young. Had you been with me in a folitary walk the oth day, you would have shed a tear over the remains of his de ' Narcissa. I was walking in a place called the King's Garder and there I saw the spot where she was interred. Mr. I-Mrs. H-, and myfelf had fome conversation with the garde er respecting it; who told us that about 45 years ago, Dr. You was here with his daughter for her health; and that he used co flantly to be walking backward and forward in this garden (1 doubt as he saw her gradually declining, to find the most solita: fpot, where he might shew his last token of affection, by leavis her remains as secure as possible from those savages, who wou have denied her a christian burial: for at that time, an Englis man in this country was looked upon as an heretic, infidel, at devil. They begin now to verge from their bigotry, and allo them at least to be men, though not christians, I believe;) ar that he bribed the under gardener, belonging to his father, to ! him bury his daughter, which he did; pointed out the most fol tary place, and dug the grave. The man through a private doo admitted the Doctor at midnight, bringing his beloved daught wrapped up in a sheet, upon his shoulder: he laid her in the hole, fat down, and (as the man expressed it) ' rained tears With pious facrilege a grave I stole.' The man who was thi bribed is dead, but the master is still living. Before the ma died, they were one day going to dig, and fet fome flowers, & in this spot where she was buried. The man said to his maste "Don't dig there; for, fo many years ago, I buried an Englis lady there.' The master was much suprized; and as Dr. Young book had made much noise in France, it led him to inquire int ' the matter; and only two years ago it was known for a certaint that that was the place, and in this way: There was an English onbleman here, who was acquainted with the governor of th place; and wishing to ascertain the fact, he obtained permissio to dig up the ground, where he found fome bones, which wer ' examined by a furgeon, and propounced to be the remains of human body: this, therefore, puts the authenticity of it beyon ' a doubt.'- See Evan. Mag. for 1797, p. 444.

Infatiate Archer! could not one fuffice?

'Thy shaft flew thrice, and thrice my peace was slain;

And thrice, ere thrice you moon had fill'd her horn.'

· He wrote his Conjectures on Original Composition when he was turned of 80; if it has blemishes mixed with its beauties, it is not to be wondered at, when we consider his great age, and the many infirmities which generally attend such an advanced period of life. However, the many excellent remarks this work abounds with make it justly esteemed as a brightening before death. The Refignation, a poem, the last, and least esteemed of all Dr. Young's works, was published a short time before his death, and only ferved to manifest the taper of genius, which had so long shone with peculiar brightness in him, was now glimmering in the focket. He died in his Parsonage-house, at Welwyn, April 12th, 1765, and was buried, according to his own defire, (attended by all the poor of the parish) under the alter piece of that church, by the fide of his wife.* This altar-piece is reckoned one of the most curious in the kingdom, being adorned with an elegant piece of needle work by the late Lady Betty Young.+

Before the Doctor died, he ordered all his manuscripts to be burnt. Those that knew how much he expressed in a small compass, and that he never wrote on trivial subjects, will lament both the excess of his modesty (if I may so term it) and the irreparable loss to posterity; especially when it is considered, that he was the intimal acquaintance of Addison, and was himself one of the

writers of the Spectator.

In his lifetime he published two or three sermons, one of which was preached before the House of Commons.

* The bell did not toll at his funeral, nor was any person allowed to be in mourning.

[†] In the middle of it are inscribed these words, 'I am the bread of life.' On the north side of the chancel is this inscription, as supposed by the Doctor's orders, 'Virginibus—Increase in Wisdom and Understanding;' and opposite, on the south side, 'Puzrisque—and in favour with God and Man.'

See App. to Biog. Brit.

He left an only fon and heir, Mr. Frederick Young, who had the first part of his education at Winchester school, and became a scholar upon the foundation; was sent, in consequence thereof, to New College, in Oxford; but there being no vacancy, (though the Society waited for one no less than two years,) he was admitted in the mean time in Baliol College, where he behaved so imprudently as to be forbidden the College. This misconduct disobliged his father so much that he never would suffer him to come into his sight afterwards: however, by his will, he bequeathed to him, after a few legacies, his whole fortune, which was considerable.

As a Christian and Divine, he might be said to be an example of primeval piety: he gave a remarkable instance of this one Sunday, when preaching in his turn at St. James's; for, though he strove to gain the attention of his audience, when he found he could not prevail, his pity for their folly got the better of all decorum; he sat

back in the pulpit, and burst into a flood of tears.

The turn of his mind was naturally folemn; and he usually, when at home in the country, spent many hours in a day walking among the tombs in his own church-yard: his conversation, as well as writings, had all a reference to a suture life; and this turn of mind mixed itself even with his improvements in gardening; he had, for instance, an alcove, with a bench so well painted in it, that, at a distance, it seemed to be real, but, upon a carer approach, the deception was perceived, and this motto appeared,

INVISIBILIA NON DECIPIUNT.

Yet, notwithstanding this gloominess of temper, he was fond of innocent sports and amusements. He instituted an assembly and a bowling green in his parish, and often promoted the mirth of the company in person. His witwas ever poignant,* and always levelled at those who

In his last illness, a friend of the Doctor's calling to know how he did, and mentioning the death of a person, who had been in a decline a long time, said he was quite worn to a shell, by the time he died; very likely, replied the Doctor, but what has become of the kernel?

showed any contempt for decency and religion. His epigram, spoken extempore upon Voltaire is well known: Voltaire happening to ridicule Milton's allegorical perfonages of Death and Sin, Dr. Young thus addressed him:—

Thou art so witty, profligate and thin, Thou seem'st a Milton with his Death and Sin.

As to his character as a poet, his composition was instinct in his youth, with as much vanity as was necessary to excel in that art. He published a collection of such of his works as he thought the best, in 1761, in four volumes, in duodecimo; and another was published since. Among these, his satires, intitled, The Love of Fame. or, The Universal Passion, are by most considered as his principal performance. They are finely characteristic of that excessive pride, or rather folly, of following prevailing fashions, and aiming to be more than we really are, or can possibly be. They were written in early life; and, if smoothness of style, brilliancy of wit, and simplicity of fubject, can infure applause, our author may demand it on this occasion. After the death of his wife, as he had never given any attention to domestic affairs, so knowing his unfitness for it, he referred the whole care and management of his family to his housekeeper, to whom he left a handfome legacy.

It is observed by Dean Swift, that if Dr. Young, in his fatires, had been more merry or severe, they would have been more generally pleasing; because mankind are more apt to be pleased with ill nature and mirth than with solid sense and instruction. It is also observed of his Night Thoughts, that, though they are chiefly flights of thinking almost super-human, such as the description of death, from his secret stand, noting down the follies of a Bacchanalian Society, the epitaph upon the departed world, and the issuing of Satan from his dungeon; yet these, and a great number of other remarkable fine thoughts, are semetimes overcast with an air of gloomi-

ness and melancholy,* which have a disagreeable tenderacy, and must be unpleasing to a cheerful mind; however, it must be acknowledged by all, that they evidence a singular genius, a lively fancy, an extensive knowledge of men and things, especially of the seelings of the human heart, and paint, in the strongest colours, the vanity of life, with all its fading honours and emoluments, the benefits of true piety, especially in the views of death, and the most unanswerable arguments in support of the soul's immortality, and a future state.

G. W.

* The Night Thoughts undoubtedly have their defects, as well as beauties; but it is generally allowed the latter are far more aumerous, and so remarkably striking and conspicuous to the discerning reader, as, in his view, to eclipse the failings which other-

wife might be discovered therein.

Dr. Young was convinced of the impropriety of writing the Night Thoughts in a flyle so much above the understanding of common readers, and said to a friend, a week or two before he died that was he to publish such another treatise, (respecting subjects) it should be in less elevated language, and more suited to she capacities of all.

ŢĦB

COMPLAINT.

NIGHT THE FIRST.

O N

LIFE, DEATH, AND IMMORTALITY.

Humbly inscribed to the Rt. Honourable

ARTHUR ONSLOW, ESQ.

Speaker of the House of Commons.

PREFACE.

As the occasion of this poem was real, not fititious; so the method pursued in it was rather imposed by what spontaneously arose in the author's min on that occasion, than meditated or designed. Whis will appear very probable from the nature of it. Fit differs from the common mode of poetry, which from long narrations to draw short morals. Here, the contrary, the narrative is short and the moraliarising from it makes the bulk of the poem. Treason of it is, that the facts mentioned did natural pour these moral resections on the thought of twriter.

COMPLAINT.

NIGHT THE FIRST.

TIR'D nature's fweet restorer, balmy sleep!
He, like the world, his ready visit pays
Where fortune smiles; the wretched he forsakes:
Swift on his downy pinions slies from woe,
And lights on lids unfully'd with a tear.

And lights on hids unfully'd with a tear.

From short (as usual) and disturb'd repose
I wake: how happy they who wake no more!
Yet that were vain, if dreams insest the grave.
I wake, emerging from a sea of dreams
Tumultuous; where my wreck'd desponding thought,
From wave to wave of fancy'd misery,
At random drove, her helm of reason lost:
Tho' now restor'd, 'tis only change of pain,
(A bitter change!) severer for severe:
The day too short for my distress; and night,
Even in the zenith of her dark domain,
Is sunshine, to the colour of my sate.

Night, sable goddess; from her ebon throne,

In rayless majesty, now stretches forth
Her leaden scaptre o'er a slumb'ring world.
Silence, how dead! and darkness how profound.
Nor eye, nor list'ning ear, an object finds;

Creation fleeps. 'Tis as the general pulse Of life stood still, and nature made a pause, An awful pause! prophetic of her end. An alet her prophecy be soon sulfill'd:

Fate! drop the curtain; I can lose no more.

Silence, and darkness! folemn fifters! twins
From ancient night, who nurse the tender thought
To reason, and on reason build resolve,
(That column of true majesty in man)
Assist me: I will thank you in the grave;
The grave, your kingdom: there this frame shall fall
A victim facred to your dreary shrine.
But what are ye?—Thou, who didst put to slight
Primeval silence, when the morning stars,
Exulting, shouted o'er the rising ball;
O Thou, whose word from solid darkness struck

That spark, the sun, strike wisdom from my soul; My soul, which flies to thee, her trust, her treasure, As mises to their gold, while others rest.

As mifers to their gold, while others rest.

Thro' this opaque of nature, and of foul,
This double night, transmit one pitying ray,
To lighten, and to cheer. O lead my mind,
(A mind that sain would wander from its woe,)
Lead it through various scenes of life and death;
And from each scene, the noblest truths inspire.
Nor less inspire my conduct, than my fong;
Teach my best reason, reason, my best will
Teach rectitude; and fix my firm resolve
Wildom to wed, and pay her long arrear:
Nor let the phial of thy vengeance, pour'd
On this devoted head, be pour'd in vain.

The bell strikes one. We take no note of time, But from its loss. To give it then a tongue, Is wise in man. As if an angel spoke, I feel the solemn sound. If heard aright, It is the knell of my departed hours: Where are they? with the years beyond the flood. It is the signal that demands dispatch:

How much is to be done? my hopes and sears Start up alarm'd, and o'er life's narrow verge Look down—On what? a fathornless abyss;

A dread eternity! how furely mine! And can eternity belong to me, Poor pensioner on the bounties of an hour? How poor, how rich, how abject, how august, How complicate, how wonderful, is man? How paffing wonder HE, who made him fuch, Who center'd in our make fuch strange extremes From different natures marvellously mixt, Connexion exquisite of distant worlds! Distinguish'd link in being's endless chain! Midway from nothing to the Deity! A beam etherial, fully'd, and absorpt! Tho' fully'd, and dishonour'd, still divine! Dim miniature of greatness absolute! An heir of glory! a frail child of dust! Helples immortal! insect infinite! A worm! a god!—I tremble at myself, And in myself am lost! at home a stranger, Thought wanders up and down, furpriz'd, aghast,

O what a miracle to man is man, Triumphantly diffres'd! what joy, what dread! Alternately transported, and alarm'd! What can preserve my life! or what destroy?

And wond'ring at her own: how reason reels!

An angel's arm can't fnatch me from the grave;
Legions of angels can't confine me there.

'Tis past conjecture; all things rise in proof: While o'er my limbs sleep's soft dominion spread, What tho' my soul phantastic measures trod O'er fairy fields; or mourn'd along the gloom Of pathless woods; or, down the craggy steep Hurl'd headlong, swam with pain the mantled pool: Or scal'd the cliff; or danc'd on hollow winds, With antic shapes, wild natives of the brain? Her ceaseless slight, tho' devious, speaks her nature Of subtler essence than the trodden clod; Active, aereal, tow'ring, unconfin'd, Unsetter'd with her gross companion's fall. Ev'n silent night proclaims my soul immortal: Ev'n silent night proclaims eternal day. For human weal, heav'n husbands all events;

Dull sleep instructs, nor sport vain dreams in vain. Why then their loss deplore, that are not lost? Why wanders wretched thought their tombs around, In infidel distress? Are angels there? Slumbers, rak'd up in dust, etherial fire? They live! they greatly live a life on earth Unkindled, unconceiv'd; and from an eye Of tenderness, let heavenly pity fall On me, more justly number'd with the dead. This is the detert, this the folitude: How populous, how vital, is the grave! This is creation's melancholy vault, The vale funereal, the fad cypress gloom; The land of apparitions, empty shades; All, all on earth is shadow, all beyond Is fubstance; the reverse is folly's creed;

How folid all, where change shall be no more!

This is the bud of being, the dim dawn,
The twilight of our day, the vestibule.

Life's theatre as yet is shut, and death,
Strong death, alone can heave the massy bar,
This gross impediment of clay remove,
And make us embryos of existence free.
From real life, but little more remote
Is he, not yet a candidate for light,
The future embryo, slumbering in his sire.
Embryos we must be, till we burst the shell,
Yon ambient azure shell, and spring to life,
The life of gods, O transport! and of man.

Yet man, fool man! here buries all his thoughts; Inters celestial hopes without one sigh. Prisoner of earth, and pent beneath the moon, Here pinions all his wishes; wing'd by heaven To sly at infinite; and reach it there, Where seraphs gather immortality, On life's fair tree, fast by the throne of God. What golden joys ambrosial clust'ring glow In His sull beam, and ripen for the just, Where momentary ages are no more!

Where times and pain, and chance, and death expire?

And is it in the flight of threescore years,

To push eternity from human thought, And fmother fouls immortal in the dust? A foul immortal, spending all her fires, Wasting her strength in strenuous idleness, Thrown into tumult, raptur'd or alarm'd, At aught this scene can threaten, or indulge, Resembles ocean into tempest wrought,

To waft a feather, or to drown a fly.

Where falls this censure? It o'erwhelms myself. How was my heart encrusted by the world! O how felf-fetter'd was my groveling foul! How, like a worm, was I wrapt round and round In filken thought, which reptile fancy fpun, Till darken'd reason lay quite clouded o'er With foft conceit of endless comfort here, Nor yet put forth her wings to reach the skies!

Night visions may befriend, (as sung above:) Our waking dreams are fatal: how I dreamt Of things impossible? (could sleep do more?) Of joys perpetual in perpetual change? Of stable pleasures on the tosting wave? Eternal funshine in the storms of life? How richly were my noon tide trances hung With gorgeous tapestries of pictured joys? Joy behind joy, in endless perspective! Till at death's toll, whose restless iron tongue Calls daily for his millions at a meal, Starting I woke, and found myself undone. Where now my frenzy's pompous furniture? The cobwebb'd cottage, with its ragged wall Of mouldering mud, is royalty to me! (The spider's most attenuated thread Is cord, is cable, to man's tender tie On earthly blifs; it breaks at every breeze.

O ye bleft scenes of permanent delight! Full, above measure! lasting, beyond bound!

A perpetuity of blis is blis.

[Could you, so rich in rapture, fear an end, That ghastly thought would drink up all your joy. And quite unparadife the realms of light. Safe are you lodg'd above these rolling spheres; The baleful influence of whose giddy dance
Sheds sad vicissitudes on all beneath.
Here teems with revolutions every hour;
And rarely for the better; or the best,
More mortal than the common births of fate.
Each moment has its sickle, emulous
Of Time's enormous scythe, whose ample sweep
Strikes empires from the root; each moment plays
His little weapon in the narrower sphere
Of sweet domestic comfort, and cuts down
The fairest bloom of sublunary blis.

Bliss! fublunary bliss!—proud words and vain!
Implicit treason to divine decree!
A bold invasion of the rights of heaven!
I clasp'd the phantoms and I found them air.

O had I weigh'd it ere my fond embrace! What darts of agony had miss'd my heart!

Death! great proprietor of all! 'tis thine To tread out empire, and to quench the stars. The fun himself by thy permission shines; And, one day, thou shalt pluck him from his sphere. Amid fuch mighty plunder, why exhauft Thy partial quiver on a mark fo mean? Why thy peculiar rancour wreak'd on me? Infatiate archer! could not one fuffice! Thy shaft flew thrice; and thrice my peace was flain : And thrice, ere thrice you moon had fill'd her horn. O Cynthia! why fo pale? Dost thou lament Thy wretched neighbour? grieve to see thy wheel Of ceaseless change outwhist'd in human life? How wanes my borrow'd blis? From fortune's smile. Precarious courtefy! nor virtue's fure, Self-given, folar, ray of found delight. In every vary'd posture, place, and hour,

How widow'd every thought of every joy!
Thought, bufy thought! too bufy for my peace!
Thro' the dark postern of time long elaps'd,
Led fostly, by the stillness of the night,
Led, like a murderer, (and such it proves!)
Strays (wretched rover!) o'er the pleasing past;
In quest of wretchedness perversely strays;

And finds all defert now! and meets the ghosts Of my departed joys; a numerous train! I rue the riches of my former fate! Sweet comfort's blatted clutters I lament: I tremble at the bleffings once fo dear; And every pleasure pains me to the heart.

Yet why complain? or why complain for one? Hangs out the fun its lustre but for me, The fingle man? are angels all befide? I mourn for millions: 'tis the common lot; In this shape, or in that, has fate entail'd The mother's throes on all of woman born, Not more the children, than fure heirs of pain. War, famine, pest, volcano, storm, and fire, Intestine broils, oppression, with her heart Wrapt up in triple brass, besiege mankind. Gon's image disinherited of day, Here, plung'd in mines, forgets a sun was made. There, beings deathless as their haughty lord, Are hammer'd to the galling oar for life; And plow the winter's wave, and reap despair. Some for hard masters, broken under arms, In battle lopt away, with half their limbs. Beg bitter bread thro' realms their valour fav'd. If fo the tyrant, or his minion, doom. Want, and incurable disease, (fell pair!) On hopeless multitudes remorfeless seize At once; and make a refuge of the grave: How groaning hospitals eject their dead! What numbers groan for fad admission there! What numbers, once in fortune's lap high fed, Solicit the cold hand of charity! To shock us more, solicit it in vain! Ye filken sons of pleasure! fince in pains You rue more modish visits, visit here, And breathe from your debauch: give, and reduce Surfeit's dominion o'er you: but so great Your impudence, you blush at what is right.

Happy! did forrow feize on fuch alone. Not prudence can defend, or virtue fave: Disease invades the chastest temperance;

And punishment the guiltless; and alarm, Thro' thickest shades, pursues the fond of peace. Man's caution often into danger turns, And his guard falling, crushes him to death. Not happiness itself makes good her name; Our very wishes give us not our wish. How distant oft the thing we doat on most, From that for which we doat, felicity? The smoothest course of nature has its pains; And truest friends, thro' error, wound our rest. Without misfortune, what calamities? And what hostilities, without a foe? Nor are foes wanting to the best on earth. But endless is the list of human ills, And sighs might sooner fail, than cause to sigh.

A part how small of the terraqueous globe
Is tenanted by man? the rest a waste,
Rocks, deserts, frozen seas, and burning sands!
Wild haunts of monsters, poisons, stings, and death.
Such is earth's melancholy map! But sar
More sad! this earth is a true map of man:
So bounded are its haughty lord's delights
To woe's wide empire; where deep troubles toss,
Loud forrows howl, envenom'd passions bite,
Ravenous calamities our vitals seize,
And threat'ning sate wide opens to devour.

What then am I, who forrow for myfelf? In age, in infancy, from others aid Is all our hope; to teach us to be kind. That, nature's first, last lesson to mankind: The selfish heart deserves the pain it seels. More generous forrow, while it finks, exalts; And conscious virtue mitigates the pang. Nor virtue, more than prudence, bids me give Swoln thought a second channel; who divide, They weaken too the torrent of their grief. Take then, O world! thy much indebted tear: How sad a sight is human happiness, To those whose thought can pierce beyond an hour! O thou! whate'er thou art, whose heart exults! Would'st thou I should congratulate thy fate?

I know thou would'st; thy pride demands it from me. Let thy pride pardon, what thy nature needs. The falutary censure of a friend.

Thou happy wretch! by blindness thou art blest; By dotage dandled to perpetual smiles.

Know, smiler! at thy peril art thou pleas'd;

Thy pleasure is the promise of thy pain.

Misfortune, like a creditor severe,

But rises in demand for her delay:

She makes a scourge of past prosperity,

To sting thee more, and double thy distress.

Lorenzo, fortune makes her court to thee:

Thy fond beart dances, while the Syren fings. Dear is thy welfare; think me not unkind; I would not damp, but to fecure thy joys. Think not that fear is facred to the storm. Stand on thy guard against the smiles of fate. Is heaven tremendous in its frowns? Most sure: And in its favours formidable too: Its favours here are trials, not rewards: A call to duty, not discharge from care: And should alarm us full as much as woes; Awake us to their cause and consequence; And make us tremble, weigh'd with our defert : Awe nature's tumult, and chastise her joys, Lest while we clasp, we kill them; nay, invert To worse than simple misery, their charms. Revolted joys, like fees in civil war, Like bosom friendships to resentment sour'd, With rage envenom'd rife against our peace. Beware what earth calls happiness; beware All joys, but joys that never can expire. Who builds on less than an immortal base, Fond as he feems, condemns his joys to death.

Mine dy'd with thee, Philander! thy last figh Dissolv'd the charm; the disinchanted earth Lost all her lustre. Where, her glittering towers? Her golden mountains, where? all darken'd down To naked waste; a dreary vale of tears: The great magician's dead! Thou poor, pale piece Of outcast earth, in darkness! what a change

From yesterday! Thy darling hope to near, (Long labour'd prize!) O how ambition study'd. Thy glowing cheek! ambition truly great, Of virtuous praise. Death's subtle seed within, (Sly treacherous miner!) working in the dark, Smil'd at thy well concerted scheme, and beckon'd. The worm to riot on that rose so red,

Unfaded ere it fell; one moment's prey!

Man's forelight is conditionally wife;
Lorenzo! wisdom into folly turns,
Oft, the first instant, its idea fair
To labouring thought is born. How dim our eye!
The present moment terminates our fight;
Clouds, thick as those on doomsday, drown the next
We penetrate, we prophesy in vain.
Time is dealt out by particles; and each,
E'er mingled with the streaming fands of life,

By fate's inviolable oath is sworn. Deep silence, "Where eternity begins."

By nature's law, what may be, may be now; There's no prerogative in human hours. In human hearts what bolder thought can rife, Than man's prefumption on te-morrow's dawn? Where is to-morrow? In another world. For numbers this is certain; the reverte Is fure to none; and yet on this perhaps, This peradventure, infamous for lies, As on a rock of adamant, we build Our mountain hopes; spin out eternal schemes, As we the satal sisters could out-spin, And, big with life's futurities, expire.

Not e'en Philander had bespoke his shroud;
Nor had he cause; a warning was deny'd;
How many fall as sudden, not as safe!
As sudden, though for years admenish'd home.
Of human ills the last extreme beware,
Beware, Lorenzo! a slow sudden death.
How dreadful that deliberate surprize!
Be wise to-day; 'tis madness to defer;
Next day the fatal precedent will plead;
Thus on, till wisdom is push'd out of life.

Procrastination is the thief of time; Year after year it steals, till all are fled, And to the mercies of a moment leaves The vast concerns of an eternal scene. If not so frequent, would not this be strange? That 'tis so frequent, this is stranger still.

Of man's miraculous mistakes, this bears The palm. "That all men are about to live." For ever on the brink of being born. All pay themselves the compliment to think They one day shall not drivel; and their pride On this reversion takes up ready praise; At least, their own; their future selves applauds; How excellent that life they ne'er will lead! Time lodg'd in their own hands is folly's vails; That lodg'd in fate's, to wildom they confign; The thing they can't but purpose, they postpone; Tis not in folly, not to fcorn a fool: And scarce in human wisdom to do more. All promise is poor dilatory man, And that through every stage: when young, indeed, In full content we sometimes nobly rest, Unanxious for ourselves; and only wish, As duteous fons, our fathers were more wife. At thirty man suspects himself a fool; Knows it at forty, and reforms his plan; At fifty chides his infamous delay, Pushes his prudent purpose to resolve; In all the magnanimity of thought

Refolves; and re-refolves; then dies the fame.

And why? because he thinks himself immortal.

All men think all men mortal, but themselves;

Themselves; when some alarming shock of sate

Strikes through their wounded hearts the sudden dread;

But their hearts wounded, like the wounded air,

Soon close; where past the shaft, no trace is found;

As from the wing no scar the sky retains;

The parted wave no surrow from the keel;

So dies in human hearts the thought of death.

Even with the tender tear which nature sheds

O'er those we love, we drop it in their grave.

Can I forget Philander? That were strange?
O my full heart!—But should I give it vent,
The longest night, though longer far, would fail,

And the lark listen to my midnight song.

The sprightly lark's shrill mattin wakes the morn: Grief's sharpest thorn hard pressing on my breast. I strive, with wakeful melody, to cheer The fullen gloom fweet philomel! like thee, And call the stars to listen: every star Is deaf to mise, enamour'd of thy lay. Yet be not vain; there are, who thine excel, And charm thro' distant ages: wrapt in shade, Prisoner of darkness! to the filent hours, How often I repeat their rage divine, To lull my griets, and steal my heart from woe! I roll their raptures, but not catch their fire. Dark, though not blind, like thee, Maeonides! Or, Milton! thee; ah could I reach your strain! Or his, who made Maeonides our own. Man too he fung: immortal man I fing: Oft burst my fong beyond the bounds of life! What, now, but immortality can please? O had he press'd his theme, pursu'd the track, Which opens out of darkness into day! O had he mounted on his wing of fire, Soar'd, where I fink, and fung immortal man! How had it bleft mankind, and rescu'd me?

THE

COMPLAINT.

NIGHT THE SECOND.

Oy

TIME, DEATH,

ANI

FRIENDSHIP.

HUMBLY INSCRIBED

TO THE RIGHT HONOURABLE

THE EARL OF WILMINGTON.

COMPLAINT.

NIGHT THE SECOND.

W HEN the cock crew, he wept, — smote by that ey Which looks on me, on all: that pow'r, who bids This midnight centinel, with clarion shrill, Emblem of that which shall awake the dead, Rouze fouls from flumber, into thoughts of heaven. Shall I too weep? where then is fortitude? And fortitude abandon'd, where is man? I know the terms on which he fees the light: He that is born, is listed: life is war, Eternal war with woe: who bears it best, Deserves it least.—On other themes I'll dwell. Lorenzo! let me turn my thoughts on thee, And thine; on themes may profit; profit there, Where most they need: themes too, the genuine growt Of dear Philander's dust. He, thus, tho' dead, May still befriend.—What themes? Time's wond'rou Death, friendship, and Philander's final scene. So could I touch these themes, as might obtain Thine ear, nor leave thy heart quite disengag'd,

The good deed would delight me, half impress On my dark cloud an iris; and from grief Call glory.—Dost thou mourn Philander's fate? I know thou fay'st it: Says thy life the same?

He mourns the dead who lives as they defire.
Where is that thrift, that avarice of TIME,
(O glorious avarice!) thought of death inspires,
As rumour'd robberies endear our gold?
O time! than gold more facred; more a load
Than lead, to sools? and sools reputed wise.
What moment granted man without account?
What years are squander'd, wisdom's debt unpaid?
Our wealth in days all due to that discharge.
Haste, haste! he lies in wait, he's at the door,
Insidious death! should his strong hand arrest,
No composition sets the prisoner free.
Eternity's inexorable chain

Eternity's inexorable chain

у:

Fast binds; and vengeance claims the full arrear.

How late I shudder'd on the brink! how late
Life call'd for her last refuge in despair!
That time is mine, O Mead! to thee I owe;
Fain would I pay thee with eternity:
But ill my genius answers my desire;
My sickly song is mortal, past thy cure.
Accept the will;—that dies not with my strain.

For what calls thy disease, Lorenzo? Not
For Esculapian, but for moral aid.
Thou think'st it folly to be wise too soon.
Youth is not rich in time; it may be poor:
Part with it as with money, sparing; pay
No moment, but in purchase of its worth;
And what its worth, ask death-beds; they can tell:
Part with it as with life, reluctant; big
With holy hope of nobler time to come:
Time higher aim'd, still nearer the great mark
Of men and angels; virtue more divine.

Is this our duty, wisdom, glory, gain?
(These heaven benign in vital union binds)
And sport we like the natives of the bough,
When vernal suns inspire? Amusement reigns,
Man's great demand: to triste is to live:
And is it then a triste, too, to die?
Thou say'st I preach, Lorenzo! 'tis confest.
What if, for once, I preach thee quite awake?
Who wants amusement in the stame of battle?

Is it not treason to the soul immortal,
Her soes in arms, eternity the prize?
Will toys amuse, when med'cines cannot cure?
When spirits ebb, when life's enchanting scenes.
Their lustre lose, and lessen in our sight,
(As lands, and cities with their glittering spires,
To the poor shatter'd bark, by sudden storm
Thrown off to sea, and soon to perish there)
Will toys amuse? No: thrones will then be toys,
And earth and skies seem dust upon the scale.

Redeem we time?——its loss we dearly buy. What pleads Lorenzo for his high priz'd fports? He pleads time's numerous blanks; he loudly plead The straw-like trifles on life's common stream. From whom those blanks, and trifles, but from the No blank, no trifle, nature made, or meant. Virtue, or purpos'd virtue, still be thine; This cancels thy complaint at once; this leaves In 29 no trifle, and no blank in time: This greatens, fills, immortalizes all; This, the bleft art of turning all to gold; This, the good heart's prerogative to raise A royal tribute from the poorest hours. Immense revenue! every moment pays. If nothing more than purpole in thy power; Thy purpose firm, is equal to the deed ! Who does the best his circumstance allows, Does well, acts nobly; angels could no more. Our outward act, indeed, admits restraint: 'Tis not in things o'er thought to domineer; Guard well thy thought; our thoughts are heard in

On all important time, through every age,
Tho' much, and warm, the wife have urg'd; the r
Is yet unborn, who duly weighs an hour.
"I've lost a day,"—the prince who nobly cry'd,
Had been an emperor without his crown;
Of Rome? fay, rather, lord of human race:
He spoke, as if deputed by mankind.
So should all speak; so reason speaks in all;
From the soft whispers of that God in man,
Why sty to folly, why to frenzy sty,

escue from the bleffing we posses? , the supreme! ---- time is eternity; nant with all eternity can give; ant with all that makes archangels smile. murders time, he crushes in the birth wer ethereal only not ador'd. ! how unjust to nature, and himself, oughtless, thankless, inconsistent man! children babling nonfense in their sports. enfure nature for a span too short; fpan too fhort, we tax as tedious too; are invention, all expedients tire, ish the ling'ring moments into speed, whirl us (happy riddance!) from ourselves. brainless art! our furious charioteer. nature's voice unstifled would recall) es headlong tow'rds the precipice of death; h, most our dread! death thus more dreadful made: 1at a riddle of abfurdity! ire is pain; takes off our chariot wheels; heavily we drag the load of life! leisure is our curse; like that of Cain, akes us wander; wander earth around ly that tyrant, thought. As Atlas groan'd world beneath, we groan beneath an hour. ery for mercy to the next amusement; next amusement mortgages our fields; it inconvenience! prisons hardly frown, n hateful time if prisons set us free. when death kindly tenders us relief, call him cruel; years to moments shrink, s to years. The telescope is turn'd: nan's false optics (from his folly false) e, in advance, behind him hides his wings, feems to creep, decripit with his age; old him, when past by; what then is seen, his broad pinions swifter than the winds? all mankind, in contradiction strong, ful, aghast! cry out on his career. eave to thy foes these errors, and these ills ature just, their cause and cure explore,

Not short heaven's bounty, boundless our expence: No niggard, nature; men are prodigals. We waste, not use our time: we breathe, not live. Time wasted is existence, us'd is life: And bare existence, man, to live ordain'd, Wrings, and oppresses with enormous weight. And why? fince time was given for use, not waste. Enjoin'd to fly; with tempest, tide, and stars, To keep his speed, nor ever wait for man: Time's use was doom'd a pleasure: waste, a pain: That man might feel his error, if unfeen: And, feeling, fly to labour for his cure; Not, blundering, split on idleness for ease. Life's cares are comforts; fuch by heaven defign'd; He that has none, must make them, or be wretched. Cares are employments; and without employ The foul is on a rack: the rack of rest, To fouls most adverse; action all their joy.

Here, then, the riddle, mark'd above, unfolds; Then time turns torment, when man turns a fool. We rave, we wrestle with great nature's plan; We thwart the Deity! and 'tis deereed, Who thwart his will, shall contradict their own. Hence our unnatural quarrel with ourselves; Our thoughts at enmity; our bosom broil; We push time from us, and we wish him back; Lavish of lustrums, and yet fond of life; Lise we think long, and short; death seek, and shun; Body and soul, like peevish man and wise, United jar, and yet are loth to part.

Oh the dark days of vanity! while here,
How tasteless! and how terrible, when gone!
Gone? they ne'er go; when past, they haunt us still;
The spirit walks of every day deceas'd;
And smiles an angel, or a sury frowns.
Nor death, nor life, delight us. If time past,
And time posses, both pain us, what can please?
That which the Deity to please ordain'd,
Time ns'd. The man who consecrates his hours

By vigorous effort, and an honest aim,
At once he draws the sting of life and death;

He walks with nature; and her paths are peace. Our error's cause and cure are seen: see next Time's nature, origin, importance, speed; And thy great gain from urging his career .--All sensual man, because untouch'd, unseen, He looks on time as nothing. Nothing else Is truly man's; 'tis fortune's.—Time's a god. Thou hast ne'er heard of Time's omnipotence; For, or against, what wonders can he do! And will: to stand blank neuter he disdains. Not on those terms was Time (heavin's ftranger!) fent On his important embassy to man. Lorenzo! no: on the long destin'd hour, From everlasting ages growing ripe, That memorable hour of wond'rous birth. When the DREAD SIRE, on emanation bent. And big with nature, rifing in his might, Call'd forth creation, (for then Time was born,) By Godhead streaming through a thousand worlds: Not on those terms, from the great days of heaven, From old Eternity's mysterious orb, Was Time cut off, and cast beneath the skies: The skies, which watch him in his new abode, Measuring his motions by revolving spheres, That herologe machinery divine. Hours, days, and months, and years, his children, play, Like numerous wings around him, as he flies; Or, rather, as unequal plumes, they shape His ample pinions, swift as darted flame, To gain his goal, to reach his ancient rest, And join anew Eternity, his fire; In his immutability to nest, When worlds, that count his circles now, unhing'd, (Fate the loud fignal founding) headlong rush To timeless night, and chaos, whence they rose. Why four the fpeedy? why with levities

New wing thy short, short day's too rapid slight?
Know'st thou, or what thou dost, or what is done?
Man slies from time, and time from man; too loom,
In sad divorce, this double slight must end:
And then, where are we? where, Lorenzo, then,

Thy sports? thy pomps?—I grant thee, in a state Not unambitious; in the russled shroud, Thy Parian tombs triumphant arch beneath. Has death his sopperies? then well may life Put on her plume, and in her rainbow shine.

Ye well array'd! ye lilies of our land! Ye lilies male! who neither toil, nor spin, (As fifter lilies might) if not so wise As Solomon, more sumptuous to the sight! Ye delicate! who nothing can support, Yourselves most insupportable! for whom The winter rose must blow, the sun put on A brighter beam in Leo: filky foft Favonius, breathe still softer, or be chid: And other worlds fend odours, fauce, and fong, And robes, and notions, fram'd in foreign looms 1 O ye Lorenzos of our age! who deem One moment unamus'd, a misery Not made for feeble man! who call aloud For every bawble, drivell'd o'er by fense; For rattles, and conceits of every cast, For change of follies, and relays of joy, To drag your patient through the tedious length Of a short winter's day-fay, sages! say, Wit's oracles! fay, dreamers of gay dreams! How will you weather an eternal night, Where fuch expedients fail?

O treach'rous conscience! while she seems to sleep On rose and myrtle, lull'd with syren song! While she seems, nodding o'er her charge, to drop On headlong appetite the slacken'd rein, And give us up to licence, unrecall'd, Unmark'd;—see, from behind her secret stand, The sly informer minutes every fault, And her dread diary with horror sills. Not the gross act alone employs her pen; She reconnoitres fancy's airy band, A watchful soe! The formidable spy, Listing, o'erhears the whispers of our camp; Our dawning purposes of heart explores, And steals our embryos of iniquity.

As all rapacious usurers conceal Their doomsday book from all confuming heirs: Thus, with indulgence most severe, she treats Us spendthrifts of inestimable time: Unnoted, notes each moment misapply'd: In leaves more durable than leaves of brass, Writes our whole history; which death shall read In every pale delinquent's private ear; And judgment publish; publish to more worlds Than this; and endless age in groans resound. Lorenzo, fuch that fleeper in thy breast! Such is her flumber and her vengeance fuch: For flighted counsel; fuch thy future peace! And think'st thou still thou can'st be wise too soon? But why on time fo lavish is my fong? On this great theme kind nature keeps a school.

To teach her fons herfelf. Each night we die. Each morn are born anew: each day, a life! And shall we kill each day? if trifling kills; Sure vice must butcher. O what heaps of stain Cry out for vengeance on us? time destroy'd Is fuicide, where more than blood is spilt. Time flies, death urges, knells call, heaven invites, Hell threatens; all exerts; in effort, all; More than creation labours !- Labours more? And is there in creation, what, amidst This tumult universal, wing'd dispatch, And ardent energy, supinely yawns?-Man fleeps; and man alone; and man, whose fate, Fate irreverfible, entire, extreme, Endless, hair-hung, breeze-shaken, o'er the gulph-A moment trembles; drops! and man, for whom All else is in alarm; man, the sole cause Of this furrounding from! and yet he fleeps; As the storm rock'd to rest.—Throw years away? Throw empires, and be blameless. Moments seize. Heaven's on their wing; a moment we may wish, When worlds want wealth to buy. Bid day stand still, Bid him drive back his car, recall, retake Fate's hafty prey: implore him, reimport The period past, regive the given hour.

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Lorenzo, more than miracles we want; Lorenzo—O for yesterdays to come!

Such is the language of the man awake; His ardour fuch, for what oppresses thee. And is his ardour vain, Lorenzo? No; That more than miracle the gods indulge; To-day is yesterday return'd; return'd Full power'd to cancel, expiate, raise, adorn, And reinstate us on the rock of peace. Let it not share its predecessor's sate; Nor, like its elder sisters, die a sool. Shall it evaporate in sume? sy off Fuliginous, and stain us deeper still? Shall we be poorer for the plenty pour'd? More wretched for the clemencies of heav'n?

Where shall I find him? Angels! tell me where: You know him; he is near you: point him out: Shall I fee glories beaming from his brow? Or trace his footsteps by the rising flow'rs? Your golden wings, now hov'ring o'er him, shed Protection: now are waving in applause To that bleft fon of forefight! lord of fate! That awful independent on to-morrow! Whose work is done; who triumphs in the past: Whose yesterdays look backwards with a smile: Nor, like the Parthian, wound him as they fly: That common, but opprobrious lot; past hours, If not by guilt, yet wound us by their flight, If folly bounds our prospect by the grave. All feeling of futurity benumb'd; All godlike passion for eternals quench'd; All relish of realities expir'd: Renounc'd all correspondence with the skies: Our freedom chain'd; quite wingless our desire; In fense dark prison'd all that ought to foar; Prone to the centre; crawling in the dust; Dismounted every great and glorious aim; Embruted every faculty divine: Heart-buried in the rubbish of the world. The world, that gulph of fouls, immortal fouls, Souls elevate, angelic, wing'd with fire

ach the distant skies, and triumph there rones, which shall not mourn their masters chang'd; gh we from earth, ethereal they that fell. veneration due, O man, to man. o venerate themselves, the world despise. hat, gay friend! is this escutcheon'd world. hangs out DEATH in one eternal night? ht, that glooms us in the noon tide ray, wraps our thought, at banquets, in the shroud. little stage is a small eminence. nigh the grave above; that home of man, e dwells the multitude; we gaze around, ad their monuments, we figh; and while gh, we fink; and are what we deplor'd; nting, or lamented, all our lot! leath at distance? No: he has been on thee : riven fure earnest of his final blow. hours, which lately fail'd, where are they now? to thought, and ghastly! drown'd, all drown'd t great deep, which nothing difembogues; dying, they bequeath'd thee small renown. of are on the wing; how fleet their flight? ly has the fatal train took fire; ment, and the world's blown up to thee; in is darkness, and the stars are dust. greatly wife to talk with our past hours: ik them, what report they bore to heaven; ow they might have borne more welcome news. answers form what men experience call; lom's friend, her best; if not, worst foe. ncile them! kind experience cries, e's nothing here, but what as nothing weighs; more our joy, the more we know it vain; by fuccess are tutor'd to despair." it only thus, but must be so. nows not this, though gray, is still a child. then from earth the grasp of fond desire, anchor, and fome happier clime explore. thou so moor'd thou can'ft not disengage, ve thy thoughts a ply to future scenes? y life's passing breath, blown up from earth.

Light, as the fummer's dust, we take in air A moment's giddy flight, and fall again; Join the dull mass, increase the trodden soil, And fleep till earth herfelf shall be no more: Since then (as emmets, their small world o'erthrown We, fore amaz'd, from out earth's ruins crawl, And rife to fate extreme of foul or fair. As man's own choice, (controuler of the skies!) As man's despotic will, perhaps one hour, (O how omnipotent is time!) decrees; Should not each warning give a strong alarm? Warning, far less than that of bosom torn From bosom, bleeding o'er the sacred dead! Should not each dial strike us as we pass. Portentous, as the written wall, which struck, O'er midnight bowls, the proud Assyrian pale, Ere while high fluth'd with infolence and wine? Like that, the dial speaks; and points to thee, Lorenzo! loth to break the banquet up. O man, thy kingdom is departing from thee; And, while it lasts, is emptier than my shade. Its filent language fuch: nor need'st thou call Thy Magi, to decypher what it means. Know, like the Median, fate is in thy walls: Doft afk, How? whence? Bellhazzar like, amaz'd? Man's make encloses the fure feeds of death: Life feeds the murderer: ingrate! he thrives On her own meal, and then his nurse devours. But here, Lorenzo, the delution lies:

That folar shadow, as it measures life,
It life resembles too: life speeds away
From point to point, though seeming to stand still.
The cunning fugitive is swift by steatth:
Too subtle is the movement to be seen;
Yet soon man's hour is up, and we are gone.
Warnings point out our danger; gnomons, time:
As these are useless when the sun is set;
So those, but when more glorious reason shines.
Reason should judge in all; in reason's eye,
That sedentary shadow travels hard.
But such our gravitation to the wrong,

So prone our hearts to whisper what we wish, 'Tis later with the wise, than he's aware. A Wilmington goes slower than the sun; And all mankind mistake their time of day; Ev'n age itself. Fresh hopes are hourly sown In surrow'd brows. So gentle life's descent, We shut our eyes, and think it is a plain. We take fair days in winter, for the spring; And turn our blessings into bane. Since oft Man must compute that age he cannot feel, He scarce believes he's older for his years. Thus, at life's latest eve, we keep in store One disappointment sure, to crown the rest; The disappointment of a promis'd hour.

On this, or similar, Philander! thou Whose mind was moral, as the preacher's tongue; And strong, to wield all science, worth the name; How often we talk'd down the summer's sun, And cool'd our passions by the breezy stream! How often thaw'd, and shorten'd winter's eve, By consist kind, that struck out latent truth. Best found, so sought; to the recluse more coy! Thoughts disintangle passing o'er the lip; Clean runs the thread; if not, 'tis thrown away, Or kept to tie up nonsense for a song; Song, sashionably fruitless; such as stains The fancy, and unhallow'd passion sires; Chiming her saints to Cytherea's fane.

Know'st thou, Lorenzo! what a friend contains?

As bees mixt nectar draw from fragrant flow'rs,

So men from FRIENDSHIP, wisdom and delight;

Twins ty'd by nature, if they part they die.

Hast thou no friend to set thy mind abroach?

Good sense will stagnate. Thoughts shut up, want air,

And spoil, like bales unopen'd to the sun.

Had thought been all, sweet speech had been deny'd;

Speech, thought's canal! speech, thought's criterion too!

Thought in the mine, may come forth gold or dross;

When coin'd in word, we know its real worth.

If sterling, store it for thy suure use;

"Twill buy thee benefit; perhaps, renown.

Thought too, deliver'd, is the more possest;
Teaching, we learn; and giving, we retain
The births of intellect; when dumb, forgot.
Speech ventilates our intellectual fire;
Speech burnishes our mental magazine;
Brightens, for ornament; and whets, for use.
What numbers, sheath'd in erudition, lie,
Plung'd to the hilts in venerable tomes,
And rusted in; who might have borne an edge,
And play'd a sprightly beam, if born to speech;
If born blest heirs of half their mother's tongue?
'Tis thought's exchange, which, like th' alternate pus
Of waves considering, breaks the learned scum,
And desecates the student's standing pool.

In contemplation is his proud refource?

'Tis poor as proud, by converse unsuftain'd.
Rude thought runs wild in contemplation's field;
Converse, the menage, breaks it to the bit
Of due restraint; and emulation's spur
Gives graceful energy, by rivals aw'd.

'Tis converse qualifies for solitude;
As exercise, for salutary rest.
By that untutor'd, contemplation raves;

And nature's fool, by wisdom is outdone. Wisdom, tho' richer than Peruvian mines, And sweeter than the sweet ambrosial hive, What is she, but the means of happiness? That unobtain'd, than folly more a fool; A melancholy fool, without her bells. Friendship, the means of wisdom, richly gives The precious end, which makes our wisdom wife. Nature, in zeal for human amity, Denies, or damps, an undivided joy. Joy is an import; joy is an exchange; Joy flies monopolitis: it calls for two; Rich fruit! heav'n planted! never pluckt by one. Needful auxiliars are our friends, to give To focial man true relish of himself. Full on ourselves descending in a line Pleasure's bright beam, is feeble in delight: Delight intense, is taken by rebound;

Reverberated pleasures fire the breast.

Celestial happiness, whene'er she stoops To visit earth, one shrine the goddess finds, And one alone, to make her sweet amends For absent heav'n—the bosom of a friend: Where heart meets heart, reciprocally foft, Each other's pillow to repose divine. Beware the counterfeit: in passion's flame Hearts melt: but melt like ice. foon harder froze. True love strikes root in reason; passion's foe: Virtue alone entenders us for life : I wrong her much entenders us for ever. Of friendship's fairest fruits, the fruit most fair Is virtue kindling at a rival fire, And, emulously, rapid in her race. O the foft enmity! endearing strife! This carries friendship to her noon tide point, And gives the rivet of eternity.

From friendship, which outlives my former themes, Glorious survivor of old time, and death! From friendship, thus, that slow'r of heavenly seed, The wise extract earth's most Hybsean bliss, Superior wisdom, crown'd with smiling joy.

But for whom blossoms this Elysian slower? Abroad they find, who cherish it at home. Lorenzo! pardon, what my love extorts, An honest love, and not afraid to frown. Tho' choice of follies fasten on the great, None clings more obstinate, than fancy fond, That facred friendship is their easy prey; Caught by the wafture of a golden lure, Or facination of a high born fmile. Their fmiles, the great, and the coquet, throw out For other's hearts, tenacious of their own: And we no less of ours, when such the bait. Ye fortune's cofferers ye powers of wealth! You do your rent rolls most felonious wrong, By taking our attachment to yourselves. Can gold gain friendship? impudence of hope ! As well mere man an angel might beget. Love, and love only, is the loan for love.

Lorenzo! pride repress; nor hope to find A friend, but what has found a friend in thee. All like the purchase; few the price will pay: And this makes friends fuch miracles below.

What if (fince daring on so nice a theme) I shew thee friendship delicate as dear, Of tender violations apt to die? Referve will wound it; and distrust, destroy. Deliberate on all things with thy friend: But fince friends grow not thick on ev'ry bough, , Nor every friend unrotten at the core: First, on thy friend, deliberate with thyself: Pause, ponder, fift; not eager in the choice, Nor jealous of the chosen; fixing, fix; Judge before friendship, then confide till death. Well, for thy friend; but nobler far for thee; ' How gallant danger for earth's highest prize? A friend is worth all hazards we can run.

' Poor is the friendless master of a world:

A world in purchase for a friend is gain. So fung he fangels hear that angel fing! Angels from friendship gather half their joy) So fung Philander, as his friend went round In the rich ichor, in the gen'rous blood Of Bacchus, purple god of joyous wit, A brow folute, and ever laughing eye. He drank long health, and virtue, to his friend: His friend, who warm'd him more, who more infpir'd Friendship's the wine of life; but friendship new (Not fuch was his) is neither strong, nor pure. O! for the bright complexion, cordial warmth, And elevating spirit, of a friend, For twenty fummers ripening by my fide: All feculence of falfehood long thrown down; All focial virtues rifing in his foul; As crystal clear; and smiling, as they rife! Here nectar flows; it sparkles in our fight; Rich to the taste, and genuine from the heart. High flavour'd bliss for gods! on earth how rare! On earth how lost!—Philander is no more.

Think'st thou the theme intoxicates my fong? Am I too warm?—too warm I cannot be. I lov'd him much; but now I love him more. Like birds, whose beauties languish, half conceal'd, Till, mounted on the wing, their gloffy plumes Expanded shine with azure, green, and gold; How bleffings brighten as they take their flight! His flight Philander took; his upward flight, If ever foul ascended. Had he dropt, (That eagle genius!) O had he let fall One feather as he few; I, then, had wrote, What friends might flatter; prudent foes forbear; Rivals scarce damn; and Zoilus reprieve. Yet what I can, I must: it were profane To quench a glory lighted at the skies, And cast in shadows his illustrious close. Strange! the theme most affecting, most sublime, Momentous most to man, should sleep unsung! And yet it sleeps, by genius unawak'd, Painim or Christian; to the blush of wit. Man's highest triumph! man's profoundest fall! The death bed of the just ! is yet undrawn By mortal hand: it merits a divine: Angels should paint it, angels ever there; There, on a post of honour, and of joy.

Dare I prefume, then? but Philander bids;
And glory tempts, and inclination calls—
Yet am I struck; as struck the soul, beneath
Aerial groves impenetrable gloom;
Or, in some mighty ruin's solemn shade;
Or, gazing by pale lamps on high born dust,
In vaults; thin courts of poor unstatter'd kings;
Or, at the midnight altar's hallow'd stame.
It is religion to proceed: I pause—
And enter, aw'd, the temple of my theme.
Is it his death bed? No; it is his shrine:
Behold him, there, just rising to a god.

The chamber where the good man meets his fate,
Is privileg'd beyond the common walk
Of virtuous life, quite in the verge of heaven.
Fly, ye profane! if not, draw near with awe,

Receive the bleffing, and adore the chance,
That threw in this Bethefda your difease;
If unrestor'd by this, despair your cure.
For, here, resistless demonstration dwells;
A death bed's a detector of the heart.
Here tir'd dissimulation drops her masque,
Through life's grimace, that mistress of the scene!
Here real, and apparent, are the same.
You see the man; you see his hold on heav'n;
If sound his virtue; as Philander's, sound.
Heav'n waits not the last moment, owns her friends.
On this side death; and points them out to men,
A lecture, silent, but of sov'reign pow'r!
To vice, consusting and to virtue, peace.

Whatever farce the boastful hero plays, Virtue alone has majesty in death; And greater still, the more the tyrant frowns. Philander! he severely frown'd on thee.

'No warning given! unceremonious fate!
'A fudden ruth from life's meridian joys!

' A wrench from all we love! from all we are!

'A restless bed of pain! a plunge opaque

Beyond conjecture! feeble nature's dread!
Strong reason's shudder at the dark unknown!

'A fun extinguish'd!' a just opening grave!

And oh! the last, last; what? (can words express: Thought reach?) the last, last—filence of a friend! Where are those horrors, that amazement, where, This hideous group of ills, which fingly shock, Demand from man?—I thought him man till now.

Thro' nature's wreck, thro' vanquish'd agonies, (Like the stars struggling thro' this midnight gloom) What gleams of joy! what more than human peace! Where the frail mortal? the poor abject worm? No, not in death, the mortal to be found. His conduct is a legacy for all, Richer than Mammon's for his single heif. His comforters he comforts; great in ruin, With unreluctant grandeur, gives, not yields His soul sublime; and closes with his fate.

How our hearts burnt within us at the scene! Whence this brave bound o'er limits fix'd to man? His God sustains him in his final hour! His final hour brings glory to his God! Man's glory Heav'n vouchsafes to call her own. We gaze; we weep; mixt tears of grief and joy! Amazement strikes! Devotion bursts to slame! Christians adore! and Insidels believe.

As fome tall tower, or lofty mountain's brow, Detains the fun, illustrious from its height; While rifing vapours, and defcending shades, With damps, and darkness, drown the spacious vale: Undampt by doubt, undarken'd by despair, Philander, thus augustly rears his head, At that black hour, which gen'ral horror sheds On the low level of th' inglorious throng. Sweet peace, and heavenly hope, and humble joy, Divinely beam on his exalted soul; Destruction gild, and crown him for the skies, With incommunicable lustre, bright.

THE

COMPLAINT.

NIGHT THE THIRD.

NARCISSA.

HUMBLY INSCRIBED

TO HER GRACE

THE DUTCHESS OF P-

Ignoscenda quidem, scirent si ignoscere manes.

COMPLAINT.

NIGHT THE THIRD.

 ${f F}$ ROM dreams, where thought in fancy's maze runs mad, To reason, that heaven-lighted lamp in man, Once more I wake; and at the destin'd hour. Punctual as lovers to the moment fworn. I keep my affignation with my woe. O! loft to virtue, loft to manly thought, Loft to the noble fallies of the foul! Who think it folitude to be alone. Communion fweet! communion large, and high! Our reason, guardian angel, and our God! Then nearest these, when others most remote; And all, ere long, shall be remote, but these. How dreadful, then, to meet them all alone, A kranger! unacknowledg'd! unapprov'd! Now woo them; wed them; bind them to thy break; To win thy wish, creation has no more. Or if we wish a fourth, it is a friend-But friends, how mortal! dangerous the defire. Take Phoebus to yourfelves, ye basking bards ! Inebriate at fair fortune's fountain head. And reeling thro' the wilderness of joy and Where sense runs savage, broke from reason's chain, And fings falle peace, till smother'd by the will

Lovely in death the beauteous ruin lay; And if in death still lovely, lovelier there; Far lovelier! pity swells the tide of love. And will not the severe excuse a sigh? Scorn the proud man that is askazm'd to weep; Our tears indulg'd indeed deserve our shame. Ye that e'er lost an angel! pity me.

Soon as the lustre languish'd in her eye,
Dawning a dimmer day on human fight;
And on her cheek, the residence of spring,
Pale omen sate; and scatter'd sears around
On all that saw (and who would cease to gaze,
That once had seen?) with haste, parental haste,
I slew, I snatch'd her from the rigid north,
Her native bed, on which bleak Boreas blew,
And bore her nearer to the sun; the sun
(As if the sun could envy) check'd his beam,
Deny'd his wonted succour, nor with more
Regret beheld her drooping, than the bells
Of lilies; fairest lilies not so sair.

Queen lilies! and ye painted populace!
Who dwell in fields, and lead ambrofial lives;
In morn and ev'ning dew your beauties bathe,
And drink the fun; which gives your cheeks to glow,
And out-blush (mine excepted) ev'ry fair;
You gladlier grew, ambitious of her hand,
Which often crop'd your odours, incense meet
To thought so pure; her slow'ry state of mind
In joy unfall'n. Ye lovely sugitives!
Coeval race with man! for man you smile;
Why not smile at him too? you share indeed
His sudden pass; but not his constant pain.

So man is made, nought ministers delight,
But what his glowing passions can engage;
And glowing passions, bent on aught below,
Must, soon or late, with anguish turn the seale;
And anguish, after rapture, how severe!
Rapture! bold man! who tempts the wrath divine,
By plucking fruit deny'd to mortal taste,
While here, presuming on the rights of heaven.
For transport dost thou call on ev'sy hour,

Lorenzo? At thy friend's expence be wise; Lean not on earth; 'twill pierce thee to the heart, A broken reed, at best; but, oft, a spear; On its sharp point peace bleeds, and hope expires.

Turn, hopeless thought! turn from her: thought reResenting rallies, and wakes ex'ry woe. [pell'd,
Snatch'd ere thy prime! and in thy bridal hour!
And when kind fortune, with thy lover, smil'd!
And when high flavour'd thy fresh-op'ning joys!
And when blind man pronounc'd thy bliss complete!
And on a foreign shore; where strangers wept!
Strangers to thee; and, more surprising still,
Strangers to kindness, wept: their eyes let fall
Inhuman tears; strange tears! that trickled down
From marble hearts! obdurate tenderness!
A tenderness that call'd them more severe;
In spite of nature's soft persuasion, steel'd;
While nature melted, supersition rav'd;
That mourn'd the dead; and this deny'd a grave.

Their fighs incens'd; fighs foreign to the will! Their will the tyger fuck'd, outrag'd the storm. For, oh! the curft ungodliness of zeal! While finful flesh relented, spirit nurst In blind infallibilty's embrace, The fainted spirit petrify'd the breast; Deny'd the charity of dust, to spread O'er dust! a charity their dogs enjoy. What could I do? what fuccour? what resource? With pious facrilege, a grave I stole; With impious piety, that grave I wrong'd; Short in my duty; coward in my grief! More like her murderer, than friend, I crept, With fost-suspended step; and, mustled deep In midnight darkness, whisper'd my last figh. I whisper'd what should echo thro' their realms; Nor writ her name, whose tomb should pierce the skies. Presumptuous fear! how durst I dread her foes, While nature's loudest dictates 1 obey'd? Pardon necessity, blest shade! of grief And indignation rival bursts I possed Half-execration mingled with my prayer;

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Kindled at man, while I his Gon ador'd; Sore-grudg'd the favage land her facred dust; Stampt the curst foil; and with humanity (Deny'd Narcissa) wish'd them all a grave.

Glows my refentment into guilt! what guilt Can equal violations of the dead? The dead how facred! facred is the dust Of this heav'n-labour'd form, erect, divine! This heav'n-affum'd majestic robe of earth. He deign'd to wear, who hung the vast expanse With azure bright, and cloth'd the fun in gold. When ev'ry passion sleeps that can offend; When strikes us ev'ry motive that can melt: When man can wreak his rancour uncontroul'd. That strongest curb on infult and ill-will; Then, fpleen to dust? the dust of innocence: An angel's dust ?- This Lucifer transcends; When he contended for the patriarch's bones, 'Twas not the strife of malice, but of pride: The strife of pontiff pride, not pontiff gall.

Far less than this is shocking in a race Most wretched, but from streams of mutual love: And uncreated, but for love divine; And, but for love divine, this moment, loft, By fate reforb'd, and funk in endless night. Man, hard of heart to man! of horrid things Most horrid! 'mid stupendous, highly strange! Yet oft his courtesies are smoother wrongs: Pride brandishes the favours he confers, And contumelious his humanity: What then is vengeance? hear it not, ye ftars? And thou, pale moon! turn paler at the found; Man is to man the forest, furest ill. A previous blaft foretells the rifing from; O'erwhelming turrets threaten ere they fall; Volcanos bellow ere they difembogue; Earth trembles ere her yawning jaws devour; And smoke betrays the wide-consuming fire: Ruin from man is most conceal'd when near. And fends the dreadful tidings in the blow. Is this the flight of fancy? would it were!

Heav'n's Sov'reign faves all beings but himfelf, That hideous fight, a naked human heart.

Fir'd is the muse? and let the muse be fir'd: Who not inflam'd, when what he speaks, he feels, And in the nerve most tender, in his friends? Shame to mankind! Philander had his foes; He felt the truths I fing, and I in him, But he, nor I, feel more; past ills, Narcissa! Are funk in thee, thou recent wound of heart! Which bleeds with other cares, with other pangs; Pangs num'rous, as the num'rous ills that fwarm'd O'er thy diffinguish'd fate, and, clust'ring there Thick as the locust on the land of Nile. Made death more deadly, and more dark the grave. Reflect (if not forgot my touching tale) How was each circumstance with aspics arm'd? An aspic, each; and all, an Hydra-woe. What strong Herculean virtue could suffice !-Or is it virtue to be conquer'd here? This hoary cheek, a train of tears bedews: And each tear mourns its own distinct distress: And each diffress, distinctly mourn'd, demands Of grief still more, as heighten'd by the whole. A grief like this proprietors excludes: Not friends alone fuch obsequies deplore; They make mankind the mourner: carry fighs Far as the fatal fame can wing her way, And turn the gayest thought of gayest age, Down their right channel, thro' the vale of death.

The vale of death! that hush'd Cimmerian vale, Where darkness, brooding o'er unfinish'd fates, With raven wing incumbent, waits the day (Dread day!) that interdicts all future change! That subterranean world, that land of ruin; Fit walk, Lorenzo, for proud human thought! There let my thought expatiate; and explore Balsamic truths, and healing sentiments, who of all most wanted, and most welcome, here. For gay Lorenzo's sake, and for thy own, My soul! The fruits of dying spiends survey.

**Expose the vain of life; weigh life and death.

Give death his eulogy; thy fear fubdue;
And labour that first palm of noble minds.

A manly fcorn of terror from the tomb.

This harvest reap from thy Narcissa's grave. As poets seign'd from Ajax's streaming blood Arose, with grief inscrib'ds a mournful slow'r; Let wisdom blossom from my mortal wound, And, sirst, of dying friends; what fruit from these? It brings us more than triple aid; an aid To chase our thoughtlessness, sear, pride, and guils.

Our dying friends come o'er us like a cloud, To damp our brainless ardours; and abate That glare of life, which often blinds the wife. Our dying friends are pioneers, to smooth Our rugged pass to death; to break those bars Of terror, and abhorrence, nature throws Cross our obstructed way; and, thus, to make Welcome, as fafe, our port from ev'ry storm. Each friend by fate fnatch'd from us, is a plume Pluck'd from the wing of human vanity, Which makes us stoop from our aerial heights, And, damp'd with omen of our own decease, On drooping pinions of ambition lower'd, Just skim earth's surface, ere we break it up, O'er putrid earth to scratch a little dust, And fave the world a nuisance. Smitten friends Are angels fent on errands full of love; For us they languish, and for us they die: And shall they languish, shall they die, in vain? Ungrateful, shall we grieve their hovering shades, Which wait the revolution in our hearts? Shall we disdain their filent, soft address; Their posthumous advice, and pious prayer? Senseless, as herds that graze their hallow'd graves, Tread under foot their agonies and groans; Frustrate their anguish, and destroy their deaths?

Lorenzo! no; the thought of death indulge; Give it its wholesome empire; let it reign, That kind chassifer of thy soul in joy!

Its reign will spread thy glorious conquests far, And still the tumults of thy russed break:

Auspicious era! golden days, begin! The thought of death, shall, like a god, inspire, And why not think on death; is life the theme Of ev'ry thought? and wish of ev'ry hour? And fong of ev'ry joy? furprifing truth! The beaten spaniel's fondness fo strange. To wave the numerous ills that seize on life As their own property, their lawful prey; Ere man has measur'd half his weary stage. His luxuries have left him no referve, No maiden relishes, unbroach'd delights: On cold-ferv'd repetitions he subsists, And in the tasteless present chews the past: Difgusted chews, and scarce can swallow down. Like lavish ancestors, his earlier years Have difinherited his future hours, Which starve on orts, and glean their former field.

Live ever here, Lorenzo!-Shocking thought! So shocking, they who wish, disown it too; Disown from shame, what they from folly crave. Live ever in the womb, nor fee the light? For what live ever here?——With lab'ring step To tread our former footsteps? Pace the round Eternal? To climb life's worn heavy wheel, Which draws up nothing new? To beat, and beat, The beaten track? To bid each wretched day The former mock? To furfeit on the fame. And yawn our joys? or thank a misery For change, tho' fad? To fee what we have feen? Hear till unheard the fame old flabber'd tale? To taste the tasted, and at each return Less tasteful? O'er our palates to decant Another vintage? Strain a flatter year, Thro' loaded vessels, and a laxer tone? Crazy machines to grind earth's wasted fruits! Ill-ground, and worse concocted! Load, not life! The rational foul kennels of excess! Still streaming thorough-fares of dull debauch! Trembling each gulp, lest death should snatch the bow1 Such of our fine ones is the wish refin'd!

Why not invite the bellowing stalls, and wilds
But such examples might their riot awe.
Thro' want of virtue, that is, want of thought,
(Tho' on bright thought they father all their slights)
To what are they reduc'd? to love, and hate,
The same vain world; to censure and espouse,
This painted shrew of life, who calls them sool
Each moment of each day; to slatter bad
Thro' dread of worse; to cling to this rude rock,
Barren, to them, of good, and sharp with ills,
And hourly blacken'd with impending storms,
And infamous for wrecks of human hope——
Sear'd at the gloomy gulph, that yawns beneath.
Such are their triumphs! such their pangs of joy!

'Tis time, high time, to faift this difinal scene. This hugg'd, this hideous state, what art can cure? One only; but that one, what all may reach; Virtue—She, wonder-working goddes! charms That rock to bloom; and tames the painted sarew: And what will more surprize, Lorenzo! gives To life's sick, nauseous iteration, change; And straitens nature's circle to a line. Believ it thou this, Lorenzo! lend an ear, A patient ear, thou'lt blush to disbelieve.

A languid, leaden iteration reigns,
And ever must, o'er those, whose joys are joys
Of fight, smell, taste. The cuckoo-seasons sing
The same dull note to such as nothing prize,
But what those seasons from the teeming earth,
To doating sense indulge. But nobler minds,
Which relish fruits unripen'd by the sun,
Make their days various; various as the dyes
On the dove's neck, which wanton in his rays.
On minds of dove-like innocence posses,
On lighten'd minds, that bask in virtue's beams

On lighten'd minds, that bask in virtue's beams,
Nothing hangs tedious, nothing old revolves
n that, for which they long; for which they live.
heir glorious efforts, wing'd with heav'nly hope,
Each rising morning sees still higher rise;
Each bounteous dawn its novelty presents

To worth maturing, new krength, lukre, fame;

While nature circle, like a chariot-wheel
Rolling beneath their elevated aims,
Makes their fair prospect fairer ev'ry hour;
Advancing virtue, in a line to bliss;
Virtue, which Christian motives hest inspire!
And bliss, which Christian selection alone insure!

And thall we then, for virtue's take, commence Apostates? and turn insidels for joy? A truth it is, few doubt, but fewer trust. "He fins against this life, who slights the next." What is this life? how few their fav'rite know? Fond in the dark, and blind in our embrace. By passionately loving life, we make Lov'd life unlovely; hugging her to death. We give to time eternity's regard; And, dreaming, take our passage for our port. Life has no value, as an end, but means: An end deplorable! a means divine! When 'tis our all, 'tis nothing; worse than nought; A nest of pains; when held as nothing, much: Like some fair hum'rists, life is most enjoy'd, When courted least; most worth, when disesteem'd: Then 'tis the feat of comfort, rich in peace : In prospect richer far; important! awful! Not to be mention'd, but with shouts of praise! Not to be thought on, but with tides of joy! The mighty basis of eternal blis!

Where now the barren rock? the painted shrew? Where now, Lorenzo! life's eternal round? Have I not made my triple promise good? Vain is the world; but only to the vain. To what compare me then this varying scene, Whose worth ambiguous rises, and declines? Waxes and wanes? (in all propitious, night Assists me here) compare it to the moon; Dark in herself and indigent; but rich In borrow'd lustre from a higher sphere. When gross guilt interposes, lab'ring earth, O'ershadow'd, mourns a deep eclipse of joy; Her joys, at brightest, pallid to that sont.

Nor is that glory distant: Oh Lorenzo, A good man, and an angel; these between How thin the barrier? what divides their fate? Perhaps a moment; or, perhaps a year; Or, if an age, it is a moment still; A moment, or eternity's forgot. Then be, what once they were, who now are gods: Be what Philander was, and claim the skies; Starts timid nature at the gloomy pass? The foft transition call it, and be cheer'd: Such it is often, and why not to thee? To hope the best is pious, brave, and wise: And may itself procure, what it presumes. Life is much flatter'd, death is much traduc'd: Compare the rivals, and the kinder crown. Strange competition!'-True, Lorenzo! strange! So little life can cast into the scale.

Life makes the foul dependent on the dust: Death gives her wings to mount above the foheres. Thro' chinks, styl'd organs, dim life peeps at light; Death bursts th' involving cloud, and all is day: All eye, all ear, the disembody'd power. Death has feign'd evils, nature shall not feel : Life, ills substantial, wisdom cannot shun. Is not the mighty mind, that fon of heaven! By tyrant life dethron'd, imprison'd, pain'd? By death enlarg'd, ennobled, deify'd? Death but entombs the body; life the foul.

Is death then guiltless? How he marks his way With dreadful waste of what deserves to shine!

Art, genius, fortune, elevated power!

With various lustres these light up the world,

Which death puts out, and darkens human race.

I grant, Lorenzo! this indictment just.

The fage, peer, potentate, king, conqueror ! Death humbles these; more barb'rous life, the man Life is the triumph of our mould'ring clay; Death, of the spirit infinite! divine! Death has no dread, but what frail life imparts: Nor life true joy, but what kind death improves. No blifs has life to boast, till death can give

Far greater; life's a debtor to the grave, Dark lattice! letting in eternal day.

Lorenzo! blush at fondness for a life,
Which sends celestial souls on errands vile.
To cater for the sense; and serve at boards,
Where ev'ry ranger of the wilds, perhaps
Each reptile, justly claims our upper hand.
Luxurious seast! a soul a soul immortal,
In all the dainties of a brute bemir'd!
Lorenzo! blush at terror for a death,
Which gives thee to repose in sessive bowers,
Where nectars sparkle, angels minister,
And more than angels share, and raise, and crown,
And eternize the birth, bloom, bursts of bliss.
What need I more? O death, the palm is thine.

Then welcome, death! thy dreaded harbingers, Age, and disease; disease tho' long my guest; That plucks my nerves, those tender strings of life; Which, pluckt a little more, will toll the bell, That calls my few friends to my funeral; Where feeble nature drops, perhaps, a tear, While reason and religion, better taught, Congratulate the dead, and crown his tomb With wreath triumphant. Death is victory: It binds in chains, the raging ills of life: Lust and ambition, wrath and avarice, Dragg'd at his chariot-wheel, applaud his power. That ills corrofive, cares importunate. Are not immortal too, O death! is thine. Our day of diffolution !- name it right : 'Tis our great pay-day; 'tis our harvest, rich And ripe: what tho' the fickle, sometimes keen, Just scars us as we reap the golden grain? More than thy balm, O Gilead! heals the wound. Birth's feeble cry, and death's deep dismal groan, Are slender tributes low-tax'd nature pays For mighty gain; the gain of each, a life! But O! the last the former so transcends, Life dies, compar'd; life lives beyond the grave.

And feel I, death! no joy from thought of thee? Death, the great counsellor, who man inspire.

With ev'ry nobler thought, and fairer deed! Death, the deliv'rer, who rescues man! Death, the rewarder, who the rescu'd crowns! Death, that absolves my birth, a curse without it! Rich death, that realizes all my cares. Toils, virtues, hopes: without it a chimera! Death, of all pain the period, not of joy: Joy's fource and fubject, ftill fubfift unhurt; One, in my foul; and one, in her great fire; Tho' the four winds were warring for my dust. Yes, and from winds, and waves, and central night. Tho' prison'd there, my dust too I reclaim, (To dust when drop proud nature's proudest spheres) And live entire. Death is the crown of life: Were death deny'd, poor man would live in vain: Were death deny'd, to live would not be life: Were death deny'd, ev'n fools would wish to die. Death wounds to cure: we fall; we rife; we reign! Spring from our fetters; fasten in the skies: Where blooming Eden withers in our fight: Death gives us more than was in Eden loft. This king of terrors is the prince of peace. When shall I die to vanity, pain, death? When shall I die ?—When shall I live for ever ?

THE

COMPLAINT.

NIGHT THE FOURTH.

THE

CHRISTIÁN TRIUMPH:

CONTAINING

OUR ONLY CURE FOR THE FEAR OF DEATH;

AND

PROPER SENTIMENTS OF HEART ON THAT INEST:
MABLE BLESSING.

HUMBLY INSCRIBED

TO THE HONOURABLE

MR. YORKE.

COMPLAINT.

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NIGHT THE FOURTH.

A NUCHINDERTED Muse, O Yorke! intrudes.
Amid the smiles of fortune, and of youth,
Thine ear is patient of a serious song.
How deep implanted in the breast of man
The dread of death? I sing its sovereign cure.
Why start at death? where is he? death arriv'd.

Why start at death? where is he? death arriv'd, Is past; not come, or gone, he's never here. Ere hope, sensation sails; black-boding man Receives, not suffers death's tremendous blow. The knell, the shroud, the mattock, and the grave; The deep damp vault, the darkness, and the worm; These are the bugbears of a winter's eve, The terrors of the living, not the dead. Imagination's sool, and error's wretch, Man makes a death, which nature never made; Then on the point of his own fancy salls; And seels a thousand deaths, in fearing one.

But were death frightful, what has age to fear?

If prudent, age should meet the friendly soe,
And shelter in his hospitable gloom.

I scarce can meet a monument, but holds
My younger; every date cries—'Come away.'

And what recalls me? look the world around,

And tell me what: the wifest cannot tell, Should any born of woman give his thought, Full range, on just dislike's unbounded field; Of things, the vanity; of men, the slaws; Flaws in the best; the many, slaw all o'er; As leopards, spotted, or as Ethiops, dark; Vivacious ill; good dying immature; (How immature, Narcisla's marble tells) And at its death bequeathing endless pain; His heart, tho' bold, would sicken at the sight, And spend itself in sighs, for suture scenes.

But grant to life, (and just it is to grant To lucky life) some perquisites of joy; A time there is, when, like a thrice-told tale, Long-rissed life of sweet can yield no more, But from our comment on the comedy, Pleasing reslections on parts well sustain'd, Or purpos'd emendations where we fail'd, Or hopes of plaudits from our candid judge, When, on their exit, souls are bid unrobe, Toss fortune back her tinsel, and her plume, And drop this mask of slesh behind the scene.

With me, that time is come; my world is dead;
A new world rifes, and new manners reign:
Foreign comedians, a spruce band! arrive,
To push me from the scene, or his me there.
What a pert race starts up! the strangers gaze,
And I at them; my neighbour is unknown;
Nor that the worst: ah me! the dire effect
Of loit'ring here, of death defrauded long:
Of old so gracious (and let that suffice)
My very master knows me not.——

Shall I dare fay, peculiar is the fate;
I've been to long remember'd, I'm forgot.
An object ever prefling dims the fight,
And hides behind its ardour to be feen.
When in his courtier's ears I pour my plaint,
They drink it as the nectar of the great;
And fqueeze my hand, and beg me come to-morrow;
Refufal! canft thou wear a fmoother form?

Indulge me, nor conceive I drop my theme: Who cheapens life, abates the fear of death: Twice-told the period spent on stubborn Troy, Court favour, yet untaken, I besiege; Ambition's ill-judg'd effort to be rich. Alas! ambition makes my little, less; Embitt'ring the possess: why wish'd-for more? Wishing, of all employments, is the worst; Philosophy's reverse! and health's decay! Were I as plump as stall'd theology, Wishing would waste me to this shade again, Were I as wealthy as a South-sea dream, Wishing is an expedient to be poor. Wishing, that constant hessic of a fool: Caught at a court; purg'd off by purer air,

And simpley diet; gifts of rural life! Bleft be that hand divine which gently laid My heart at rest beneath this humble shed. The world's a stately bark, on dang'rous seas, With pleasure seen, but boarded at our peril: Here, on a fingle plank, thrown fafe ashore, I hear the turnult of the distant throng, As that of feas remote, or dying storms; And meditate on scenes, more filent still; Pursue my theme, and fight the fear of death. Here, like a shepherd gazing from his hut, Touching his reed, or leaning on his staff, Eager ambition's fiery chace I fee; I fee the circling hunt of noisy men, Burst law's inclosure, leap the mounds of right, Pursuing, and pursu'd, each other's prey; As wolves, for rapine; as the fox, for wiles; Till death, that mighty hunter, earth's them all.

Why all this toil for triumphs of an hour?
What though we wade in wealth, or foar in fame?
Earth's highest station ends in, 'Here he lies:'
And 'dust to dust' concludes her noblest song.
If this song lives, posterity shall know
One, though in Britain born, with courtiers bred,
Who thought ev'n gold might come a day too late;
Nor on his subtle death-bed plann'd his scheme

For future vacancies in church or state, Some avocation deeming it—to die; Unbit by rage canine of dying rich; Guilt's blunder! and the loudest laugh of hell.

O my coevals! remnants of youwelves!
Poor human ruins, tott'ring o'er the grave!
Shall we, shall aged men, like aged trees,
Strike deeper their vile root, and closer cling,
Still more enamour'd of this wretched soil?
Shall our pale, wither'd hands, be still stretch'd out
Trembling, at once, with eagerness and age!
With av'rice, and convulsions, grasping hand?
Grasping at air! for what has earth beside?
Man wants but little; nor that little, long;
How soon must be resign his very dust,
Which frugal nature lent him for an hour!
Years unexperienc'd rush on num'rous ills;
And soon as man, expert from time, has found
The key of life, it opes the gates of death,

When in this vale of years I backward look,
And miss such numbers, numbers too of such,
Firmer in health, and greener in their age,
And stricter on their guard, and sitter far
To play life's subtle game, I scarce believe
I still survive: and am I fond of life,
Who scarce can think it possible, I live?
Alive by miracle! or, what is next,
Alive by Mead! If I am still alive,
Who long have bury'd what gives life to live,
Firmness of nerve, and energy of thought.
Life's lee is not more shallow, than impure,
And vapid, sense and reason shew the door,
Call for my bier, and point me to the dust.

O thou great arbiter of life and death!
Nature's immortal, immaterial fun;
Whose all-prolific beam late call'd me forth
From darkness, teeming darkness, where I lay
The worm's inferior, and, in rank, beneath
The dust I tread on, high to bear my brow
To drink the spirit of the golden day,
And triumph in existence: and coulds know

No motive, but my blis; and hast ordain'd A rise in blessing! with the patriarch's joy, They call, I follow to the land unknown; I trust in thee, and know in whom I trust; Or life, or death, is equal; neither weighs: All weight in this—O let me live to thee!

Though nature's terrors, thus, may be repreft;
Still frowns grim death; guilt points the tyrant's spean
And whence all human guilt? from death forgot.
Ah me! too long I set at nought the swarm
Of friendly warnings, which around me slew:
And smil'd, unsmitten: small my cause to smile!
Death's admonitions, like shafts upwards shot,
More dreadful by delay; the longer ere
They strike our hearts, the deeper is their wound.
O think how deep, Lorenzo! here it stings:
Who can appease its anguish? how it burns!
What hand the barb'd, envenom'd thought can draw?
What healing hand can pour the balm of peace,
And turn my sight undaunted on the tomb?
With joy,—with grief, that healing hand I see:

Ah! too conspicuous! it is fix'd on high. On high?—what means my phrenzy? I blaspheme; Alas! how low? how far beneath the skies? The skies it form'd: and now it bleeds for me-But bleeds the balm I want—yet still it bleeds: Draw the dire steel-Ah no !- the dreadful bleffing What heart or can fustain, or dares forego? There hangs all human hope: that nail supports The falling universe: that gone, we drop; Horror receives us, and the difmal wish Creation had been smother'd in her birth-Darkness his curtain, and his bed the dust: When stars and sun are dust beneath his throne! - In heav'n itself can such indulgence dwell? O what a groan was there! a groan not his. He feiz'd our dreadful right; the load fustain'd : And heav'd the mountain from a guilty world. A thousand worlds, so bought, were bought too dear Sensations new in angels bosoms rise; Suspend their song; and make a pause in bliss.

O for their fong to reach my long theme!
Inspire me, Night! with all thy tuneful spheres inspire;
Whilst I with seraphs share seraphic themes,
And shew to men the dignity of man;
Lest I blaspheme my subject with my song.
Shall Pagan pages glow celestial stame,
And Christian languish? on our hearts, not heads,
Falls the foul insamy: My heart! awake,
What can awake thee, unawak'd by this,
Expended Deity on human weal?
Feel the great truths, which burst the tensold night
Of heathen error, with a golden shood
Of endless day: to feel, is to be fir'd;
And to believe, Lorenzo! is to feel.
Then med insulates med transparence and the name of the same and the name of the same states.

And to believe, Lorenzo! is to feel.

Thou most indulgent, most tremendous pow'r!

Still more tremendous, for thy wond'rous love!

That arms, with awe more awful, thy commands;

And foul transgression dips in sev'nfold night,

How our hearts tremble at thy love immense!

In love immense, inviolably just!

Thou, rather than thy just should be stain'd, Didst stain the cross; and work of wonders far The greatest, that thy dearest far might bleed.

Bold thought! Shall I dare speak it, or repress?
Should man more execrate, or boast, the guilt
Which rous'd such vengeance? which such love instam'd?
O'er guilt how mountainous!) with out-stretch'd arms,
Stern justice, and soft-smiling love, embrace,
Sapporting, in sull majesty, thy throne,
When seem'd its majesty to need support,
Or that, or man, inevitably lost.
What, but the fathomless of thought divine,
Could labour such expedient from despair,
And rescue both! both rescue! both exalt!
O how are both exalted by the deed!
The wond'rous deed! or shall I call it more?

The wond'rous deed! or shall I call it more?

A wonder in omnipotence itself!

A mystery, no less to gods than men!
Not, thus, our insidels th' Eternal draw,
A God all o'er, consummate, absolute,

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They fet at odds heav'n's jarring attributes; And, with one excellence, another wound; Maim Heav'n's perfection, break its equal beams, Bid mercy triumph over—God himself, Undeify'd by their opprobrious praise; A God all mercy, is a God animal.

Ye brainless wits! ye baptiz'd infidels!
Ye worse for mending! wash'd to souler stains!
The ransom was paid down; the fund of heav'n,
Heav'n's inexhaustible exhausted fund,
Amazing and amaz'd, pour'd forth the price,
All price beyond: though curious to compute,
Archangels fail'd to cast the mighty sum:
Its value vast ungrasp'd by minds create,
For ever kides, and glows, in the supreme.

And was the ransom paid? It was: and paid (What can exalt the bounty more?) for you. The fun beheld it-no, the shocking scene Drove back his chariot: midnight veil'd his face: Not fuch as this: not fuch as nature makes: A midnight, nature shudder'd to behold: A midnight new! a dread eclipse (without Opposing spheres) from her Creator's frown ! Sun! didft thou fly thy Maker's pain? or start At that enormous load of human guilt, Which bow'd his bleffed head; o'erwhelm'd his cross Made groan the centre, burst earth's marble womb. With pangs, strange pangs! deliver'd of her dead? Hell howl'd; and heav'n that hour let fall a tear : Heav'n wept, that men might smile! heav'n bled, that Might never die !-[man And is devotion virtue? 'tis compell'd:

And is devotion virtue? 'tis compell'd:
What heart of stone, but glows at thoughts like these?
Such contemplations mount us; and should mount;
The mind still higher; nor ever glance on man,
Unraptur'd, uninslam'd.—Where roll my thoughts
To rest from wonders? other wonders rise;
And strike where-e'er they roll: my soul is caught.
Heav'n's sov'reign blessings, clust'ring from the custom on her, in a throng, and close her round,
the pris'ner of antaze!—In his bless like

I fee the path, and, in his death, the price. And in his great ascent, the proof supreme Of immortality—And did he rife? Here, O ye nations! hear it, O ye dead! He rose! he rose! he burst the bars of death. Lift up your heads, ye everlasting gates! And give the King of glory to come in: Who is the King of glory? He who left His throne of glory, for the pang of death: Lift up your heads, ye everlasting gates ! And give the King of glory to come in. Who is the King of glory? He who flew The rav'nous foe, that gorg'd all human race! The King of glory, He, whose glory fill'd Heav'n with amazement at his love to man: And with divine complacency beheld Pow'rs most illumin'd, wilder'd in the theme.

The theme, the joy, how then shall man sustain? Oh the burst gates! crush'd sting! demolish'd throne! Last gasp of vanquish'd death. Shout earth and heaven? This sum of good to man. Whose nature, then, Took wing, and mounted with him from the tomb! Then, then, I rose; then sist humanity Triumphant past the crystal ports of light, (Stupendous guest!) and feiz'd eternal youth; Seiz'd in our same. E'er since, 'tis blasphemous To call man mortal. Man's mortality Was, then, transferr'd to death; and heav'n's duration Unalienably seal'd to this srail frame, This child of dust,—man, all immortal! hail; Hail, heav'n! all-lavish of strange gifts to man!

Where am I rapt by this triumphant theme,
On Christian joy's exulting wing, above
Th' Aonian mount?—Alas, small cause for joy!
What is to pain immortal? Is extent
Of being, to preclude a close of woe!
Where, then, my boast of immortality?
I boast it still, though cover'd o'er with guilt?
For guilt, not impocence, his his he pour'd?
Tis guilt along an instify his death is

Nor that, unless his death can justify
Relenting guilt in Heav'n's indulgent fight.

If, fick of folly, I relent, he writes
My name in heav'n, with that inverted fpear
(A spear deep dipt in blood!) which pierc'd his fide,
And open'd there a font for all mankind,
Who strive, who combat crimes, to drink; and live:

This, only this, fubdues the fear of death.

And what is this? Survey the wond'rous cure:

And at each step, let higher wonder rise! Pardon for infinite offence! and pardon

Through means, that speak its value infinite!

A pardon bought with blood! with blood divine!

With blood divine of him, I made my foe!

Perfifted to provoke! though woo'd, and aw'd,

Bleft, and chaftis'd, a flagrant rebel ftill!

A rebel 'midst the thunders of his throne!

Nor I alone, a rebel universe!

My species up in arms! not one exempt!

4 Yet for the foulest of the foul, he dies.

Most joy'd, for the redeem'd from deepest guilt !

As if our race were held of highest rank;

And Godhead dearer, as more kind to man!

Bound, every heart! and every bosom burn!

Bound, every heart! and every bosom burn!
Oh what a scale of miracles is here!
Its lowest round, high-planted on the skies;
Its tow'ring summit lost beyond the thought
Of man or angel! Oh that I could climb
The wonderful ascent, with equal praise!
Praise! flow for ever, (if astonishment
Will give thee leave) my praise! for ever flow;
Praise ardent, cordial, constant, to high Heav'n

More fragrant, than Arabia facrific'd; And all her spicy mountains in a flame.

So dear, so due to Heav'n, shall praise descend, With her soft plume, (from plausive angels wing First pluck'd by man) to tickle mortal ears, Thus diving in the pockets of the great?

Is praise the perquiste of ev'ry paw,

Though black as hell, that grapples well for posta

Though black as hell, that grapples well for gold to love of gold thou meanest of amount

Shall praise her odours waste on virtue's dead, Embalm the base, perfume the stench of guilt, Earn dirty bread by washing Æthiops sair, Removing silth, or sinking it from sight, A scavenger in scenes, where vacant posts, Like gibbets yet untenanted, expect Their suture ornaments? From courts and thrones, Return apostate praise! thou vagabond! Thou prostitute! to thy first love return, Thy first, thy greatest, once unrival'd theme.

There flow redundant; like Meander flow, Back to thy fountain; to that Parent Power, Who gives the tongue to found, the thought to foar, The foul to be. Men homage pay to men, Thoughtless beneath whose dreadful eye they bow In mutual awe profound, of clay to clay, Of guilt to guilt; and turn their backs on thee, Great Sire! whom thrones celestial ceaseless sing; To prostrate angels, an amazing scene! O the prefumption of man's awe for man!-Man's Author! End! Restorer! Law! and Judge! Thine, all: day thine, and thine this gloom of night, With all her wealth, with all her radiant worlds; What, night eternal, but a frown from thee? What, heav'n's meridian glory, but thy fmile? And shall not praise be thine; not human praise? While beav'n's high host on hallelujahs live?

O may I breathe no longer, than I breathe
My foul in praise to him, who gave my foul,
And all her infinite of prospect fair,
Out thro' the shades of hell, great love! by thee,
Oh most adorable! most unador'd!
Where shall that praise begin, which ne'er should end!
Where e'er I turn, what claim on all applause!
How is night's fable mantle labour'd o'er,
How richly wrought with attributes divine!
What wisdom shines! what love! this midnight pomp.
This gorgeous arch, with golden worlds inlaid!
Built with divine ambition! nought to thee;
For others this profusion: thou, apart,
Above, beyond! Oh tell me, mighty Mind!

Where art thou? Shall I dive into the deep? Call to the fun, or ask the roaring winds, For their Creator? shall I question loud. The thunder, if in that th' Almighty dwells? Or holds HE furious storms in straigen'd reins, And bids fierce whirlwinds wheel his rapid car?

What mean these questions?—trembling I retract;
My prostrate soul adores the present Gon:
Praise I a distant Deity? he tunes
My voice, (if tun'd;) the nerve, that writes, sustains;
Wrapp'd in his being, I resound his praise:
But though past all distus'd, without a shore,
His essence; local is his throne (as meet)
To gather the disperst (as standards call
The listed from asar) to fix a point,
A central point, cellective of his sons,
Since sinite ev'ry nature, but his own.

The nameless he, whose nod is nature's birth;
And nature's shield the shadow of his hand;
Her dissolution, his suspended smile!
The great First-Last! pavilion'd high he sits.
In darkness from excessive splendor, borne,
By gods unseen, unless through lustre lost.
His glory, to created glory, bright,
As that to central horrors; he looks down
On all that soars, and spans immensity.

Tho' night unnumber'd worlds unfolds to view, Boundless creation! what art thou? A beam, A mere effluvium of his majesty; And shall an atom of this atom-world Mutter, in dust and sin, the theme of heaven? Down to the centre should I send my thought Thro' beds of glittering ore, and glowing gems, Their beggar'd blaze wants lustre for my lay; Goes out in darkness; if on tow'ring wing, I send it thro' the boundless vault of stars! (The stars, tho' rich, what dross their gold to thee, Great! good! wise! wonderful! eternal King!) If to those conscious stars thy throne around, Praise ever-pouring, and imbibing bless; And ask their strain; they want it, more they want.

Poor their abundance, humble their fublime, Languid their energy, their ardour cold, Indebted fill, their highest rapture burns; Short of its mark, desective, tho' divine.

Still more—this theme is man's and man's alone: Their vast appointments reach it not; they see On earth a bounty not indulg'd on high; And downward look for heav'n's superior praise! First born of ether! high in fields of light! View man, to see the glory of your God! Could angels envy, they had envy'd here; And some did envy; and the rest, though gods, Yet still gods unredeem'd (there triumphs man, Tempted to weigh the dust against the skies) They less would feel, though more adorn, my theme; They fung creation (for in that they shar'd;) How rose in melody, the Child of love! Creation's great superior, man! is thine: Thine is redemption; they just gave the key: Tis thine to raise, and eternize, the song; Though human, yet divine; for should not this Raise man o'er man, and kindle seraphs here? Redemption! 'twas creation more sublime; Redemption! 'twas the labour of the skies; Far more than labour-it was death in heav'n. A truth so strange! 'twere bold to think it true; If not far bolder still, to disbelieve.

Here pause, and ponder: was there death in heaven? What then on earth? on earth, which struck the blow? Who struck it? Who?—O how is man endarg'd, Seen through this medium! how the pigmy tow'rs! How counterpois'd his origin from dust! How voided his vast distance from the skies! How near he presses on the seraph's wing! Which is the seraph? which the born of clay? How this demonstrates, through the thickest cloud Of guilt, and clay condenst, the Son of heaven! The donble son; the made, and the re-made! And shall heaven's double property be lost? Man's double madness only can destroy.

To man the bleeding cross has promis'd all;
The bleeding cross has sworn eternal grace;
Who gave his life, what grace shall he deny?
O ye! who, from this Rock of ages, leap,
Disdainful, plunging headlong in the deep!
What cordial joy, what consolation strong,
Whatever winds arise, or billows roll,
Our intrest in the master of the storm?
Cling there, and in wreck'd nature's ruins smile;
While vile apostates tremble in a calm.

Man! know thyself. All wisdom centres there:
To none man seems ignoble, but to man;
Angels that grandeur, men o'erlook, admire:
How long shall human nature be their book,
Degen'rate mortal! and unread by thee?
The beam dim reason sheds shews wonders there;
What high contents! illustrious faculties!
But the grand comment, which displays at full
Our human height, scarce sever'd from divine,
By Heav'n compos'd, was publish'd on the cross.

Who looks on that, and fees not in himfelf An awful ftranger, a terrestrial god? A glorious partner with the Deity In that high attribute, immertal life? If a god bleeds, he bleeds not for a worm: I gaze, and, as I gaze, my mounting foul Catches strange fire, eternity! at thee; And drops the world—or rather, more enjoys: How chang'd the face of nature! how improved. What feem'd a chaos, shines a glorious world, Or, what a world, an Eden; heighten'd all ! It is another fcene! another felf! And still another, as time rolls along; And that a self far more illustrious still. Beyond long ages, yet roll'd up in shades Unpierc'd by bold conjecture's keenest ray, What evolutions of furprising fate! How nature opens, and receives my foul In boundless walks of raptur'd thought! where gods Encounter, and embrace me! what new births Of Arange adventure, foreign to the fun,

Where what new charms, perhaps, whate'er exists, Old Time, and fair Creation, are forgot!

Is this extravagant? Of man we form
Extravagant conception, to be just:
Conception unconsin'd wants wings to reach him:
Beyond its reach, the Godhead only, more.
He, the great Father! kindled at one slame
The world of rationals; one spirit pour'd
From spirit's awful sountain; pour'd himself
Thro' all their souls; but not in equal stream,
Prosuse, or srugal, of th' inspiring God,
As his wise plan demanded; and when past
Their various trials, in their various spheres,
If they continue rational, as made,
Resorbs them all into himself again;
His throne their centre, and his smile their crown.

Why doubt we, then, the glorious truth to fing, Tho' yet unfung, as deem'd, perhaps, too bold?

Angels are men of a fuperior kind;

Angels are men in lighter habit clad, High o'er celeltial mountains wing'd in flight: And men are angels, loaded for an hour, Who wade this miry vale, and climb with pain, And flipp'ry step, the bottom of the steep. Angels their failings, mortals have their praise; While here, of corps ethereal, fuch enroll'd, And fummon'd to the glorious standard foon, Which flames eternal crimson through the skies. Nor are our brothers thoughtless of their kin, Yet absent; but not absent from their love. Michael has fought our battles; Raphael fung Our triumphs-; Gabriel on our errands flown, Sent by the Sov'REIGN; and are these, O man! Thy friends, thy warm allies? and thou (shame burn The cheek to cinder!) rival to the brute?

Religion's all. Descending from the skies
To wretched man the goddes, in her left,
Holds out this world, and, in her right, the next.
Religion! the sole voucher man is man;
Supporter sole of man above himsels;

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Ev'n in this night of frailty, change, and death, She gives the foul a foul that acts a god. Religion! providence! an after-state; Here is firm footing, here is folid rock; This can support us; all is sea besides; Sinks under us, bestorms, and then devours; His hand the good man fastens on the skies, And bids earth roll, nor feels her idle whirl.

As when a wretch, from thick, polluted air, Darkness, and stench, and suffocating damps, And dungeon-horrors, by kind fate, discharg'd, Climbs some fair eminence, where ether pure Surrounds him, and Elysian prospects rise, His heart exults, his spirits cast their load; As if new-born, he triumphs in the change; So joys the soul, when from inglorious aims, And sordid sweets, from feculence and froth Of ties terrestrial, set at large, she mounts To reason's region, her own element, Breathes hopes immortal, and affects the skies.

Religion! thou the foul of happiness; And, groaning Calvary, of thee! there shine The noblest truths; there strongest motives sling; There facted violence affaults the foul: There, nothing but compulsion is forborn. Can love allure us? or can terror awe? He weeps! the falling drop puts out the fun; He fighs ! the figh earth's deep foundation shakes. If, in his love, so terrible, what then His wrath inflam'd? his tenderness on fire? Like foft, fmooth oil, outblazing other fires? Can prayer, can praise avert it !- Thou, my all ! My theme! my infpiration! and my crown! My strength in age! my rife in low estate! My foul's ambition, pleafure, wealth !-my world, My light in darkness! and my life in death! My boast thro' time! blis thro' eternity! Eternity, too fhort to speak thy praise! Or fathom thy profound of love to man! To man of men the meanest, ev'n to me;

. My facrifice! my God! what things are these! What then art Thou? by what name shall I call thee? Knew I the name devout archangels use, Devout archangels should the name enjoy, By me unrivall'd: thousands more sublime. None half so dear, as that, which, tho' unspoke, Still glows at heart: O how omnipotence Is lost in love! thou great Philanthropist! Father of angels! but the friend of man! Like Jacob, fondest of the younger born! Thou, who didst fave him, fnatch the smoking brand From out the flames, and quench it in thy blood! How art thou pleas'd, by bounty to distress! To make us groan beneath our gratitude. Too big for birth! to favour, and confound; To challenge, and to distance, all return! Of lavish love stupendous heights to soar, And leave praise panting in the distant vale! Thy right too great defrauds thee of thy due; And facrilegious our fublimest song. But fince the naked will obtains thy fmile, Beneath this monument of praise unpaid. And future life fymphonious to my strain, (That noblest hymn to heav'n!) for ever lie Intomb'd my fear of death! and ev'ry fear, The dread of ev'ry evil, but thy frown.

Whom see I yonder, so demurely smile?
Laughter a labour, and might break their rest.
Ye Quietists, in homage to the skies!
Serene! of soft address! who mildly make
An unobtrusive tender of your hearts,
Abhorring violence! who halt indeed;
But, for the blessing, wrestle not with heav'n!
Think you my song too turbulent? too warm?
Are passions, then, the pagans of the soul?
Reason alone baptiz'd? alone ordain'd
To touch things sacred? Oh for warmer still!
Guilt chills my zeal, and age benumbs my pow'rs;
Oh for an humbler heart, and prouder song!
Thou, my much-injur'd theme! with that soft eye,

Which melted o'er doom'd Salem, deign to look Compassion to the coldness of my breast; And pardon to the winter in my strain.

O ye cold-hearted, frozen, formalifts!
On fuch a theme, 'tis impious to be calm;
Passion is reason, transport, temper, here.
Shall heav'n, which gave us ardour, and has shewn
Her own for man so strongly, not distain
What smooth emollients in theology,
Recumbent virtue's downy doctors preach,
That prose of piety, a lukewarm praise?
Rise odours sweet from incense uninstam'd?
Devotion, when lukewarm, is undevout;
But when it glows, its heat is struck to heav'n;
To human hearts her golden harps are strung;
High heav'n's orchestra chants Amen to man.

Hear I, or dream I hear, their distant strain. Sweet to the foul, and tasting strong of heav'n. Soft-wafted on celestial pity's plume, Thro' the vast spaces of the universe, To cheer me in this melancholy gloom? Oh when will death (now stingless,) like a friend, Admit me of their choir? Oh when will death, This mould'ring, old, partition-wall throw down? Give beings, one in nature, one abode? Oh death divine, that giv'st us to the skies! Great tuture! glorious patron of the past, And present ! when shall I thy shrine adore; From nature's continent, immensely wide, Immensely bleft, this little isle of life. This dark, incarcerating colony, Divides us. Happy day! that breaks our chain: That manumits; that calls from exile home; That leads to nature's great metropolis, And re-admits us, thro' the guardian hand Of elder brothers, to our Father's throne; Who hears our Advocate, and thro' his wounds Beholding man, allows that tender name. 'Tis this makes Christian triumph a command: 'Tis this makes joy a duty to the wife;

Tis impious, in a good man, to be fad. Seeft thou, Lorenzo! where hangs all our hope? Touch'd by the cross, we live; or, more than die; That touch which touch'd not angels; more divine Than that, which touch'd confusion into form, And darkness into glory, partial touch! Ineffably pre-eminent regard! Sacred to man, and fov'reign thro' the whole Long golden chain of miracles, which hangs From heav'n thro' all duration, and supports In one illustrious, and amazing plan, Thy welfare, nature! and thy God's renown: That touch, with charm celestial, heals the foul Diseas'd, drives pain from guilt, lights life in death, Turns earth to heaven, to heav'nly thrones transforms The ghastly ruins of the mould'ring tomb.

Dost ask me when? when He who dy'd returns!
Returns, how chang'd! Where then the man of woe?
In glory's terrors all the Godhead burns;
And all his courts, exhausted by the tide
Of Deities triumphant in his train,
Leave a stupendous solitude in heaven;
Replenisht soon, replenisht with increase
Of pomp, and multitude; a radiant band
Of angels new; of angels from the tomb.

Is this by fancy thrown remote? and rife
Dark doubts between the promise, and event?
I send thee not to volumes for thy cure;
Read nature; nature is a friend to truth;
Nature is Christian; preaches to mankind;
And bids dead matter aid us in our creed.
Hast thou ne'er seen the comet's staming slight?
Th' illustrious stranger passing terror sheds
On gazing nations, from his stery train
Of length enormous, takes his ample round
Thro' depths of ether; coasts unnumber'd worlds,
Of more than solar glory; doubles wide
Heav'n's mighty cape; and then revisits earth,
From the long travel of a thousand years

Thus, at the destin'd period, shall return Hs, once on earth, who bids the comet blaze: And, with him, all our triumph o'er the tomb.

Nature is dumb on this important point;
Or hope precarious in low whifper breathes;
Faith speaks aloud, distinct; ev'n adders hear,
But turn, and dart into the dark again.
Faith builds a bridge across the gulph of death,
To break the shock blind nature cannot shun,
And lands thought smoothly on the farther shore.
Death's terror is the mountain faith removes;
That mountain-barrier between man and peace.
'Tis faith disarms destruction; and absolves
From ev'ry clam'rous charge, the guiltless tomb.

Why disbelieve? Lorenzo!- 'Reason bids. All-facred reason.'—Hold her facred still: Nor shalt thou want a rival in thy flame: All-facred reason! source, and soul, of all Demanding praise, on earth, or earth above! My heart is thine: deep in its inmost folds, Live thou with life; live dearer of the two. Wear I the bleffed crofs, by fortune stampt On passive nature, before thought was born? My birth's blind bigot! fir'd with local zeal! No: reason rebaptiz'd me when adult: Weigh'd true, and false, in her impartial scale; My heart became the convert of my head; And made that choice, which once was but my fate On argument alone my faith is built : Reason pursu'd is faith; and, unpursu'd Where proof invites, 'tis reason, then, no more. And fuch our proof, that, or our faith is right, Or reason lies, and heav'n design'd it wrong: Absolve we this? what, then, is blasphemy? Fond as we are, and justly fond of faith, Reason, we grant, demands our first regard; The mother honour'd, as the daughter dear. Reason the root, fair faith is but the flower: The fading flower shall die; but reason lives Immortal, as her father in the skies.

en faith is virtue, reason makes it so. ing not the Christian; think not reason yours; reason our great master holds so dear: reason's injur'd rights his wrath resents; reason's voice obey'd, his glories crown: zive lost reason life, he pour'd his own: eve. and shew the reason of a man: eve. and taste the pleasure of a god: eve. and look with triumph on the tomb: o' reason's wounds alone thy faith can die: ch dying, tenfold terror gives to death, dips in venom his twice-mortal fling. earn hence what honours, what loud pæans, due those, who push our antidote aside: se boasted friends to reason, and to man, ose fatal love stabs ev'ry joy, and leaves th's terror heighten'd gnawing on his heart. fe pompous fons of reason idoliz'd, l vilify'd at once; of reason deads in deify'd, as monarchs were of old; at conduct plants proud laurels on their brow? ile love of truth thro' all their camp refounds, y draw pride's curtain o'er the noon-tide ray, te up their inch of reason, on the point philosophic wit, call'd argument; I then, exulting in their taper, cry, hold the fun; and, Indian-like, adore. alk they of morals? O thou bleeding Love! u maker of new morals to mankind! grand morality is love of thee. wife as Socrates, if fuch they were, r will they 'bate of that fublime renown) wife as Socrates, might justly stand definition of a modern fool. CHRISTIAN is the highest stile of man. is there, who the bleffed cross wipes off, a foul blot, from his dishonour'd brow? ngels tremble, 'tis at fuch a fight: wretch they quit, desponding of their charge, e struck with grief or wonder, who can tell?

Ye fold to fense! ye citizens of earth! (For fuch alone the Christian banner fly) Know ye how wife your choice, how great your gain? Behold the picture of earth's happiest man:

He calls his wish, it comes; he sends it back, And fays, he call'd another; that arrives.

Meets the same welcome; yet he still calls on;

Till one calls him, who varies not his call, But holds him fast, in chains of darkness bound. "Till nature-dies, and judgment fets him free:

A freedom far less welcome than his chain.

But grant man happy; grant him happy long; Add to life's highest prize her latest hour! That hour, so late, is nimble in approach, That, like a post, comes on in full career: How fwift the shuttle flies, that weaves thy shroud! Where is the table of thy former years? Thrown down the gulph of time; as far from thee As they had ne'er been thine; the day in hand, Like a bird struggling to get loose, is going: Scarce now possess'd, so suddenly 'tis gone; And each swift moment fled, is death advanc'd

By strides as swift: eternity is all; And whose eternity? who triumphs there? Bathing for ever in the font of blifs!

For ever basking in the Deity!

Lorenzo! who?—Thy conscience shall reply. O give it leave to speak; 'twill speak ere long, Thy leave unaskt: Lorenzo! hear it now, While useful its advice, its accent mild. By the great edict, by divine decree, Truth is deposited with man's last hour: An honest hour, and faithful to her trust: Truth, eldest daughter of the Deity: Truth, of his council, when he made the worlds: Nor less, when he shall judge the worlds he made: Tho' filent long, and fleeping ne'er fo found, Smother'd with errors, and opprest with toys, That heav'n-commission'd hour no sooner calls, But from her cayern in the foul's abyss,

him they fable under Ætna whelm'd, goddes bursts in thunder, and in slame; ily convinces, and severely pains.

dæmons I discharge, and hydra-stiags; keen vibrations of bright truth—is hell: definition! tho' by schools untaught. eaf to truth! peruse this parson'd page, trust, for once, a prophet, and a priest; may live fools, but fools they cannot die.'

COMPLAINT.

NIGHT THE FIFTH.

THE

RELAPSE.

HUMBLY INSCRIBED

TO THE RIGHT HONOURABLE
THE EARL OF LITCHFIELD.

COMPLAINT.

NIGHT THE FIFTH.

ORENZO! to recriminate is just. ondness for fame is avarice of air. grant the man is vain who writes for praife. raise no man e'er deserv'd, who sought no more. is just thy second charge. I grant the muse Has often blush'd at her degen'rate sons, Retain'd by fense to plead her filthy cause: To raise the low, to magnify the mean, And fubtilize the gross into refin'd: As if to magic numbers pow'rful charm Twas given, to make a civet of their fong Obscene, and sweeten ordure to perfume. Wit, a true Pagan, deifies the brute, And lifts our fwine enjoyments from the mire. The fast notorious, nor obscure the cause. We wear the chains of pleasure, and of pride. These share the man; and these distract him too; Draw diff'rent ways, and clash in their commands. ride, like an eagle, builds among the stars; but pleasure, lark-like, nests upon the ground. loys shar'd by brute-creation, pride resents; Pleasure embraces: man would both enjoy, and both at once: a point how hard to gain!

But, what can't wit, when stung by strong defire? Wit dares attempt this arduous enterprize. Since joys of sense can't rise to reason's taste: In fubtle fophistry's laborious forge. Wit hammers out a reason new, that stoops To fordid scenes, and meets them with applause. Wit calls the Graces the chaste zone to loose: Nor less than a plumb god to fill the bowl: A thousand phantoms, and a thousand spells. A thousand opiates scatters, to delude, To fascinate, inebriate, lay asleep, And the fool'd mind of man delightfully confound. Thus that which shock'd the judgment, shocks no more: That which gave pride offence, no more offends. Pleafure and pride, by nature mortal foes, At war eternal, which in man shall reign, By wit's address, patch up a fatal peace, And hand in hand lead on the rank debauch. From rank, refin'd to delicate and gay. Art, cursed art! wipes off the indebted blush From nature's cheek, and bronzes ev'ry shame. Man fmiles in zuin, glories in his guilt, And infamy stands candidate for praise.

All writ by man in favour of the foul, These sensual ethics far, in bulk, transcend. The slow'rs of eloquence, profusely pour'd O'er spotted vice, fill half the letter'd world. Can pow'rs of genius exercise their page, And consecrate enormities with song?

But let not these inexpiable strains Condemn the muse that knows her dignity; Nor meanly stops at time, but holds the world As 'tis, in nature's ample field, a point, A point in her esteem; from whence to start, And run the round of universal space, To visit being universal there,

And being's source, that utmost flight of mind!
 Yet, spite of this so vast circumference,
 Well knows, but what is moral, nought is greated sing Syrens only? do not angels sing?
 There is in poefy a decent pride,

Which well becomes her when she speak to prose, Her younger sister; haply, not more wife.

Think'st thou, Lorenzo! to find passimes here? No guilty passion blown into a stame, No foible stater'd, dignity disgrac'd, No fairy field of siction, all on slow'r, No rainbow colours, here, or silken tale: But solemn counsels, images of awe, Truths, which eternity lets fall on man With double weight, thro' these revolving spheres, This death-deep silence, and incumbent shade: Thoughts such as shall revisit your last hour; Visit uncall'd, and live when life expires; And thy dark pencil, Midnight! darker still In melancholy dipt, embrowns the whole.

Yet this, ev'n this, my laughter-loving friends! Lorenzo! and thy brothers of the smile! If, what imports you most, can most engage, Shall steal your ear, and chain you to my song. Or if you fail me, know, the wife shall taste The truths I fing; the truths I fing shall feel; And, feeling, give affent; and their affent Is ample recompence; is more than praise. But chiefly thine, O LITCHFIELD! nor mistake: Think not unintroduc'd I force my way: Narcissa, not unknown, not unally'd, By virtue, or by blood, illustrious youth! To thee, from blooming amaranthine bow'rs, Where all the language harmony, descends Uncall'd, and asks admittance for the Muse: A Muse that will not pain thee with thy praise: Thy praise she drops, by nobler still inspir'd.

O thou! blest Spirit! whether the supreme, Great antemundane Father! in whose breast Empryo creation, unborn being, dwelt, And all its various revolutions roll'd Present, tho' future; prior to themselves; Whose breast can blow it into nought again; Or from his throne some delegated pow'r, Who, studious of our peace, dost turn the thought.

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From vain and vile, to folid and fublime! Unseen thou lead'st me to delicious draughts Of inspiration, from a purer stream, And fuller of the God, than that which burst From fam'd Castalia: nor is yet allay'd My facred thirst; tho' long my foul has rang'd Thro' pleasing paths of moral and divine, By thee fustain'd, and lighted by the STARS.

By them best lighted are the paths of thought: Nights are their days, their most illumin'd hours. By day, the foul, o'erborn by life's career, Stunn'd by the din, and giddy with the glare, Reels far from reason, jostled by the throng. By day the foul is passive, all her thoughts Impos'd, precarious, broken, ere mature. By night from objects free, from passion cool, Thoughts uncontroul'd, and unimpress'd the births Of pure election, arbitrary range, Not to the limits of one world confin'd: But from ethereal travels light on earth. As voyagers drop anchor, for repose.

Let Indians, and the gay, like Indians, fond Of feather'd fopperies, the fun adore: Darkness has more divinity for me; It strikes thought inward; it drives back the foul To fettle on herfelf, our point supreme! There lies our theatre; there fits our judge. Darkness the curtain drops o'er life's dull scene: 'Tis the kind hand of providence stretcht out 'Twixt man and vanity; 'tis reason's reign, And virtue's too; these tutelary shades Are man's afylum from the tainted throng. Night is the good man's friend, and guardian too: It no less rescues virtue, than inspires.

Virtue, for ever frail, as fair below, Her tender nature fuffers in the croud, Nor touches on the world, without a stain: The world's infectious; few bring back at eve, Immaculate, the manners of the morn. something we thought, is blotted; we resolv'd, thaken; we renounc'd, returns again.

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Each falutation may flide in a fin Unthought before, or fix a former flaw. Nor is it strange; light, motion, concourse, noise All, scatter us abroad; thought outward-bound, Neglectful of our home-affairs, slies off In sume and dissipation, quits her charge, And leaves the breast unguarded to the soe.

Present example gets within our guard, And acts with double force, by few repell'd. Ambitiom fires ambition: love of gain Strikes, like a pestilence, from breast to breast; Riot, pride, perfidy, blue vapours breathe; And inhumanity is caught from man, From smiling man. A slight, a single glance, And shot at random, often has brought home A fudden fever, to the throbbing heart, Of envy, rancour, or impure defire. We see, we hear, with peril; safety dwells Remote from multitude: the world's a school Of wrong, and what proficients fwarm around! We must or imitate, or disapprove; Must list as their accomplices, or foes; That stains our innocence; this wounds our peace. From nature's birth, hence, wisdom has been smit With sweet recess, and languish'd for the shade.

This facred shade, and solitude, what is it? 'Tis the felt presence of the Deity.

Few are the faults we flatter when alone.

Vice sinks in her allurements, is ungilt,

And looks, like other objects, black by night.

By night an atheist half believes a God.

Night is fair virtue's immemorial friend;
The conscious moon, thro' ev'ry distant age,
Has held a lamp to wisdom, and let fall,
On contemplation's eye, her purging ray.
The fam'd Athenian, he who woo'd from heav'a
Philosophy the fair, to dwell with men,
And form their manners, not inflame their pride,
While o'er his head, as fearful to molecular
His lab'ring mind, the stars in silence
And seem all gazing on their suture

See him foliciting his ardent fuit
In private audience: all the live-long night,
Rigid in thought, and motionless, he stands;
Nor quits his theme, or posture, till the sun
(Rude drunkard rising rosy from the main!)
Disturbs his nobler intellectual beam,
And gives him to the tumult of the world.
Hail, precious moments! stol'n from the black waste
Of murder'd time! auspicious Midnight! hail!
The world excluded, every passion hush'd,
And open'd a calm intercourse with heav'n,
Here the soul sits in council; ponders past,
Predestines suture action; sees, not feels,
Tumultuous life, and reasons with the storm;
All her lies answers, and thinks down her charms,

What awful joy! what mental liberty!
I am not pent in darkness; rather say
(If not too bold) in darkness I'm embower'd.
Delightful gloom! the clust'ring thoughts around
Spontaneous rise, and blossom in the shade;
But droop by day, and sicken in the sun.
Thought borrows light elsewhere; from that first sire,
Fountain of animation! whence descends
URANIA, my celestial guest! who deigns
Nightly to visit me, so mean; and now
Conscious how needful discipline to man,
From pleasing dalliance with the charms of night
My wand'ring thought recalls, to what excites
Far other beat of heart; Narcissa's tomb!

Or is it feeble nature calls me back,
And breaks my spirit into grief again?
Is it a Stygian vapour in my blood?
A cold, slow puddle, creeping thro' my veins?
Or is it thus with all men?—Thus with all.
What are we? how unequal! now we foar,
And now we fink; to be the same, transcends.
Our present prowess. Dearly pays the soul
For lodging ill, too dearly rents her clay.
Reason, a baffled counsellor! but adds
The blush of weakness, to the bane of woe.
The noblest spirit sighting her hard sate,

In this damp, dusky region, charg'd with storms, But feebly flutters, yet untaught to fly; Or, flying, short her flight, and sure her fall. Our utmost strength, when down, to rise again; And not to yield, tho' beaten, all our praise.

'Tis vain to feek in men for more than man. Though proud in promise, big in previous thought, Experience damps our triumph. I, who late Emerging from the shadows of the grave, Where grief detain'd me pris'ner, mounting high, Threw wide the gates of everlasting day, And call'd mankind to glory, shook off pain, Mortality shook off, in ether pure, And struck the stars; now feel my spirits fail; They drop me from the zenith; down I rush, Like him whom fable fledg'd with waxen wings, In forrow drown'd—but not, in forrow, loft. How wretched is the man, who never mourn'd! I dive for precious pearl, in forrow's stream: Not so the thoughtless man that only grieves; Takes all the torment, and rejects the gain, (Inestimable gain!) and gives heav'n leave To make him but more wretched, not more wife.

If wisdom is our lesson (and what else Ennobles man? what else have angels learnt?) Grief! more proficients in thy school are made. Than genius, or proud learning, e'er could boast. Voracious learning, often over-fed, Digests not into sense her motley meal. This bookcase, with dark booty almost burst, This forager on others wisdom, leaves Her native farm, her reason, quite untill'd. With mixt manure she surfeits the rank soil, Dung'd, but not drest; and rich to beggary. A pomp untameable of weeds prevails. Her servant's wealth incumber'd wisdom mourns.

And what fays genius? 'Let the dull be wife.' Genius, too hard for right, can prove it wrong; And loves to boaft, where blush men less inspired. It pleads exemption from the laws of series:

Considers reason as a leveller;
And scorns to share a blessing with the croud.
That wise it could be, thinks an ample claim
To glory, and to pleasure gives the rest.
Crassus but sleeps, Ardelio is undone.
Wisdom less shudders at a fool, than wit.

But wisdom smiles, when humbled mortals weep. When forrow wounds the breast, as ploughs the glebe, And hearts obdurate feel her foftening shower: Her feed celestial, then glad wisdom fows: Her golden harvest triumphs in the soil. If so, Narcissa! welcome my Relapse; I'll raise a tax on my calamity, And reap rich compensation from my pain. I'll range the plenteous intellectual field: And gather every thought of fov'reign power To chase the moral maladies of man: Thoughts, which may bear transplanting to the skies, Tho' natives of this coarse penurious soil; Nor wholly wither there, where feraphs fing. Refin'd, exalted, not annull'd, in heav'n. Reason, the sun that gives them birth, the same. In either clime, though more illustrious there. These choicely cull'd, and elegantly rang'd, Shall form a garland for Narcissa's tomb And, peradventure, of no fading flow'rs.

Say, on what themes shall puzzled choice descend?

Th' importance of contemplating the tomb;
Why men decline it; fuicide's foul birth;

The various kinds of grief; the faults of age;

And death's dread character—invite my fong.'
And, first, th' importance of our end survey'd.
Friends counsel quick dismission of our grief:
Mistaken kindness! our hearts heal too soon.
Are they more kind than he, who struck the blow?
Who bid it do his errand in our hearts,
And banish peace, till nobler guests arrive,
And bring it back a true, and endless peace?
Calamities are friends: as glaring day
Of these unnumber'd lustres robs our sight;

Prosperity puts out unnumber'd thoughts Of import high, and light divine, to man.

The man how bleft, who, fick of gaudy scenes, (Scenes apt to thrust between us and ourselves!) Is led by choice to take his fav'rite walk, Beneath death's gloomy, filent, cypress shades. Unpierc'd by vanity's fantastic ray; To read his monuments, to weigh his duft, Visit his vaults, and dwell among the tombs! Lorenzo! read with me Narcissa's stone: (Narcissa was thy fav'rite) let us read Her moral stone; few doctors preach so well: Few orators so tenderly can touch The feeling heart. What pathos in the date! Apt words can strike; and yet in them we see Faint images of what we, here, enjoy. What cause have we to build on length of life? Temptations seize, when fear is laid asleep: And ill foreboded is our strongest guard.

See from her tomb, as from an humble shrine. Truth, radiant goddess! fallies on my foul, And puts delution's dufky train to flight: Dispels the mists our fultry passions raise, From objects low, terrestrial, and obscene: And thews thereal estimate of things; Which no man, unafflicted, ever faw: Pulls off the veil from virtue's rifing charms; Detects temptation in a thousand lies. Truth bids me look on men, as autumn leaves, And all they bleed for, as the summer's dust, Driv'n by the whirlwind: lighted by her beams, I widen my horizon, gain new powers, See things invisible, feel things remote, Am present with futurities; think nought To man fo foreign, as the joys possest; Nought so much his, as those beyond the grave. No folly keeps its colour in her fight; Pale worldly wisdom loses all her charms; In pompous promise from her schemes profound, If future fate she plans, 'tis all in leaves, Like Sybil, unsubstantial, fleeting blis!

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At the first blast it vanishes in air.

Not so, celestial: wouldst thou know, Lorenzo!

How differ worldly wisdom, and divine?

Just as the waning, and the waxing moon,

More empty worldly wisdom ev'ry day;

And ev'ry day more fair her rival shines.

When later, there's less time to play the sool.

Soon our whole term for wisdom is expir'd

(Thou know'st she calls no council in the grave!)

And everlasting sool is writ in fire,

Or real wisdom wasts us to the skies.

As worldly schemes retembles Sybil's leaves,
The good man's days to Sybil's books compare,
(In ancient story read, thou know'st the tale)
In price still rising, as in number less,
Inestimable quite his final hour.
For that who thrones can offer, offer thrones;
Insolvent worlds the purchate cannot pay.

Oh let me die his death! all nature cries.
Then live his life'—All nature faulters there.

Our great physician daily to consult, To commune with the grave our only cure.

What grave prescribes the best?—A friend's; and from a friend's grave, how soon we disengage! Ev'n to the dearest, as his marble, cold.
Why are friends ravisht from us? 'tis to bind, By soft affection's ties, on human hearts,
The thought of death, which reason, too supine,
Or misemploy'd, so rarely fastens there.
Nor reason, nor affection, no, nor both
Combin'd, can break the witchcrafts of the world.
Behold th' inexorable hour at hand!
Behold th' inexorable hour forgot!
And to forget it, the chief aim of life,
Though well to ponder it, is life's chief end.

Is death, that ever threat'ning, ne'er remote, That all-important, and that only fure, (Come when he will) an unexpected guest? Nay, though invited by the loudest calls Of blind imprudence, unexpected still? Though num'rous messengers are sent before

"o warn his great arrival. What the cause, he wond'rous cause, of this mysterious ill? All heav'n looks down astonish'd at the fight.

Is it that life has fown her joys fo thick. We can't thrust in a single care between? s it, that life has fuch a fwarm of cares, The thought of death can't enter for the throng? s it, that time steals on with downy feet, For wakes indulgence from her golden dream? Co-day is so like yesterday, it cheats; We take the lying fifter for the fame. ife glides away, Lorenzo! like a brook; for ever changing, unperceiv'd the change. n the same brook none ever bath'd him twice: o the same life none ever twice awoke. Ve call the brook the same: the same we think ur life, though still more rapid in its flow; or mark the much irrevocably laps'd. nd mingled with the fea. Or shall we fav. Retaining still the brook to bear us on) hat life is like a vessel on the stream? life embark'd, we smoothly down the tide f time descend, but not on time intent: mus'd, unconscious of the gliding wave; ill on a fudden we perceive a shock; Te start, awake, look out; what see we there? 'ur brittle bark is burst on Charon's shore.

Is this the cause death slies all human thought? It is it judgment by the will struck blind, 'hat domineering mistress of the soul! like him so strong by Dalilah the fair? It is it fear turns startled reason back, rom looking down a precipice so steep? Tis dreadful; and the dread is wisely plac'd, y nature conscious of the make of man. dreadful friend it is, a terror kind, I flaming sword to guard the tree of life. If y that unaw'd, in life's most smiling hour. The good man would repine; would suffer joys, and burn impatient for his promis'd skies. The bad, on each punctilious pique of pride.

Or gloom of humour, would give rage the reig. Bound o'er the barrier, rush into the dark, And mar the schemes of providence below.

What groan was that, Lorenzo?—Furies! rife; And drown, in your lets execrable yell, Britannia's fhame. There took her gloomy flight, On wing impetuous, a black fullen foul, Blasted from hell, with horrid lust of death. Thy friend, the brave, the gallant Altamont, So call'd, so thought—and then he fled the field, Less base the sear of death, than fear of life. O Britain, infamous for suicide! An island in thy manners! far disjoin'd From the whole world of rationals beside! In ambient waves plunge thy polluted head, Wash the dire stain, nor shock the continent.

But thou be shock'd, while I detect the cause Of self-assault, expose the monster's birth, And bid abhorrence his it round the world. Blame not thy clime, nor chide the distant sun; The sun is innocent, thy clime absolv'd; Immoral climes kind nature never made. The cause I sing, in Eden might prevail, And proves, it is thy folly, not thy fate.

The foul of man (let man in homage bow, Who names his foul) a native of the skies! High-born, and free, her freedom should maintain, Unfold, unmortgag'd for earth's little bribes. Th' illustrious stranger, in this foreign land, Like strangers, jealous of her dignity, Studious of home, and ardent to return, Of earth suspicious, earth's inchanted cup With cool reserve light touching, should indulge, On immortality, her godlike taste; There take large draughts; make her chief banquet the

But some reject this sustenance divine;
To beggarly vile appetites descend;
Ask alms of earth, for guests that came from heav'n Sink into slaves; and sell, for present hire,
Their rich reversion, and (what shares its fate)
Their native freedom, to the prince who tways

nether world. And when his payments fail. his foul basket gorges them no more, eir pall'd palates loathe the basket full: affantly, with wild demoniac rage, reaking all the chains of providence. oursting their confinement; though fast barr'd ws divine and human; guarded strong horrors doubled to defend the pass, lackest, nature, or dire guilt, can raise; noated round, with fathomless destruction. o receive, and whelm them in their fall. h. Britons! is the cause, to you unknown. orfe, o'erlook'd; o'erlook'd by magistrates, criminals themselves. I grant the deed dness; but the madness of the heart. what is that? our utmost bound of guilt. fual, unreflecting life, is big monstrous births, and suicide, to crown lack infernal brood. The bold to break 'n's law supreme, and desperately rush igh facted nature's murder, on their own, ife they never think of death, they die. s equally man's duty, glory, gain, ice to shun, and meditate, his end. by the bed of languishment we fit, feat of wisdom! if our choice, not fate) 'er our dying friends, in anguish hang, the cold dew, or stay the finking head, per their moments, and, in ev'ry clock, at the voice of an eternity; ne dim lamp of life just feebly lift zonizing beam, at us to gaze, fink again, and quiver into death, most pathetic herald of our own; read we such sad scenes? As sent to man rfect vengeance? No; in pity fent, elt him down, like wax, and then impress, ble, death's image on his heart; ing for others, trembling for himself. leed, we tremble, we forget, we fmile. und turns fool, before the cheek is dry.

Our quick-returning folly cancels all; As the tide rushing rases what is writ-

In yielding fands, and smooths the letter'd shore.

Lorenzo! hast thou ever weigh'd a figh;
Or study'd the philosophy of tears?
(A science, yet, unlectur'd in our schools!)
Hast thou descended deep into the breast,
And seen their source? if not, descend with me,
And trace these briny riv'lets to their springs.

Our fun'ral tears, from diff'rent causes rise. As if from fep'rate cifterns in the foul, Of various kinds, they flow. From tender hearts. By fort contagion call'd, forme burst at once, And stream obsequious to the leading eye. Some ask more time, by curious art distill'd. Some hearts in fecret hard, unapt to melt, Struck by the magic of the public eye, Like Moses' smitten rock, gush out amain. Some weep to share the fame of the deceas'd, So high in merit, and to them fo dear. They dwell on praises, which they think they share; And thus, without a blush, commend themselves. Some mourn in proof, that tomething they could love; They-weep not to relieve their grief, but shew. Some weep in perfect justice to the dead, As conscious all their love is in arrear. Some mischievously weep, not unappris'd, Tears, fometimes, aid the conquest of an eve. With what address the soft Ephesians draw Their fable net-work o'er entangled hearts? As feen through crystal, how their roses glow. While liquid pearl runs trickling down their cheek? Of her's not prouder Egypt's wanton queen, Carousing gems, herself dissolv'd in love. Some weep at death, abstracted from the dead. And celebrate, like Charles, their own decease. By kind construction some are deem'd to weep, Because a decent veil conceals their joy.

Some weep in earnest, and yet weep in vain;

As deep in indifferetion, as in woe.

Passion, blind passion! impotently pours

Tears, that deserve more tears; while reason sleeps; Or gazes, like an idiot, unconcern'd; Nor comprehends the meaning of the storm; Knows not it speaks to her, and her alone. Irrationals all forrow are beneath, That noble gift! that privilege of man! From forrow's pang, the birth of endless joy. But these are barren of that birth divine: They weep impetuous, as the summer storm, And sull as short! the cruel grief soon tam'd, They make a passime of the stingless tale; Far as the deep-resounding knell, they spread The dreadful news, and hardly feel it more. No grain of wisdom pays them for their woe.

Half-round the globe, the tears pumpt up by death Are spent in wat'ring vanities of life; In making folly flourish still more fair. When the sick soul, her wonted stay withdrawn, Reclines on earth, and sorrows in the dust; Instead of learning, there, her true support, Though there thrown down her true support to learn, Without heav'n's aid impatient to be blest, She crawls to the next shrub, or bramble vile, Though from the stately cedar's arms she fell; With stale, foresworn embraces, clings anew, The stranger weds, and blossoms, as before, In all the fruitless sopperies of life:

Presents her weed, well-fancy'd, at the ball, And raffles for the death's head on the ring.

So wept Aurelia, till the destin'd youth
Stept in, with his receipt for making smiles,
And blanching sables into bridal bloom.
So wept Lorenzo sair Clarissa's fate;
Who gave that angel boy, on whom he doats;
And dy'd to give him, orphan'd in his birth!
Not such, Narcissa, my distress for thee,
I'll make an altar of thy sacred tomb,
To sacrifice to wisdom——What wast thou?
'Young, gay, and fortunate!' Each yields a ther
I'll dwell on each, to shun thought more severe

(Heaven knows I labour with severer still!)
I'll dwell on each, and quite exhaust thy death.
A soul without reflection, like a pile
Without inhabitant, to ruin runs.

And, first, thy youth. What says it to grey hairs? Narcissa, I'm become thy pupil now-Early, bright, transient, chaste, as morning dew, She sparkled, was exhal'd, and went to heaven. Time on this head has fnow'd: yet still 'tis borne Aloft: nor thinks but on another's grave. Cover'd with shame I speak it, age severe Old worn out vice fets down for virtue fair a With graceless gravity, chastising youth, That youth chastis'd surpassing in a fault, Father of all, forgetfulness of death: As if, like objects preffing on the fight, Death had advanc'd too near us to be feen: Or, that life's loan time ripen'd into right; And men might plead prescription from the grave; Deathless, from repetition of reprieve. Deathless? far from it! such are dead already: Their hearts are bury'd, and the world their grave.

Tell me, some god! my guardian angel! tell, What thus infatuates? what inchantment plants The phantom of an age 'twixt us and death Already at the door? He knocks, we hear him. And yet we will not hear. What mail defends Our untouch'd hearts? what miracle turns off The pointed thought, which from a thousand quivers Is daily darted, and is daily fhunn'd? We stand, as in a battle, throngs on throngs Around us falling, wounded oft ourselves; Tho' bleeding with our wounds, immortal still! We see time's furrows on another's brow. And death intrench'd, preparing his assault; How few themselves, in that just mirror, see! Or, feeing, draw their inference as strong! Their death is certain; doubtful here: he must, And soon; we may, within an age, expire. Tho' grey our heads, our thoughts and aims are green Like damag'd clocks, whose hand and bell dissent; Folly sings six, while nature points at twelve.

Abturd longevity! more, more, it cries: More life, more wealth, more trash of ev'ry kind. And wherefore mad for more, when relish fails! Object, and appetite, must club for joy: Shall folly labour hard to mend the bow. Baubles, I mean, that strike us from without, While nature is relaxing ev'ry string? Ask thought for joy; grow rich, and hoard within. Think you the foul, when this life's rattle cease, Has nothing of more manly to succeed? Contract the taste immortal; learn ev'n now To relish what alone subsists hereaster. Divine, or none, henceforth your joys for ever, Of age the glory is, to wish to die. That wish is praise and promise; it applauds Past life, and promises our future bliss. What weakness see not children in their sires? Grand-climacterical abfurdities! Grey-hair'd authority, to faults of youth, How shocking! It makes folly thrice a fool; And our first childhood might our last despise. Peace and esteem is all that age can hope. Nothing but wisdom gives the first; the last, Nothing, but the repute of being wife, Folly bars both; our age is quite undone.

What felly can be ranker! Like our shadows, Our wishes lengthen, as our sun declines. No wish should loiter, then, this side the grave. Our hearts should leave the world, before the knell Calls for our carcases to mend the soil. Enough to live in tempest, die in port; Age should sty concourse, cover in retreat Desects of judgment; and the will's subdue Walk thoughtful on the silent, solemn shore Of that vast ocean it must sail so soon; And put good works on board; and wait the wind That shortly blows us into worlds unknown; If unconsider'd too, a dreadful scene!

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All should be prophets to themselves; foresee Their future fate; their future fate foretaste; This art would waste the bitterness of death. The thought of death alone, the fear destroys. A disaffection to that precious thought Is more than midnight darkness on the soul, Which sleeps beneath it, on a precipice, Puff'd off by the first blast, and lost for ever.

Dost ask, Lorenzo, why so warmly prest, By repetition hammer'd on thine ear, The thought of death? That thought is the machine, The grand machine! that heaves us from the dust, And rears us into men. That thought ply'd home Will soon reduce the ghastly precipice O'er-hanging hell, will soften the descent, And gently slope our passage to the grave; How warmly to be wisht! What heart of slesh Would trisse with tremendous? dare extremes? Yawn o'er the sate of infinite? what hand, Beyond the blackest brand of censure bold, (To speak a language too well known to thee) Would at a moment give its all to chance, And stamp the die for an eternity?

Aid me, Narcissa! aid me to keep pace With destiny! and ere her scissars cut My thread of life, to break this tougher thread Of moral death, that ties me to the world. Sting thou my slumb'ring reason to send forth A thought of observation on the soe; To fally; and survey the rapid march Of his ten thousand messengers to man; Who, Jehu-like, behind him turns them all. All accident apart, by nature sign'd, My warrant is gone out, tho' dormant yet; Perhaps behind one moment lurks my fate.

Must I then forward only look for death?

Backward I turn mine eye, and find him there.

Man is a self-survivor ev'ry year.

Man, like a stream, is in perpetual flow.

Death's a destroyer of quotidian prey.

My youth, my noon tide, his; my yesterday; The bold invader shares the present hour. Each moment on the former shuts the grave. While man is growing, life is in decrease; And cradles rock us nearer to the tomb. Our birth is nothing but our death begun a As tapers waste, that instant they take fire.

Shall we then fear, lest that should come to pass, Which comes to pass each moment of our lives? If fear we must, let that death turn us pale, Which murders strength and ardor; what remains Should rather call on death, than dread his call. Ye partners of my fault, and my decline! Thoughtless of death, but when your neighbour's knell (Rude visitant!) knocks hard at your dull fense, And with its thunder scarce obtains your ear! Be death your theme in ev'ry place and hour; Nor longer want, ye monumental sires! A brother tomb to tell you you shall die. That death you dread (so great is nature's skill!) Know, you shall court, before you shall enjoy.

But you are learn'd; in volumes, deep you fit; In wildom, shallow: pompous ignorance! Would you be still more learned, than the learn'd? Learn well to know how much need not be known. And what that knowledge which impairs your fense. Our needful knowledge, like our needful food, Unhedg'd, lies open in life's common field: And bids all welcome to the vital feast. You fcorn what lies before you in the page Of nature, and experience, moral truth; Of indispensable, eternal fruit: Fruit, on which mortals feeding, turn to gods: And dive in science for distinguish'd names, Dishonest fomentation of your pride; Sinking in virtue, as you rife in fame. Your learning, like the lunar beam, affords Light, but not heat; it leaves you undevout, Frozen at heart, while speculation shines. Awake, ye curious indagators ! fond

Of knowing all, but what avails you, known. If you would learn death's character, attend-All casts of conduct, all degrees of health, All dies of fortune, and all dates of age, Together shook in his impartial urn. Come forth at random: or if choice is made, The choice is quite farcastic, and insults All bold conjecture, and fond hopes of man. What countless multitudes, not only leave, But deeply disappoint us, by their deaths! Tho' great our forrow, greater our furprize.

Like other tyrants, death delights to fmite. What, smitten, most proclaims the pride of powers And arbitrary nod. His joy supreme, To bid the wretch furvive the fortunate: The feeble wrap th' athletic in his shroud: And weeping fathers build their children's tomb ? Me thine, Narcissa!-What the' short thy date? Virtue, not rolling funs, the mind matures. That life is long, which answers life's great end. The time that bears no fruit, deserves no name: The man of wisdom is the man of years. In hoary youth Methusalems may die; O how misdated on their flatt'ring tombs!

Narcissa's youth has lectur'd me thus far. And can her gaiety give counsel too? That, like the Jew's fam'd oracle of gems, Sparkles instruction; such as throws new light, And opens more the character of death, Ill known to thee, Lorenzo! this thy vaunt: * Give death his due, the wretched, and the old :

Ev'n let him sweep his rubbish to the grave,

Let him not violate kind nature's laws, But own man born to live, as well as die.' Wretched and old thou giv'st him; young and gay He takes; and plunder is a tyrant's joy.

What if I prove, 'The farthest from the fear, Are often nearest to the stroke of fate?

All, more than common, menaces an end.

1 blaze betokens brevity of life:

As if bright embers should emit a flame, Glad spirits sparkled from Narcissa's eye. And made youth younger, and taught life to live. As nature's opposites wage endless war, For this offence, as treason to the deep Inviolable stupor of his reign, Where luft, and turbulent ambition, fleep, Death took swift vengeance. As he life detests. More life is still more odious; and, reduc'd By conquest, aggrandizes more his pow'r. But wherefore aggrandiz'd? by heav'n's decree. To plant the foul on her eternal guard, In awful expectation of our end. Thus runs death's dread commission: Strike, but so. As most alarms the living by the dead.' Hence stratagem delights him, and surprize, And cruel sport with man's securities. Not fimple conquest, triumph is his aim: And, where least fear'd, there conquest triumphs most. This proves my bold affertion not too bold.

What are his arts to lay our fears asleep? Tiberian arts his purposes wrap up In deep dissimulation's darkest night. Like princes unconfess'd in foreign courts, Who travel under cover, death assumes The name and look of life, and dwells among us. He takes all shapes that serve his black designs: Tho' master of a wider empire far Than that, o'er which the Roman eagle slew; Like Nero, he's a siddler, charioteer, Or drives his phaeton, in female guise; Quite unsuspected, till, the wheel beneath, His disarray'd oblation he devours.

He most affects the forms least like himself, His slender self. Hence burly corpulence Is his familiar wear, and sleek disguise. Behind the rosy bloom he loves to lurk, Or ambush in a smile; or wanton dive. In dimples deep; loves eddies, which draw in Adam Unwary hearts, and sink them in despair. Such, on Narcissa's couch, he loster delong.

Unknown; and, when detected, still was feen To smile; such peace has innocence in death!

Most happy they! whom least his arts deceive. One eye on death, and one full-fix'd on heav'n, Becomes a mortal, and immortal man.

Long on his wiles a piqu'd and jealous spy, I've seen, or dreamt I saw, the tyrant dress;

Lay by his horrors, and put on his smiles.

Say, muse, for thou remember'st, call it back, And shew Lorenzo the surprizing scene;

If 'twas a dream, his genius can explain.

'Twas in a circle of the gay 1 stood.

Death would have enter'd; nature pusht him back; Supported by a Doctor of renown,
His point he gain'd. Then artfully dismist The sage; for death design'd to be conceal'd.
He gave an old vivacious usurer
His meagre aspect, and his naked bones;
In gratitude for plumping up his prey,
A pamper'd spendthrist; whose fantastic air,
Well-fashion'd sigure, and cockaded brow,
He took in change, and underneath the pride
Of costly linen, tuck'd his filthy shroud.
His crooked bow he straighten'd to a cane;
And hid his deadly shafts in Myra's eye.

The dreadful masquerader, thus equipt, Out fallies on adventures. Ask you where? Where is he not? for his peculiar haunts, Let this fuffice; fure as night follows day, Death treads in pleasure's footsteps round the world, When pleasure treads the paths, which reason shuns When, against reason, riot shuts the door, And gaiety supplies the place of sense, Then, foremost at the banquet, and the ball, Death leads the dance, or stamps the deadly dye: Nor ever fails the midnight bowl to crown. Gaily caroufing to his gay compeers, Inly he laughs, to fee them laugh at him, As absent far: and when the revel burns, When fear is banish'd and triumphant thoughts Calling for all the joys beneath the moon,

Against him turns the key; and bids him sup With their progenitors—He drops his mask; Frowns out at full; they start, despair, expire.

Scarce with more sudden terror and surprize, From his black mask of nitre, touch'd by fire, He bursts, expands, roars, blazes, and devours, And is not this triumphant treachery,

And more than simple conquest, in the fiend?

And now, Lorenzo, dost thou wrap thy soul
In soft security, because unknown
Which moment is commission'd to destroy?
In death's uncertainty thy danger lies.
Is death uncertain? therefore thou be fixt;
Fixt as a centinel, all eye, all ear,
All expectation of the coming soe.
Rouse, stand in arms, nor lean against thy spear;
Lest slumber steal one moment o'er thy soul,
And fate surprize thee nodding. Watch, be strong;
Thus give each day the merit, and renown,
Of dying well; tho' doom'd but once to die.
Nor let life's period hidden (as from most)
Hide too from thee the precious use of life.

Early, not fudden, was Narciss's fate.

Soon, not surprising, death his visit paid.
Her thought went forth to meet him on his way,
Nor gaiety forgot it was to die.

Tho' fortune too (our third and final theme,)
As an accomplice, play'd her gaudy plumes,
And ev'ry glitt'ring gewgaw, on her sight,
To dazzle, and debauch it from its mark.

Death's dreadful'advent is the mark of man;
And ev'ry thought that misses it, is blind.

Fortune, with youth and gaiety, conspir'd
To weave a tripple wreath of happiness
(If happiness on earth) to crown her brow.
And could death charge thro' such a shining shield?

That shining shield invites the tyrant's spear. As if to damp our elevated aims, And strongly preach humility to man. O how portentous is prosperity in the strong strong

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Few years but yield us proof of death's ambition, To cull his victims from the fairest fold, And sheath his shafts in all the pride of life. When slooded with abundance, purpled o'er With recent honours, bloom'd with ev'ry bliss, Set up in ostentation, made the gaze, The gaudy centre, of the public eye, When fortune thus has tois'd her child in air, Snatcht from the covert of an humble state, How often have I seen him dropt at once, Our morning's envy! and our evening's sigh! As if her bounties were the signal given, The slow'ry wreath to mark the sacrifice, And call death's arrows on the destin'd prey.

High fortune seems in cruel league with fate. Ask you for what? to give his war on man The deeper dread, and more illustrious spoil; Thus to keep daring mortals more in awe. And burns Lorenzo still for the sublime Of life? to hang his airy nest on high, On the slight timber of the topmost bough, Rockt at each breeze, and menacing a fall? Granting grim death at equal distance there; Yet peace begins just where ambition ends. What makes man wretched? Happiness deny'd? Lorenzo! no: 'tis happiness disdain'd. She comes too meanly drest to win our smile;

d calls herself Content, a homely name!
flame is transport, and content our scorn.
bition turns, and shuts the door against her,
d weds a toil, a tempest, in her stead;
tempest to warm transport near of kin.
Inknowing what our mortal state admits,
Life's modest joys we ruin, while we raise;
And all our ecstasses are wounds to peace:
Peace, the full portion of mankind below.

And fince thy peace is dear, ambitious youth!

Of fortune fond, as thoughtle's of thy fate!

As lare I drew death's picture, to fiir up

Thy wholesome fears; now, drawn in contrast, see

Gay fortune's, thy vain hopes to reprimand.

ee, high in air, the sportive goddess hangs, Inlocks her casket, spreads her glitt'ring ware, and calls the giddy winds to puff abroad ler random bounties o'er the gaping throng. Il rush rapacious; freinds o'er trodden friends; ons o'er their fathers, subjects o'er their kings, riests o'er their gods, and lovers o'er the fair, Still more ador'd) to snatch the golden show'r.

Gold glitters most, where virtue shines no more: -s stars from absent suns have leave to shine. what a precious pack of votaries nkennell'd from the prisons, and the stews. our in, all op'ning in their idol's praise! Il, ardent, eye each wafture of her hand, nd, wide-expanding their voracious jaws, Orfel on morfel fwallow down unchew'd. ntasted, thro' mad appetite for more; org'd to the throat, yet lean and rav'nous still. Racious all, to trace the smallest game, ad bold to feize the greatest. If (blest chance!) urt-zephyrs sweetly breathe, they launch, they fly, er just, o'er facred, all forbidden ground, unk with the burning scent of place or pow'r, aunch to the foot of lucre, till they die. Or, if for men you take them, as I mark eir manners, thou their various fates furvey. ith aim mifmeafur'd, and impetuous speed, Ine darting, strike their ardent wish far off, to fury to possess it: some succeed, It stumbles and let fall the taken prize. om some, by sudden blasts, 'tis whirl'd away, and lodg'd in bosoms that ne'er dream'd of gain. > some it sticks so close, that, when torn off, >rn is the man, and mortal is the wound. me, o'er-enamour'd of their bags, run mad, roan under gold, yet weep for want of bread. agether fome (unhappy rivals!) feize, nd rend abundance into poverty; bud croaks the raven of the law, and fmiles: niles too the goddels; but smiles most at those. ust victims of exorbitant defire!)

Who perish at their own request, and, whelm'd Beneath her load of lavish grants, expire. Fortune is famous for her numbers slain. The number small, which happiness can bear. Tho' various for a while their fates; at last One curse involves them all: at death's approach, All read their riches backward into loss, And mourn in just proportion to their store.

And death's approach (if orthodox my fong)
Is hasten'd by the lure of fortune's smiles.
And art thou still a glutton of bright gold?
And art thou still rapacious of thy ruin?
Death loves a shining mark, a signal blow;
A blow, which, while it executes, alarms;
And startles thousands with a single fall.
As when some stately growth of oak, or pine,
Which nods aloft, and proudly spreads her shade,
The sun's defiance, and the slocks' desence;
By the strong strokes of lab'ring hinds subdu'd,
Loud groans her last, and, rushing from her height,
In cumb'rous ruin, thunders to the ground;
The conscious forest trembles at the shock,
And hill, and stream, and distant dale, resound.

These high-aim'd darts of death, and these alone, Should I collect, my quiver would be full. A quiver, which, suspended in mid air, Or near heav'n's archer, in the zodiac, hung. (So could it be) should draw the public eye, The gaze and contemplation of mankind i A constellation awful, yet benign, To guide the gay thro' life's tempestuous wave; Nor susfer them to strike the common rock, From greater danger to grow more secure, And, wraps in happiness, forget their fate.'

Lysander, happy past the common lot,

Lyfander, happy past the common lot,
Was warn'd of danger, but too gay to fear.
He woo'd the fair Aspasia: she was kind;
In youth, form, fortune, fame, they both were blest:
All who knew, envy'd; yet in envy lov'd:
Can fancy form more finish'd happiness?
Fixt was the nuptial hour. Her stately dome.

Rose on the sounding beach. The glitt'ring spires Float in the wave, and break against the shore: So break those glitt'ring shadows, human joys. The faithless morning smil'd: he takes his leave. To re-embrace in ecstasies, at eve. The rifing storm forbids. The news arrives: Untold, the faw it in her fervant's eye. She felt it feen (her heart was apt to feel:) And, drown'd, without the furious ocean's aid. In suffocating forrows, shares his tomb. Now, round the fumptuous bridal monument. The guilty billows innocently roar: And the rough failor passing drops a tear. A tear?—Can tears suffice?—But not for me. How vain our efforts! and our arts, how vain! The distant train of thought I took, to shun, Has thrown me on my fate—These dy'd together: Happy in ruin! undivorc'd by death! Or ne'er to meet, or ne'er to part, is peace-Narcissa! pity bleeds at thought of thee. Yet thou wast only near me; not myself. Survive myself?—That cures all other woe. Narcissa lives; Philander is forgot. O the fost commerce! O the tender ties, Close twisted with the fibres of the heart! Which, broken, break them; and drain off the foul Of human joy; and make it pain to live-And is it then to live? when such friends part, Is the furvivor dies-My heart! no more.

COMPLAINT.

NIGHT THE SIXTH.

THE

INFIDEL RECLAIMED.

IN TWO PARTS.

CONTAINING

THE NATURE, PROOF, AND IMPORTANCE

OF

IMMORTALITY.

PART THE FIRST.

WHERE, AMONG OTHER THINGS, GLORY AND RICH
PARTICULARLY CONSIDERED.

HUMBLY INSCRIBED

TO THE RIGHT HONOURABLE

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PREFACE.

Few ages have been deeper in dispute about religion than this. The dispute about religion, and the practice of it, seldom go together. The shorter, therefore, the dispute, the better. I think it may be reduced to this single question. Is man immortal, or is he not? If he is not, all our disputes are mere amusements, or trials of skill. In this case, truth, reason, religion, which give our discourses such pomp and solemnity, are, (as will be shewn) mere empty sounds, without any meaning in them. But if man is immortal, it will behave him to be very serious about eternal consequences; or, in other words, to be truly religious. And this great sundamental truth, unestablished, or unawakened in the minds of men, is, I conceive, the real source and support of all our insidelity; how remote soever the particular objections

advanced may feem to be from it. Sensible appearances affect most men much more than abstract reasonings; and we daily see bodies drop around us, but the foul is invisible. The power which inclination has over the judgment, is greater than can be well conceived by those that have not had an experience of it: and of what numbers is it the fad interest, that souls should not furvive! The heathen world confessed, that they rather hoped, than firmly believed immortality; and how many heathens have we still among us! The facred page assures us, that life and immortality is brought to light by the gospel: but by how many is the gospel rejected, or overlooked! From these considerations, and from my being, accidentally, privy to the fentiments of some particular persons, I have been long persuaded, that most, if not all, our infidels (whatever name they take, and whatever scheme, for argument's sake, and to keep themselves in countenance, they patronize) are supported in their deplorable error, by some doubt of their immortality, at the bottom. And I am satisfied, that men once thoroughly convinced of their immortality, are not

from being Christians. For it is hard to conceive, that a man fully conscious eternal pain or happiness will certainly be his lot, should not earnessly, and impartially, inquire after the surest means of escaping one, and securing the other. And of such an earnest and impartial inquiry, I well know the consequence.

Here, therefore, in proof of this most fundamental truth, fome plain arguments are offered; arguments derived from principles which infidels admit in common with believers; arguments, which appear to me altogether irrefistible; and such as, I am satisfied, will have great weight with all, who give themselves the small trouble of looking feriously into their own bosoms, and of observing, with any tolerable degree of attention, what daily passes round about them in the world. If fome arguments shall here occur, which others have declined, they are submitted, with all deference, to better judgments in this, of all points, the most important. For, as to the being of a God, that is no longer disputed: but it is undisputed for this reason only, viz. because where the least pretence to reason is admitted, it must for ever be indisputable. And, of consequence, no man can be betrayed into a dispute of that nature by vanity; which has a principal share in animating our modern combatants against other articles of our belief.

COMPLAINT.

NIGHT THE SIXTH.

SHE* (for I know not yet her name in heaven)
Not early, like Narcissa, left the scene;
Nor sudden, like Philander. What avail?
This seeming mitigation but inflames;
This fancy'd med'cine heightens the disease.
The longer known, the closer still she grew;
And gradual parting, is a gradual death.
'Tis the grim tyrant's engine which extorts
By tardy pressure's still-increasing weight,
From hardest hearts, confession of distress.

O the long, dark approach thro' years of pain, Death's gall'ry! (might I dare to call it fo) With difmal doubt, and fable terror, hung; Sick hope's pale lamp, its only glimm'ring ray There, fate my melancholy walk ordain'd, Forbid felf-love itself to flatter, there. How oft I gaz'd, prophetically fad! How oft I faw her dead, while yet in fmiles! In fmiles she funk her grief, to lessen mine. She spoke me comfort, and increas'd my pain-Like powr'ful armies trenching at a town, By slow, and silent, but resistless sap,

Referring to Night the Fifth.

In his pale progress gently gaining ground, Death urg'd his deadly fiege; in spite of art, Of all the balmy bleffings nature lends 'Po succour frail humanity. Ye stars! (Not now first made familiar to my sight) And thou, O moon! bear witness; many a night He tore the pillow from beneath my head, Ty'd down my fore attention to the shock, By ceaseless depredations on a life Dreadful post Dearer than that he left me. Of observation! darker ev'ry hour! Less dread the day that drove me to the brink, And pointed at eternity below; When my foul shudder'd at futurity: When, on a moment's point, th' important dye Of life and death spun doubtful, ere it fell, And turn'd up life; my title to more woe.

But why more woe? more comfort let it be.
Nothing is dead, but that which wish'd to die;
Nothing is dead, but wretchedness and pain;
Nothing is dead, but what incumber'd, gall'd,
Block'd up the pass, and barr'd from real life.
Where dwells that wish most ardent of the wise?
Too dark the sun to see it; highest stars

Too low to reach it; death, great death alone, O'er stars and sun, triumphant, lands us there.

Nor dreadful our transition; tho' the mind, An artist at creating self-alarms, Rich in expedients for inquietude, Is prone to paint it dreadful. Who can take Death's portrait true? the tyrant never sat. Our sketch all random strokes, conjecture all; Close shuts the grave, nor tells one single tale. Death and his image rising in the brain, Bear faint resemblance; never are alike; Fear shakes the pencil; sancy loves excess, Dark ignorance is lavish of her shades: And these the formidable picture draw.

But grant the worst; 'ris past: new prospects rise; And drop a veil eternal o'er her tomb.

Par other views our contemplation claims.

Views that o'erpay the rigours of our life;
Views that suspend our agonies in death,
Wrapt in the thought of immortality,
Wrapt in the single, the triumphant thought!
Long life might lapse, age unperceiv'd come on;
And find the soul unsated with her theme.
Its nature, proof, importance, fire my song.
O that my song could emulate my soul!
Like her, immortal. No!—the soul dissains
A mark so mean; far nobler hope inflames;
If endless ages can outweigh an hour,
Let not the laurel, but the palm, inspire.

Thy nature Immortality! who knows? And yet who knows it not? it is but life In stronger thread of brighter colour spun. And foun for ever; dipt by cruel fate In Stygian dye, how black, how brittle here ! How short our correspondence with the sun! And while it lasts, inglorious! Our best deeds, How wanting in their weight! our highest joys Small cordials to support us in our pain, And give us strength to suffer. But how great To mingle int'rests, converse, amities, With all the fons of reason, scatter'd wide Through habitable space, wherever born. Howe'er endow'd! to live free citizens Of univerfal nature! to lay hold By more than feeble faith on the Supreme! To call heav'n's rich unfathomable mines (Mines, which support archangels in their flate) Our own! to rife in science, as in bliss, Initiate in the secrets of the skies! To read creation; read its mighty plan In the bare bosom of the Deity! The plan, and execution, to collate! To see, before each glance of piercing thought, All cloud, all shadow, blown remote; and leave No mystery—but that of love divine, Which lifts us on the feraph's flaming wing, From earth's Aceldama, this field of blood, Of inward anguish, and of outward ill,

From darkness, and from dust, to such a scene! Love's element! true joy's illustrious home! From earth's sad contrast (now deplor'd) more sai What exquisite vicissitude of sate! Blest absolution of our blackest hour!

Lorenzo, these are thoughts that make man mai The wife illumine, aggrandize the great. How great, (while yet we tread the kindred clod, And ev'ry moment fear to fink beneath The clod we tread: foon trodden by our fons) How great, in the wild whirl of time's pursuits, To stop, and pause, involv'd in high presage, Through the long vista of a thousand years, To stand contemplating our distant selves, As in a magnifying mirror feen, Enlarg'd, ennobled, elevate, divine! To prophely our own futurities! To gaze in thought on what all thought transcend To talk, with fellow-candidates, of joys As far beyond conception, as defert, Ourselves th' astonish'd talkers, and the tale!

Lorenzo, fwells thy bosom at the thought? The fwell becomes thee: 'tis an honest pride. Revere thyself; and yet thyself despise. His nature no man can o'er-rate; and none Can under-rate his merit. Take good heed. Nor there be modest, where thou shouldst be proud That almost universal error shun. How just our pride, when we behold those heights Not those ambition paints in air, but those Reason points out, and ardent virtue gains: And angels emulate; our pride how just ! When mount we? when the shackles cast? when This cell of the creation? this small nest. Stuck in a corner of the universe, Wrapt up in fleecy cloud, and fine-fpun air? Fine spun to sense; but gross and seculent To fouls celeftial; fouls ordain'd to breathe Ambrofial gales, and drink a purer sky; Greatly triumphant on time's farther frome.

Where virtue reigns, enrich'd with full arrears; While pomp imperial begs an alms of peace.

In empire high, or in proud science deep,
Ye born of earth! on what can you confer,
With half the dignity, with half the gain,
The gust, the glow of rational delight,
As on this theme, which angels praise and share?
Man's fate and favours are a theme in heav'n.

What wretched repetition cloys us here!
What periodic potions for the fick!
Distemper'd bodies! and distemper'd minds!
In an eternity, what scenes shall strike!
Adventures thicken! novelties surprise!
What webs of wonder shall unravel, there!
What full day pour on all the paths of heaven,
And light th' Almighty's footsteps-in the deep!
How shall the blessed day of our discharge
Unwind, at once, the labyrinths of fate,
And straiten its inextricable maze!

If inextinguishable thirst in man To know; how rich, how full, our banquet there! There, not the moral world alone unfolds; The world material, lately feen in shades, And, in those shades, by fragments only seen, And feen those fragments by the lab'ring eye, Unbroken, then, illustrious, and entire, Its ample fphere, its univerfal frame, In full dimensions, swells to the survey: And enters, at one glance, the ravish'd fight. From some superiour point (where, who can tell? Suffice it, 'tis a point where gods refide) How shall the stranger man's illumin'd eye, In the vast ocean of unbounded space, Behold an infinite of floating worlds Divide the chrystal waves of ether pure, In endless voyage, without port? The least Of these disseminated orbs, how great! Great as they are, what numbers these surpass, Huge, as leviathan, to that small race, Those twinkling multitudes of little life, He swallows unperceiv'd ! Stupendous these !

Yet what are these stupendous to the whole? As particles, as atoms ill perceiv'd; As circulating globules in our veins; So vast the plan: fecundity divine! Exub'rant source! perhaps, I wrong thee still.

If admiration is a fource of joy,
What transport hence! yet this the least in heaven.
What this to that illustrious robe He wears,
Who toss'd this mass of wonder from his hand,
A specimen, an earnest, of his power?
'Tis, to that glory, whence all glory flows,
As the mead's meanest flow'ret to the fun,
Which gave it birth. But what, this sun of heav'n?
This bliss supreme of the supremely blest?
Death, only death, the question can resolve.
By death, cheap-bought the ideas of our joy;
The bare ideas! solid happiness

So distant from its shadow, chas'd below.

And chase we still the phantom through the sire,
O'er bog, and brake, and precipice, till death?
And toil we still for sublunary pay?
Defy the dangers of the field and flood,
Or, spider-like, spin out our precious all,
Our more than vitals spin (if no regard
To great suturity) in curious webs
Of subtle thought, and exquisite design;
(Fine net-work of the brain!) to catch a sty!
The momentary buz of vain renown!

A name! a mortal immortality!

Or (meaner still!) instead of grasping air,
For fordid lucre plunge we in the mire?
Drudge, sweat, through ev'ry shame, for ev'ry gain,
For vile contaminating trash throw up
Our hope in heav'n, our dignity with man?
And deify the dirt, matur'd to gold?
Ambition, avarice; the two demons these,
Which goad through ev'ry slough our human herd,
Hard travell'd from the cradle to the grave.
How low the wretches stoop! how steep they climb!
These demons burn mankind; but most possess
Lorenzo's bosom, and turn out the stress.

Is it in time to hide eternity!

And why not in an atom on the fhore,
To cover ocean? or a mote, the fun?
Glory and wealth! have they this blinding power?
What if to them I prove Lorenzo blind?
Would it furprize thee? Be thou then furpriz?d;
Thou neither know'st: their nature learn from me.

Mark well, as foreign as these subjects seem, What close connexion ties them to my theme. First, what is true ambition? The pursuit Of glory, nothing less than man can share.

Were they as vain, as gaudy minded man, As flatulent with fumes of felf-applause, Their arts and conquests animals might boast, And claim their laurel crowns as well as we; But not celestial. Here we stand alone: As in our form, distinct, pre-eminent If prone in thought, our stature is our shame; And man should blush, his forehead meets the skies. The visible and present are for brutes. A flender portion! and a narrow bound! These reason, with an energy divine, O'erleaps; and claims the future and unfeen; The vast unseen! the future fathomless! When the great foul buoys up to this high point, Leaving gross nature's sediments below, Then, and then only, Adam's offspring quits The fage and hero of the fields and woods, Asserts his rank, and rises into man. This is ambition, this is human fire.

Can parts or place (two bold pretenders!) make Lorenzo great, and pluck him from the throng?

Genius and art, ambition's boalted wings,
Our boalt but ill deserve. A feeble aid!
Dedalian engin'ry! if these alone
Affist our flight, fame's flight is glory's fall.
Heart-merit wanting, mount we ne'er so high,
Our height is but the gibbet of our name.
A celebrated wretch when I behold,
When I behold a genius bright, and base,
Of tow'ring talents, and terrestrial aims;

Methinks I fee, as thrown from her high sphere, The glorious fragments of a soul immortal, With rubbish inix'd, and glitt'ring in the dust. Struck at the splendid, melancholy sight, At once compassion soft, and envy, rise. But wherefore envy? talents angel-bright, If wanting worth, are shining instruments In salse ambicion's hand, to finish saults Illustrious, and give insamy renown.

Great ill is an achievment of great pow'rs. Plain fense but rarely leads us far astray. Reason the means, affections choose our end; Means have no merit, if our end amis. If wrong our hearts, our heads are right in vain; What is a Pelham's head, to Pelham's heart? Hearts are proprietors of all applause. Right ends, and means, make wisdom: worldly wis

Is but half-witted, at its highest praise.

Let genius then despair to make thee great: Nor flatter station: what is station high? 'Tis a proud mendicant; it boalts, and begs; It begs an alms of homage from the throng, And oft the throng denies its charity. Monarchs, and ministers, are awful names: Whoever wear them, challenge our devoir. Religion, public order, both exact External homage, and a supple knee, To beings pompoully fet up, to ferve The meanest slave; all more is merit's due. Her facred and inviolable right: Nor ever paid the monarch, but the man. Our hearts ne'er bow but to fuperiour worth ; Nor ever fail of their allegiance there. Fools, indeed, drop the man in their account, And vote the mantle into majesty. Let the small savage boast his silver fur; His royal robe unborrow'd, and unbought, His own, descending fairly from his sires, Shall man be proud to wear his livery, And fouls in ermine fcorn a foul without? Can place or leffen us, or aggrandize?

mies are Pygmies still, though perch'd on Alps: d pyramids are pyramids in vales. :h man makes his own stature, builds himself : tue alone out-builds the pyramids; monuments shall last, when Egypt's fall. If these sure truths dost thou demand the cause? e cause is lodg'd in immortality. ir, and affent. Thy bosom burns for pow'r: at station charms thee? I'll install thee there: And art thou greater than before? en thou before wast something less than man. s thy new post betray'd thee into pride? it treach'rous pride betrays thy dignity; it pride defames humanity, and calls being mean, which staffs or strings can raise. it pride, like hooded hawks, in darkness soars, m blindness bold, and tow'ring to the skies. born of ignorance, which knows not man: angel's fecond; nor his fecond, long. Nero quitting his imperial throne, d courting glory from the tinkling string, faintly shadows an immortal soul, h empire's felf, to pride, or rapture fir'd. obler motives minister no cure, n vanity forbids thee to be vain. ligh worth is elevated place: 'tis more; nakes the post stand candidate for thee; kes more than monarchs, makes an honest man; ough no exchequer it commands, 'tis wealth; d though it wears no ribband, 'tis renown; nown, that would not quit thee, though difgrac'd, · leave thee pendent on a master's smile. er ambition nature interdicts: ure proclaims it most absurd in man. pointing at his origin, and end; k, and a swathe, at first, his whole demand; whole domain, at last, a turf or stone; whom, between, a world may feem too fmall. ouls truly great dart forward on the wing just ambition, to the grand result, e curtain's fall; there, see the buskin'd chief

Unshod behind this momentary scene;
Reduc'd to his own stature, low or high,
As vice, or virtue, sinks him, or sublimes;
And laugh at this fantastic mummery,
This antic prelude of grotesque events,
Where dwarfs are often stilted, and betray
A littleness of soul by worlds o'er-run,
And nations laid in blood Dread sacrifice
To Christian pride! which had with horror shock'd
The darkest Pagans, offer'd to their gods.

O thou most Christian enemy to peace !
Again in arms? again provoking fate?
That prince, and that alone, is truly great,
Who draws the sword reluctant, gladly sheaths;
On empire builds what empire far outweighs,
And makes his throne a scaffold to the skies.

Why this fo rare? because forgot of all
The day of death; that venerable day,
Which sits as judge; that day, which shall pronou
On all our days, absolve them, or condemn.
Lorenzo, never shut thy thought against it,
Be levees ne'er so full, afford it room,
And give it audience in the cabinet.
That friend consulted, flatteries apart,
Will tell thee fair, if thou art great, or mean.

To doat on aught may leave us, or be left, Is that ambition? then let flames descend, Point to the centre their inverted spires, And learn humiliation from a foul, Which boasts her lineage from celestial fire. Yet these are they, the world pronounces wise; The world, which cancels nature's right and wrong And casts new wisdom: ev'n the grave man lends His folemn face, to countenance the coin. Wisdom for parts is madness for the whole. This stamps the paradox, and gives us leave To call the wifest weak, the richest poor, The most ambitious, unambitious, mean: In triumph, mean; and abject, on a throne. Nothing can make it less than mad in man, To put forth all his ardour, all his art,

And give his foul her full unbounded flight, But reaching him, who gave her wings to fly. When blind ambition quite mistakes her road, And downward pores, for that which shines above, Substantial happiness, and true renown; Then, like an idiot gazing on the brook, We leap at stars, and saften in the mud; At glory grafp, and sink in insamy.

Ambition! pow'rful fource of good and ill! Thy firength in man, like length of wing in birds, When disengag'd from earth, with greater ease, And swifter slight, transports us to the skies; By toys entangled, or in guilt bemir'd, It turns a curse; it is our chain, and scourge, In this dark dungeon, where confin'd we lie, Close-grated by the sordid bars of sense; All prospect of eternity shut out; And, but for execution, ne'er set free.

With error in ambition juftly charg'd, Find we Lorenzo wifer in his wealth? What if thy rental I reform? and draw An inventory new to fet thee right? Where, thy true treasure? Gold says, 'not in me:' And, 'not in me,' the diamond. Gold is poor; India's infolvent: feek it in thyfelf, Seek in thy naked felf, and find it there: In being so descended, form'd, endow'd; Sky-born, sky-guided, sky-returning race! Erect, immortal, rational, divine! In fenses, which inherit earth, and heav'ns a Enjoy the various riches nature yields; Far nobler; give the riches they enjoy, Give taste to fruits, and harmony to groves; Their radiant beams to gold, and gold's bright fire 5 Take in, at once, the landscape of the world, At a small inlet, which a grain might close, And half create the wond'rous world they see. Our fenses, as our reason, are divine. But for the magic organ's pow'rful charm, Earth were a rude, uncolour'd chaos still. Objects are but th' occasion; ours th' exploit;

Ours is the cloth, the pencil, and the paint,
Which nature's admirable picture draws;
And beautifies creation's ample dome.
Like Milton's Eve, when gazing on the lake,
Man makes the matchless image, man admires.
Say then, shall man, his thoughts all sent abroad,
Superior wonders in himself forgot,
His admiration waste on objects round,
When heav'n makes him the soul of all he sees?
Absurd! not rare! so great, so mean, is man.

What wealth in senses such as these! what wealth In fancy, fir'd to form a fairer scene Than fense surveys; in mem'ry's firm record, Which, should it perish, could this world recall From the dark shadows of o'erwhelming years! In colours fresh, originally bright Preserves its portrait, and report its fate: What wealth in intellect, that fov'reign pow'r! Which sense, and fancy, summons to the bar ; Interrogates, approves, or reprehends; And from the mass those underlings import, From their materials sisted, and refin'd, And in truth's balance, accurately weigh'd, Forms art, and science, government, and law s The folid basis, and the beauteous frame, The vitals, and the grace of civil life; And manners (fad exception!) fet aside, Strikes out, with master hand, a copy fair Of his idea, whose indulgent thought, Long, long, ere chaos teem'd, plann'd human blifs. What wealth in fouls that foar, dive, range around Disdaining limit, or from place, or time; And hear at once, in thought extensive, hear The almighty fiat, and the trumpet's found! Bold, on creation's outfide walk, and view What was, and is, and more than e'er shall be; Commanding, with omnipotence of thought, Creations new in fancy's field to rife! Souls, that can grasp whate'er th' Almighty made. And wander wild thro' things impossible! What wealth, in faculties of endless growth,

In quenchless passions violent to crave, In liberty to choose, in pow'r to reach, And in duration (how thy riches rise!) Duration to perpetuate—boundless bliss!

Ask you, what pow'r resides in seeble man That bliss to gain? Is virtue's, then, unknown? Virtue, our present peace, our future prize. Man's unprecarious, natural estate, Improveable at wilk, in virtue lies; Its tenure sure; its income is divine.

High-built abundance, heap on heap! for what? To breed new wants, and beggar us the more; Then, make a richer scramble for the throng? Soon as this feeble pulse, which leaps so long Almost by miracle, is tir'd with play, Like rubbish from disploding engines thrown, Our magazines of hoarded trifles sly; Fly diverse; sly to foreigners, to foes; New masters court, and call the former fool (How justly!) for dependence on their stay. Wide scatter, first, our play-things; then, our dust.

Dost court abundance for the sake of peace? Learn, and lament thy self-deseated scheme: Riches enable to be richer still; And, richer still, what mortal can resist? Thus wealth (a cruel task-master!) enjoins. New toils, succeeding toils, an endless train! And murders peace, which taught it first to shine. The poor are half as wretched as the rich; Whose proud and painful privilege it is, At once, to bear a double load of woe; To seel the stings of envy, and of want, Outrageous want! both Indies cannot cure.

A competence is vital to content.

Much wealth is corpulence, if not difease;
Sick, or incumber'd, is our happiness.

A competence is all we can enjoy.

O be content, where heav's can give no more

More, like a flash of water from a lock,
Quickens our spirit's movements for an more

But focn its force is fpent, nor rife our joys Above our native temper's common stream. Hence disappointment lurks in ev'ry prize, As bees in flow'rs; and stings us with success.

The rich man, who denies it, proudly feigns;
Nor knows the wife are privy to the lie.
Much learning shews how little mortals know;
Much wealth, how little worldlings can enjoy:
At best, it babies us with endless toys,
And keeps us children till we drop to dust.
As monkeys at a mirror stand amaz'd,
They sail to find, what they so plainly see:
Thus men, in shining riches, see the sace
Of happiness, nor know it is a shade;
But gaze, and touch, and peep, and peep again;
And wish, and wonder it is absent still.

How few can rescue opulence from want!
Who lives to nature, rarely can be poor;
Who lives to fancy, never can be rich.
Poor is the man in debt; the man of gold,
In debt to fortune, trembles at her pow'r.
The man of reason smiles at her, and death.
O what a patrimony this! a being
Of such inherent strength and majesty,
Not worlds possess can raise it; worlds destroy'd
Can't injure; which holds on its glorious course,
When thine, O nature! ends; too blest to mourn
Creation's obsequies. What treasure, this!
The monarch is a beggar to the man.

Immortal! ages past, yet nothing gone!
Morn without eve! a race without a goal!
Unshorten'd by progression infinite!
Futurity for ever future! life
Beginning still, where computation ends!
'Tis the description of a Deity!
'Tis the description of the meanest slave:
'The meanest slave dares then Lorenzo scorn?
The meanest slave thy sov'reign glory shares.
Proud youth! fastidious of the lower world!
Man's lawful pride includes humility,
Stoops to the lowest; is too great to find

Inferiors; all immortal! brothers all! Proprietors eternal of thy love.

Immortal! what can strike the sense so strong, As this the soul? It thunders to the thought; Reason amazes; gratitude o'erwhelms; No more we slumber on the brink of sate; Rous'd at the sound, th' exulting soul ascends, And breathes her native air; an air that seeds Ambitions high, and sans ethereal sires; Quick-kindles all that is divine within us; Nor leaves one loit'ring thought beneath the stars.

Has not Lorenzo's bosom caught the flame Immortal? were but one immortal, how Would others envy! how would thrones adore! Because 'tis common, is the blessing lost? How this ties up the bounteous hand of Heav'n! O vain, vain, vain! all else; eternity! A glorious, and a needful refuge, that, From vile imprisonment, in abject views 'Tis immortality, 'tis that alone, Amid life's pains, abasements, emptiness, The foul can comfort, elevate, and fill. That only, and that amply, this performs: Lifts us above life's pains, her joys above; Their terror those; and these their hastre lose Eternity depending covers all; Eternity depending all achieves; Sets earth at distance; casts her into shades: Blends her distinctions; abrogates her pow'rs; The low, the lofty, joyous, and fevere, Fortune's dread frowns, and fascinating fmiles. Make one promiscuous and neglected heap, The man beneath; if I may call him man, Whom immortality's full force inspires. Nothing terrestrial touches his high thought a Suns shine unseen, and thunders roll unheard, By minds quite conscious of their high descent, Their present province, and their future prize; Divinely darting upward ev'ry with, Warm on the wing, in glorious absence lok.

Doubt you this truth? why labours your belief? If earth's whole orb, by fome due distanc'd eye Were seen at once, her tow'ring Alps would sink, And level'd Atlas leave an even sphere. Thus earth, and all that earthly minds admire, Is swallow'd in eternity's vast round. To that stupendous view, when souls awake, So large of late, so mountainous to man, Time's toys subside; and equal all below.

Enthusiastic, this? then all are weak,
But rank enthusiasts. To this godlike height
Some souls have foar'd; or martyrs ne'er had bled.
And all may do, what has by man been done'.
Who, beaten by these sublunary storms,
Boundless, interminable, joys can weigh,
Unraptur'd, unexalted, uninflam'd?
What slave unblest, who from to-morrow's dawn
Expects an empire? he forgets his chain,
And, thron'd in thought, his absent sceptre waves.

And what a fceptre waits us! what a throne! Her own immense appointments to compute, Or comprehend her high prerogatives, In this her dark minority, how toils, How vainly pants, the human soul divine: Too great the bounty seems for earthly joy: What heart but trembles at so strange a bliss?

In spite of all the truths the muse has sung,
Ne'er to be priz'd enough! enough revolv'd!
Are there who wrap the world so close about them,
They see no farther than the clouds; and dance
On heedless vanity's fantastic toe,
Till, stumbling at a straw, in their career,
Headlong they plunge, where end both dance and song
Are there Lorenzo? is it possible?
Are there on earth (let me not call them men)
Who lodge a soul immortal in their breasts;
Unconscious as the mountain of its ore;
Or rock, of its inestimable gem?
When rocks shall melt, and mountains vanish, these
Shall know their treasure; treasure, then, no more.

Are there (still more amazing) who refist The rifing thought? who fmother in its birth, The glorious truth? who struggle to be brutes? Who thro' this bosom-barrier burst their way? And with reverst ambition strive to fink: Who labour downwards thro' th' opposing powers Of instinct, reason, and the world against them, To difmal hopes, and shelter in the shock Of endless night? night darker than the grave's? Who fight the proofs of immortality? With horrid zeal, and execrable arts, Work all their engines, level their black fires, To blot from man this attribute divine, (Than vital blood far dearer to the wife) Blasphemers, and rank atheists to themselves? To contradict them, see all nature rise!

To contradict them, see all nature rise!
What object, what event, the moon beneath,
But argues, or endears, an after scene?
To reason proves, or weds it to desire?
All things proclaim it needful; some advance
One precious step beyond, and prove it sure.
A thousand arguments swarm round my pen,
From heav'n, and earth, and man. Indulge a few,
By nature, as her common habit, worn;
So pressing providence a struth to teach,
Which truth untaught, all other truths were vain.

Thou! whose all-providential eye surveys,
Whose hand directs, whose spirit fills and warms
Creation, and holds empire far beyond!
Eternity's inhabitant august!
Of two eternities amazing Lord!
One past, ere man's or angel's had begun;
Aid! while I rescue from the foe's assault,
Thy glorious immortality in man:
A theme for ever, and for all, of weight,
Of moment infinite! but relish'd most
By those who love thee most, who most adore,

Nature, thy daughter, ever-changing birth Of thee the great immutable, to man Speaks wisdom; is his oracle supreme; And he who most consults her is most wife.

Lorenzo, to this heav'nly Delphos haste;
And come back all immortal; all divine:
Look nature through, 'tis revolution all;
All change, no death. Day follows night; and night
The dying day; stars rise, and set, and rise;
Earth takes th' example. See, the summer gay,
With her green chaplet, and ambrosial flowers,
Droops into pallid autumn: winter grey,
Horrid with frost, and turbulent with storm,
Blows autumn, and his golden fruits, away:
Then melts into the spring: soft spring, with breath
Favonian, from warm chambers of the south,
Recals the first. All, to re-slourish, fades.
As in a wheel, all sinks to re-ascend.
Emblems of man, who passes, not expires.

With this minute distinction, emblems just, Nature revolves, but man advances; both Eternal, that a circle, this a line.
That gravitates, this soars. Th' aspiring soul Ardent and tremulous, like stame, ascends; Zeal and humility, her wings to heav'n. The world of matter, with its various forms, All dies into new life. Life born from death Rolls the vast mass, and shall for ever roll. No single atom, once in beings lost, With change of council charges the Most High.

What hence infers Lorenzo? Can it be?
Matter immortal? and shall spirit die?
Above the nobler, shall less noble rise?
Shall man alone, for whom all else revives,
No resurrection know? shall man alone,
Imperial man? be sown in barren ground,
Less privileg'd than grain, on which he feeds.?
Is man, in whom alone is pow'r to prize
The bliss of being, or with previous pain
Deplore its period, by the spleen of sate,
Severely doom'd death's single unredeem'd?

If nature's revolution speaks aloud,
In her gradation, hear her louder still.
Look-nature thro', 'tis neat gradation all.
By what minute degrees her scale ascends?

ach middle nature join'd at each extreme, that above it join'd, to that beneath. irts, into parts reciprocally shot, bhor divorce: what love of union reigns? ere, dormant matter waits a call to life; alf-life, half-death, join there; here, life and fense; here, fense from reason steals a glimm'ring ray: eason shines out in man. But how preserv'd he chain unbroken upward, to the realms f incorporeal life? those realms of bliss. here death has no dominion? Grant a make alf-mortal, half-immortal; earthly, part; nd part ethereal; grant the foul of man ternal; or in man the series ends. 'ide yawns the gap: connexion is no more; heck'd reason halts; her next step wants support; riving to climb, the tumbles from her fcheme; scheme, analogy pronounc'd so true; nalogy, man's furest guide below... Thus far, all nature calls on thy belief. nd will Lorenzo, careless of the call. alse attestation on all nature charge. ather than violate his league with death? enounce his reason, rather than renounce he dust belov'd, and run the risk of heav'n? what indignity to deathless souls! That treason to the majesty of man! If man immortal! hear the lofty style: If so decreed, th' Almighty Will be done. Let earth dissolve, you pond'rous orbs descend, And grind us into dust: the soul is safe; The man emerges; mounts above the wreck As tow'ring flame from nature's fun'ral pyre; O'er devastation, as a gainer, fmiles; His charter, his inviolable rights, Well-pleas'd to learn from thunder's impotence, Death's pointless darts, and hell's defeated storme. But these chimeras touch not thee, Lorenzo: he glories of the world, thy fev'nfold shield. ther ambition than of crowns in air, and superlunary felicities,

Thy bosom warm. I'll cool it, if I can; And turn those glories that enchant, against thee. What ties thee to this life, proclaims the next. If wise, the cause that wounds thee is thy cure.

Come, my ambitious! let us mount together! (To mount Lorenzo never can refuse;) And from the clouds, where pride delights to dwe Look down on earth.—What feest thou? Won Terrestrial wonders, that eclipse the skies. What lengths of labour'd lands! what loaded feas Loaded by man, for pleasure, wealth, or war! Seas, winds, and planets, into service brought. His art acknowledge, and promote his ends. Nor can the eternal rocks his will withstand: What levell'd mountains! and what lifted vales! O'er vales and mountains sumptuous cities swell, And gild our landscape with their glitt'ring spire Some 'mid the wond'ring waves majestic rise; And Neptune holds a mirror to their charms. Far greater still (what cannot mortal might?) See, wide dominions ravish'd from the deep! The narrow'd deep with indignation foams. Or fouthward turn; to delicate and grand, The finer arts there ripen in the fun. How the tail temples, as to meet their gods. Ascend the skies! the proud triumphal arch Shews us half-heaven beneath its ample bend. High thro' mid air, here, streams are taught to fl Whole rivers, there, laid by in basons, sleep. Here, plains turn oceans; there, vast oceans join Thro' kingdoms channel'd deep from shore to she And chang'd creation takes its face from man. Beats thy brave breast for formidable scenes. Where fame and empire wait upon the fword? See fields in blood; hear naval thunders rife: Britannia's voice! that awes the world to peace. How you enormous mole projecting breaks The mid-fea, furious waves! their roar amidst. Out-speaks the Deity, and says, 'O main! 'Thus far, not farther; new restraints obey' Earth's disembowel'd! measur'd are the thies!

Stars are detected in their deep recess! Creation widens! vanquish'd nature yields! Her secrets are extorted! art prevails; What monument of genius, spirit, power!

And now, Lorenzo! raptur'd at this scene, Whose glories render heaven superstuous! say, Whose footsteps these?—Immortals have been here. Could less than souls immortal this have done? Earth's cover'd o'er with proofs of souls immortal?

And proofs of immortality forgot.

To flatter thy grand foible, I confess,
These are ambition's works: and these are great:
But this, the least immortal souls can do;
Transcend them all—But what can these transcend?
Dost ask me, what?—One sigh for the distrest.
What then for insidels? A deeper sigh.
'Tis moral grandeur makes the mighty man:
How little they, who think aught great below?
All our ambitions death deseats, but one;
And that it crowns.—Here cease we: but ere long,
More pow'rful proof shall take the field against thee,
Stronger than death, and smiling at the tomb.

COMPLAINT.

NIGHT THE SEVENTH.

BEING THE

SECOND PART

OF THE

INFIDEL RECLAIMED.

CONTAINING

THE NATURE, PROOF, AND IMPORTANCE,

ΟŦ

IMMÓRTALITY.

PREFACE

AS we are at war with the power, it were well if we were at war with the manners of France. of levity is a land of guilt. A ferious mind is the native foil of every virtue; and the fingle character that does true honour to mankind. The foul's immortality has been the favourite theme with the ferious of all ages. Nor is it strange; it is a subject by far the most interesting and important that can enter the mind of man. Of highest moment this subject always was, and always will Yet this its highest moment feems to admit of increase, at this day; a fort of occasional importance is superadded to the natural weight of it; if that opinion which is advanced in the preface to the preceding night be just. It is there supposed, that all our insidels, whatever scheme, for argument's sake, and to keep themfelves in countenance, they patronize, are betrayed into their deplorable error, by some doubt of their immortality, at the bottom. And the more I consider this point, the more I am persuaded of the truth of that opinion. Though the distrust of a futurity is a strange error, yet is it an error into which bad men may naturally be diftreffed. For it is impossible to bid defiance to final ruin. without some refuge in imagination, some presumption of escape. And what prefumption is there? There are but two in nature: but two, within the compass of human thought. And these are, that either God will not, or cannot punish. Considering the divine attributes, the first is too gross to be digested by our strongest wishes. And fince Omnipotence is as much a divine attribute as holiness, that God cannot punish, is as absurd a supposition as the former. Gon certainly can punish, as long as wicked men exist. In non-existence, therefore, is their only refuge; and, consequently, non-existence is their strongest wish. And strong wishes have a strange influence on our opinions; they bias the judgment, in a man

ner almost incredible. And fince on this member of their alternative, there are some very small appearances in their favour, and none at all on the other, they catch at this reed, they lay hold on this chimera to save themselves from the shock and horror of an immediate, and absolute despair.

On reviewing my subject, by the light which this argument, and others of like tendency, threw upon it, I was more inclined than ever to pursue it, as it appeared to me to strike directly at the main root of all our infidelity. In the following pages, it is, accordingly, pursued at large; and some arguments for immortality, new (at least to me,) are ventured on in them. There also the writer has made an attempt to set the gross absurdations and horrors of annihilation in a fuller and more affecting view than is, I think, to be met with elsewhere.

The gentlemen, for whose sake this attempt was chiefly made, profess great admiration for the wifdom of heathen antiquity: what pity it is they are not fincere; if they were fincere, how would it mortify them to confider, with what contempt and abhorrence their notions would have been received, by those whom they so much admire? what degree of contempt and abhorrence would fall to their share, may be conjectured by the following matter of fact, in my opinion, extremely memorable. Of all their heathen worthies, Socrates, it is well known, was the most guarded, dispassionate, and composed; yet this great master of temper was angry; and angry at his last hour; and angry with his friend; and angry for what deserved acknowledgment, angry, for a right and tender instance of true friendship towards him. this furprising? what could be the cause? The cause was for his honour; it was a truly noble, though, perhaps, a too punctilious, regard for immortality: for his friend asking him, with such an affectionate concern as became a friend, "Where he should deposit his remains?" It was refented by Socrates, as implying a difhonourable supposition that he could be so mean, as to have regard for any thing, even in himself, that was not immortal.

This fact well considered, would make our inside!s withdraw their admiration from Socrates; or make them endeavour, by their imitation of this illustrious example, to share his glory: and, consequently, it would incline them to peruse the following pages with candour and impartiality: which is all I desire; and that, for their sakes; for I am persuaded, that an unprejudiced inside! must, necessarily, receive some advantageous impressions from them.

Fuly 7th, 1744.

COMPLAINT.

NIGHT THE SEVENTH.

HEAV'N gives the needful, but neglected, call.
What day, what hour, but knocks at human hearts,
To wake the foul to fense of future scenes?
Deaths stand, like Mercuries, in ev'ry way;
And kindly point us to our journey's end.
Pope, who couldst make immortals! art thou dead?
I give thee joy: nor will I take my leave;
So soon to follow. Man but dives in death;
Dives from the sun, in fairer day to rise;
The grave, his subterranean road to bliss.
Yes, infinite indulgence plann'd it so;
Thro' various parts our glorious story runs;
Time gives the preface, endless age unrolls
The volume (ne'er unroll'd) of human fate.
This, earth and skies* already have proclaim'd.

This, earth and skies already have proclaim'd. The world's a prophecy of worlds to come; And who, what God foretells (who speaks in things, Still louder than in words) shall dare deny? If nature's arguments appear too weak, Turn a new leaf, and stronger read in man. If man sleeps on, untaught by what he sees, Can be prove inside to what he feels?

· Night the Sixth.

He, whose blind thought futurity denies, Unconscious bears, Bellerophon! like thee, His own indictment; he condemns himself; Who reads his bosom, reads immortal life; Or, nature, there, imposing on her sons, Has written fables; man was made a lie.

Why discontent for ever harbour'd there? Incurable consumption of our peace! Resolve me, why, the cottager, and king, He whom sea-sever'd realms obey, and he Who steals his whole dominion from the waste, Repelling winter blasts with mud and straw, Disquieted alike, draw sigh for sigh, In sate so distant, in complaint so near?

Is it, that things terrestrial can't content? Deep in rich pasture, will thy flocks complain? Not so; but to their master is deny'd To share their sweet serene. Man, ill at ease, In this, not his own place, this foreign field, Where nature fodders him with other food, Than was ordain'd his cravings to fuffice, Poor in abundance, famish'd at a feast, Sighs on for something more, when most enjoy'd. Is heav'n then kinder to thy flocks than thee? Not so: thy pasture richer, but remote: In part remote: for that remoter part Man bleats from instinct, tho', perhaps, debauch'd By fense, his reason sleeps, nor dreams the cause. The cause how obvious, when his reason wakes! His grief is but his grandeur in difguise; And discontent is immortality.

Shall fons of ether, shall the blood of heav'n, Set up their hopes on earth, and stable here, With brutal acquiescence in the mire? Lorenzo! no! they shall be nobly pain'd; The glorious foreigners, distrest, shall sigh On thrones; and thou congratulate the sigh! Man's misery declares him born for bliss; His anxious heart afferts the truth I sing, And gives the sceptic in his head the ke.

To close with all that makes him happy here. If vice (as sometimes) is our friend on earth, Then vice is virtue; 'tis our sov'reign good. In self-applause is virtue's golden prize; No self-applause attends it on thy scheme: Whence self-applause? from conscience of the right. And what is right, but means of happiness? No means of happiness when virtue yields; That basis failing, falls the building too, And lays in ruin ev'ry virtuous joy.

The rigid guardian of a blameless heart,
So long rever'd, so long reputed wisc,
Is weak; with rank knight-errantries o'errun.
Why beats thy bosom with illustrious dreams
Of ielf-exposure, laudable, and great?
Of gallant enterprize, and glorious death?
Die for thy country?—thou romantic fool!
Seize, seize the plank thyself, and let her sink:
Thy country! what to thee?—the Godhead; what?
(I speak with awe!) tho' he should bid thee bleed.
If, with thy blood, thy sinal hope is spilt,
Nor can Omnipotence reward the blow,
Be deaf; preserve thy being; disobey.

Nor is it disobedience: know, Lorenzo! Whate'er th' Almighty's subsequent command, His sirst command is this:—'Man, love thyself.' In this alone, free agents are not free. Existence is the basis, bliss the prize; If virtue costs existence, 'tis a crime; Bold violation of our law supreme, Brack suicide; tho' nations, which consult Their gain, at thy expence, resound applause.

Since virtue's recompence is doubtful, here, If man dies wholly, well may we demand, Why is man fuffer'd to be good in vain? Why to be good in vain, is man enjoin'd? Why to be good in vain, is man betray'd? Betray'd by traitors lodg'd in his own breaft, By fweet complacencies from virtue felt? Why whispers nature lies on virtue's part? Or if blind instinct (which assumes the name

If facred confcience) plays the fool in man, I hy reason made accomplice in the cheat? I hy are the wisest loudest in her praise? an man by reason's beam be led astray? Ir, at his peril, imitate his God? ince virtue sometimes ruins us on earth, Ir both are true; or man survives the grave.

Or man furvives the grave, or own, Lorenzo, hy boast supreme, a wild absurdity. hauntless thy spirit; cowards are thy scorn. I rant man immortal, and thy scorn is just. he man immortal, rationally brave, hares rush on death—because he cannot die. It is man loses all, when life is lost, le lives a coward, or a fool expires. I daring insidel (and such there are, rom pride, example, lucre, rage, revenge, hr pure heroical desease of thought) if all earth's madmen, most deserves a chain.

When to the grave we follow the renown'd or valour, *irtue, science, all we love, and all we praise; for worth, whose noon-tide beam, habling us to think in higher style, sends our ideas of ethereal powers; bream we, that lustre of the moral world loes out in stench, and rottenness the close? Why was he wise to know, and warm to praise, and strenuous to transcribe, in human life, the mind Almighty? Could it be, that sate, as when the lineaments began to shine, and dawn the Deity, should snatch the draught, with night eternal blot it out, and give

If human fouls, why not angelic too kinguish'd? and a solitary Goo, l'er ghastly ruin, frowning from his throne? hall we this moment gaze on Goo in man? The next, lose man for ever in the dust? From dust we disengage, or man mistakes; and there, where least his judgment sears a slaw, widom and worth, how boldly he commends?

he skies alarm, lest angels too might die?

Wisdom and worth, are facted names; rever'd, Where not embrac'd; applicated! deify'd! Why not compassion'd too? If spirits die, Both are calamities, inflicted both, To make us but more wretch'd: wisdom's eye Acute, for what? to spy more miseries; And worth, so recompens'd, new-points their stings. Or man surmounts the grave, or gain is loss, And worth exalted humbles us the more. Thou wilt not patronize a scheme that makes Weakness, and vice, the resuge of mankind.

Has virtue, then, no joys? Yes, joys dear-bought. Talk ne'er fo long, in this imperfect state, Virtue, and vice, are at eternal war. Virtue's a combat; and who fights for nought? Or for precarious, or for small reward? Who virtue's self-reward so loud resound, Would take degrees angelic here below, And virtue, while they compliment betray. By feeble motives, and unsaithful guards. The crown, th' unsading crown, her soul inspires: 'Tis that, and that alone, can countervail The body's treach'ries, and the world's assume to On earth's poor pay our famish'd virtue dies. Truth incontestible! in spite of all

A BAYLE has preach'd, or a V- believ'd. In man the more we dive, the more we fee Heav'n's fignet stamping an immortal make. Dive to the bottom of his foul, the base Sustaining all: what find we? knowledge, love, As light, and heat, effential to the fun, And why, if fouls expire? These to the soul. How little lovely here? how little known? Small knowledge we dig up with endless toil And love unfeign'd may purchase perfect hate. Why starv'd, on earth, our angel-appetites; While brutal are indulged their fullome fill? Were then capacities divine conferr'd, As a mock diadem, in savage sport, Rank intult of our pompous poverty, Which reaps but pain, from framing claims to fair In fature age lies no redress? and shuts Eternity the door on our complaint? If so, for what strange ends were mortals made! The worst to wallow, and the best to weep; The man who merits most, must most complain: Can we conceive a disregard in heav'n, What the worst perpetrate, or best endure?

This cannot be. To love, and know, in man Is boundless appetite, and boundless pow'r: And these demonstrate boundless objects too. Objects, pow'rs, appetites, heaven fuits in all; Nor, nature thro', e'er violates this sweet, Eternal concord, on her tuneful string. Is man the fole exception from her laws? Eternity struck off from human hope, (I ipeak with truth, but veneration too) Man is a monster, the reproach of heaven, A stain, a dark impenetrable cloud On nature's beauteous aspect; and deforms, (Amazing blot!) deforms her with her lord. If fuch is man's allotment, what is heaven? Or own the foul immortal, or blaspheme.

Or own the foul immortal, or invert All order. Go, mock majesty! go, man! And how to thy superiors of the stall; Thro' ev'ry scene of sense superior far: They graze the turf untill'd; they drink the stream Unbrew'd, and ever full, and unembitter'd With doubts, fears, fruitless hopes, regrets, despairs ; Mankind's peculiar! reason's precious dower! No foreign clime they ranfack for their robes; Nor brothers cite to the litigious bar; Their good is good entire, unmix'd, unmarr'd; They find a paradife in ev'ry field, On boughs forbidden where no curses hang: Their ill, no more than strikes the sense; unstretch'd By previous dread, or murmur in the rear : When the worst comes, it comes unsear'd; one stroke Begins, and ends, their woe: they die but once; Bleft, incommunicable privilege! for which

N

Proud man, who rules the globe, and reads the start

Philosopher, or hero, sighs in vain.

Account for this prerogative in brutes. No day, no glimple of day, to folve the knot, But what beams on it from eternity. O fole and fweet folution! that unties The difficult, and foftens the fevere; The cloud on nature's beauteous face dispels : Restores bright order; casts the brute beneath: And re-enthrones us in supremacy Of joy, ev'n here: admit inmortal life, And virtue is knight errantry no more; Each virtue brings in hand a golden dower, Far richer in reversion: hope exults: And the' much bitter in our cup is thrown, Predominates, and gives the taste of heaven. O wherefore is the Drity so kind? Astonishing beyond astonishment!

Heav'n our reward—for heav'n enjoy'd below.

Still unsubdu'd thy stubborn heart?—For there
The traitor lurks, who doubts the truth I sing.
Reason is guiltless; will alone rebels.
What, in that stubborn heart, if I should find
New, unexpected witnesses against thee?
Ambition, pleasure, and the love of gain!
Canst thou suspect, that these, which make the soul
The slave of earth, should own her heir of heav'n?
Canst thou suspect what makes us disbelieve

Our immortality, should prove it sure?
First, then, ambition summon to the bar.
Ambition's shame, extravagance, disgust,

And inextinguishable nature, speak.

Each much deposes; hear them in their turn.
Thy foul, how passionately fond of fame!
How anxious, that fond passion to conceal!
We blush, detected in designs on praise,
Tho' for best deeds, and from the best of men;
And why? because immortal. Art divine
'I as made the body tutor to the foul;
leav'n kindly gives our blood a moral flow;
ids it ascend the glowing cheek, and there

Upbraid that little heart's inglorious aim, Which stoops to court a character from man; While o'er us, in tremendous judgment sit Far more than man, with endless praise, and blame.

Ambition's boundless appetite out-speaks
'The verdict of its shame. When souls take fire
At high presumptions of their own desert,
One age is poor applause; the mighty shout,
The thunder by the living sew begun,
Late time must-echo; worlds unborn, resound.
We wish our names eternally to live:
Wild dream! which ne'er had haunted human thought,
Had not our natures been eternal too.
Instinct points out an int'rest in hereafter;
But our blind reason sees not where it lies;
Or, seeing, gives the substance for the shade.
Fame is the shade of immortality.

Fame is the shade of immortality,
And in itself a shadow. Soon as caught,
Contemn'd; it shrinks to nothing in the grasp.
Consult th' ambitious, 'tis ambition's cure.
'And is this all?' cry'd Caesar at his height,
Disgusted. This third proof ambition brings
Of immortality. The first in fame,
Observe him near, your envy will abate:
Sham'd at the disproportion vast, between
The passion, and the purchase, he will sigh
At such success, and blush at his renown.
And why? because far richer prize invites
His heart; far more illustrious glory calls;
It calls in whispers, yet the deasest hear.

And can ambition a fourth proof supply?

It can, and stronger than the former three;

Yet quite o'erlook'd by some reputed wise.

Tho' disappointments in ambition pain,

And tho' success disgusts; yet still, Lorenzo!

In vain we strive to pluck it from our hearts;

By nature planted for the noblest ends.

Absurd the fam'd advice to Pyrrhus giv'n,

More prais'd, than ponder'd; specious, but unsound:

Sooner that hero's sword the world had quell'd,

Than reason, his ambition. Man must soar.

An obstinate activity within,
An insuppressive spring, will toss him up
In spite of fortune's load. Not kings alone,
Each villager has his ambition too;
No Sultan prouder than his setter'd slave:
Slaves build their little Babylons of straw,
Echo the proud Assyrian, in their hearts,
And cry—" Behold the wonders of my might!"
And why? Because immortal as their lord;
And souls immortal must for ever heave
At something great; the glitter, or the gold;
The praise of mortals, or the praise of heaven.

Nor absolutely vain is human praise, When human is supported by divine. I'll introduce Lorenzo to himself: Pleasure and pride (bad masters!) share our hearts. As love of pleasure is ordain'd to guard And feed our bodies, and extend our race. The love of praise is planted to protect, And propagate the glories of the mind. What is it, but the love of praise, inspires. Matures, refines, embellishes, exalts, Earth's happiness? from that, the delicate. The grand, the marvellous, of civil life. Want and convenience, under-workers, lay The basis, on which love of glory builds. Nor is thy life, O Virtue! less in debt To praise, thy secret stimulating friend. Were men not proud, what merit should we miss! Pride made the virtues of the Pagan world. Praise is the falt that seasons right to man. And whets his appetite for moral good. Thirst of applause is virtue's second guard: Reason, her first; but reason wants an aid: Our private reason is a flatterer: Thirk of applause calls public judgment in. To poise our own, to keep an even scale, And give endanger'd virtue fairer play. Here a fifth proof arises, stronger still; Why this so nice construction of our hearts?

These delicate moralities of sense;

This constitutional reserve of aid
To faccour virtue, when our reason sails;
If virtue, kept alive by care and toil,
And, oft, the mark of injuries on earth,
When labour'd to maturity (its bill
Of disciplines, and pains, unpaid) must die?
Why freighted rich, to dash against a rock?
Were man to perish when most sit to live,
O how mispent were all these stratagems,
By skill divine enwoven in our stame?
Where are heav'n's holiness and mercy sled?
Laughs heav'n, at once, at virtue, and at man?
If not, why that discourag'd, this destroy'd?

Thus far ambition. What fays avarace? This her chief maxim, which has long been thine: The wife and wealthy are the same. I grant it. To store up treasure, with incessant toil, This is man's province, this his highest praise. To this great end keen instinct stings him on. To guide that instinct, reason! is thy charge; 'Tis thine to tell us where true treasure lies: But, reason failing to discharge her trust, Or to the deaf discharging it in vain, A blunder follows; and blind industry, Gall'd by the spur, but stranger to the course, (The course where stakes of more than gold are won) O'erloading, with the cares of distant age, The jaded spirits of the present hour, Provides for an eternity below.

'Thou shalt not covet,' is a wife command;
But bounded to the wealth the sun surveys:
Look farther, the command stands quite revers'd,
And av'rice is a virtue most divine.
Is faith a refuge for our happiness?
Most sure: and is it not for reason too?
Nothing this world unriddles, but the nest.
Whence inextinguishable thirst of gain?
From inextinguishable life in man:
Man, if not meant, by worth, to reach the skies,
Had wanted wing to sly so far in guilt.
Sour grapes, I grant, ambition, avaice.

Yet still their root is immortality. These its wild growths so bitter, and so bites. (Pain and reproach!) religion can reclaim, Resine, exalt, throw down their pois nous lee, And make them sparkle in the bowl of bliss.

See, the third witness laughs at bliss remote, And falsely promises an Eden here: Truth she shall speak for once, tho' prone to lie, A common cheat, and Pleasure is her name. To pleasure never was Lorenzo deaf;

Then hear her now, now first thy real friend.

Since nature made us not more fond than proud Of happiness (whence hypocrites in joy! Makers of mirth! artificers of fmiles!) Why should the joy most poignant sense affords. Burn us with blushes, and rebuke our pride --Those heav'n-born blushes tell us man descends. E'en in the zenith of his earthly blis: Should reason take her insidel repose. This honest instinct speaks our lineage high; This instinct calls on darkness to conceal Our rapturous relation to the stalls. Our glory covers us with noble fhame. And he that's unconfounded, is unmann'd. The man that blushes, is not quite a brute. Thus far with thee, Lorenzo! will I close. Pleasure is good, and man for pleasure made; But pleasure full of glory, as of joy; Pleasure, which neither blushes, nor expires.

The witnesses are heard; the cause is o'er; Let conscience sile the sentence in her court, Dearer than deeds that half a reakm convey: Thus, seal'd by truth, th' authentic record runs.

'Know, all; know, infidels—unapt to know!
'Tis immortality your nature folves;
'Tis immortality decyphers man,
'And opens all the mystries of his make.
'Without it, half his infincts are a riddle;
'Without is all his pintings are a riddle;

Without it, all his virtues are a dream.

His very crimes attest his dignity.

His fateless thirds of pleasure, gold, and same,

Declares him born for bleffings infinite: Vhat less than infinite, makes unabsurd 'affions, which all on earth but more inflames? "ierce passions, so mismeasur'd to this scene, tretch'd out, like eagles wings, beyond our nest. ar, far beyond the worth of all below, or earth too large, presage a nobler flight, and evidence our title to the ficies.' Te gentle theologues, of calmer kind! Ose constitution decrates to your pen, 20, cold yourselves, think ardour comes from hell! ink not our passions from corruption sprung, Ough to corruption now they lend their wings; at is their mistress, not their mother. and justly) reason deem divine: I see, el a grandeur in the passions too, aich speaks their high descent and glorious end; wich speaks them rays of an eternal fire. paradise itself they burnt as strong, Adam fell: tho' wiser in their aim. te the proud Eastern, struck by Providence, eat tho' our passions are run mad, and stoop th low, terrestrial appetite, to graze trash, on toys, dethron'd from high defire! : still, thro' their disgrace, no feeble ray preatness shines, and tells us whence they fell: t these (like that fallen monarch when reclaim'd) Len reason moderates the rein aright, all re ascend, re-mount their former sphere, here once they foar'd illustrious; ere seduc'd wanton Eve's debauch, to stroll on earth, ed let the fublunary world on fire. But grant their phrenzy lasts; their phrenzy fails · disappoint one providential end, which heav'n blew up ardour in our hearts: ere reason filent, boundless passion speaks. future scene of boundless objects too, ad brings glad tidings of eternal day. ernal day! 'tis that enlightens all; ad all, by that enlighten'd, proves it fue. "Lider man as an immortal being,

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Intelligible all; and all is great; A chrystalline transparency prevails, And strikes full lustre thro' the human sphere Consider man as mortal, all is dark, And wretched; reason weeps at the survey.

The learn'd Lorenzo cries, 'and let her weep, Weak, modern reason: ancient times were wise.

4 Authority, that venerable guide,

Stands on my part; the fam'd Athenian porch

(And who for wildom fo renown'd as they?)

Deny'd this immortality to man.'

I grant it; but affirm, they prov'd it too. A riddle this !-- Have patience; I'll explain.

What noble vanities, what moral flights, Glitt'ring thro' their romantic wisdom's page, Make us, at once, despise them, and admire? Fable is flat to these high-season'd fires; They leave th' extravagance of fong below.

Flesh shall not feel; or, feeling, shall enjoy

'The dagger, or the rack; to them alike

' A bed of roles, or the burning bull.' In men exploding all beyond the grave, Strange doctrine this! As doctrine, it was strange; But not, as prophecy; for fuch it prov'd, And, to their own amazement, was fulfill'd; They feign'd a firmness Christians need not feign. The Christian truly triumph'd in the flame: The Stoic faw, in double wonder loft, Wonder at them, and wonder at himfelf. To find the bold adventures of his thought Not bold, and that he strove to lie in vain.

Whence then, those thoughts? those tow'ring thoughts; that flew

Such monstrous heights? From instinct, and from prid The glorious instinct of a deathless soul. Confus'dly conscious of her dignity, Suggested truths they could not understand. In lust's dominion, and in passion's storm, Truth's (ystem broken, scatter'd fragments lay, As light in chaos, glimm'ring thro' the gloom; Smit with the pomp of lofty fentiments,

eas'd pride proclaim'd what reason disbeliev'd, ide, like the Delphic priestess, with a swell, v'd nonfense, destin'd to the future sense. hen life immortal, in full day, should shine: and death's dark shadows fly the gospel sun. Ley spoke, what nothing but immortal souls >uld speak; and thus the truth they question'd, prov'd. in then absurdities, as well as crimes, reak man immortal? all things speak him so. uch has been urg'd; and dost thou call for more? all; and with endless questions be distress'd, Il unresolvable, if earth is all. Why life, a moment; infinite defire? Dur wish, eternity? Our home, the grave? Heav'n's promise dormant lies in human hope? Who wishes life immortal, proves it too. Why happiness pursu'd, tho' never found? Man's thirst of happiness declares it is (For nature never gravitates to nought;) That thirst unquench'd declares it is not here. My Lucia, thy Clariffa, call to thought; Why cordial friendship riveted so deep, As hearts to pierce at first, at parting, rend, If friend, and friendship, vanish in an hour? Is not this torment in the malk of joy? Why by reflection marr'd the joys of fense? Why past and future, preying on our hearts, And putting all our present joys to death? Why labours reason? instinct were as well; Inftinct, far better; what can chuse, can err: O how infallible the thoughtless brute! 'Twere well his holiness were half as sure. Reason with inclination, why at war? Why sense of guilt? why conscience up in arms? . Conscience of guilt, is prophecy of pain, nd bosom-counsel to decline the blow. eason with inclination ne'er had jarr'd, nothing future paid forbearance here. 'hus on-these, and a thousand pleas uncall'd, Il promise, some ensure, a second scene; Thich were it doubtful, would be dearer for

Than all things else most certain; were it false, What truth on earth so precious as the lie? This world it gives us, let what will ensue; This world it gives, in that high cordial, hope: The future of the present is the soul: How this life groaps, when sever'd from the next? Poor, mutilated wretch, that disbelieves! By dark distrust, his being cut in two, In both parts perishes; life void of joy, Sad prelude of eternity in pain!

Couldst thou persuade me, the next life could fail
Our ardent wishes; how should I pour out
My bleeding heart in anguish, new, as deep!
Oh! with what thoughts, thy hope, and my despair,
Abhorr'd Annihilation! blasts the soul,
And wide extends the bounds of human woe!
Could I believe Lorenzo's system true,
In this black channel would my ravings run.

Grief from the future borrow'd peace, ere-while,

The future vanish'd! and the present pain'd!

Strange import of unprecedented ill!

Fall, how profound! like Lucifer's, the fall!

*Unequal fate! his fall, without his guilt!

From where fond hope built her pavilion high,
The gods among, hurl'd headlong, hurl'd at once

To night! to nothing! darker still than night.
If 'twas a dream, why wake me, my worst foe,

Lorenzo! boaftful of the name of friend!

O for delufion! O for error still!

Could vengeance strike much stronger than to plant

A thinking being in a world like this,

'Not over-rich before, now beggar'd quite;

• More curs'd than at the fall ?—The fun goes out!

The thorns shoot up! what thorns, in ev'ry thought

" Why fense of better? it embitters worse.

Why sense? why life? if but to sigh, then sink

'To what I was! Twice nothing! and much woe!

"Woe from heav'n's bounties! woe from what was wo

To flatter most, high intellectual powers.

Thought, virtue, knowledge! bleffings by thy scheme All poison'd into pains. Fust, knowledge, once

My foul's ambition, now her greatest dread. To know myself, true wisdom?-No, to shun That shocking science, parent of despair! Avert thy mirror: if I fee, I die. ' Know my Creator? Climb his bleft abode By painful speculation, pierce the vale, Dive in his nature, read his attributes. And gaze in admiration—on a foe, Obtruding life, withholding happiness! From the full rivers that furround his throne, Not letting fall one drop of joy on man; Man gasping for one drop, that he might cease To curse his breath, nor envy reptiles more: Ye fable clouds! ye darkest shades of night! Hide him, for ever hide him, from my thought, Once all my comfort; fource and foul of joy! Now leagu'd with furies, and with* thee against me. 'Know his achievements? study his renown? Contemplate this amazing universe, Dropp'd from his hand, with miracles replete ! For what? 'mid miracles of nobler name, To find one miracle of mifery? To find the being, which alone can know And praise his works, a blemish on his praise? Thro' nature's ample range, in thought, to stroll, And flart at man, the fingle mourner there, Breathing high hope! chain'd down to pangs and death! Knowing is suff'ring; and shall virtue share The figh of knowledge ?-virtue shares the figh. By straining up the steep of excellent, By battles fought, and from temptation, won, What gains she, but the pang of seeing worth, Angelic worth, foon shuffled in the dark With ev'ry vice, and swept to brutal dust? Merit is madness; virtue is a crime; A crime to reason, if it costs us pain Unpaid: what pain, amidst a thousand more, To think the most abandon'd, after days Of triumph o'er their betters, find in death As foft a pillow, nor make fouler clay !

^{*} Lorenzo,

Duty! religion!-these, our duty done,

Imply reward. Keligion is mistake.

Duty!—there's none, but to repel the cheat.

'Ye cheats! away! ye daughters of my pride!

Who feign yourselves the fav'rites of the skies:

Ye tow'ring hopes! abortive energies!

'That toss, and struggle, in my lying breast,

'To scale the skies, and build presumptions there,

As I were heir of an eternity.

Vain, vain ambitions! trouble me no more.

Why navel far in quest of fure defeat?

As bounded as my being, be my wish.

All is inverted, wisdom is a fool.

Sense! take the rein; blind passion! drive us on;

And, ignorance! befriend us on our way;
Ye new, but truest patrons of our peace!

'Yes; give the pulse full empire; live the brute,

Since, as the brute, we die. The fum of man,

' Of godlike man! to revel, and to rot.

But not on equal terms with other brutes:

Their revels a more poignant relish yield,

· And safer too; they never poisons chuse.

Instinct, than reason, makes more wholesome meals

And fends all marring murmur far away.

· For sensual life they best philosophize;

Theirs, that ferene, the fages fought in vain:

'Tis man alone expostulates with heaven;

His, all the pow'r, and all the cause to mourn.

Shall human eyes alone dissolve in tears?

And bleed, in anguish, none but human hearts?

The wide stretch'd realm of intellectual woe,

Surpassing sensual far, is all our own.

In life to fatally distinguish'd, why

* Cast in one lot, confounded, lump'd, in death ?

* Ere yet in being, was mankind in guilt?

Why thunder'd this peculiar clause against us,

All-mortal, and all-wretched ?-have the skies

Reasons of state, their subjects may not scan,

Nor humbly reason, when they forely figh?

All-mortal, and all-wretched!-'tis too much !

'Unparrallel'd in nature: 'tis too much

- On being unrequefted at thy hands,
- Omnipotent! for I see nought but power.
 - And why fee that? why thought? to toil, and eat;
- Then make our bed in darkness, needs no thought.
- What superfluities are reas'ning souls!
- Oh give eternity! or thought destroy.
- But without thought our curse were half unfelt;
- Its blunted edge would spare the throbbing heart;
- And therefore, 'ti's bestow'd. I thank thee, reason,
- · For aiding life's too fmall calamities,
- And giving being to the dread of death.
- Such are thy bounties!—Was it then too much
- For me, to trespass on the brutal rights?
- · Too much for heav'n to make one emmet more?
- 4 Too much for chaos to permit my mass
- A longer stay with essences unwrought,
- Unfashioned, untormented into man?
- Wretched preferment to this round of pains!
- Wretched capacity of phrenzy, thought!
- Wretched capacity of dying life!
- Life, thought, worth, wisdom, all (O foul revolt)
- Once friends to peace, gone over to the foe.
 - Death then, has chang'd its nature too! O death!
- · Come to my bosom, thou best gift of heav'n!
- 4 Best friend of man! since man is man no more.
- Why in this thorny wilderness so long,
- Since there's no promis'd land's ambrofial bower,
- To pay me with its honey for my stings?
- ' If needful to the felfish schemes of heaven
- "To fting us fore, why mock'd our mifery?
- Why this fo fumptuous infult o'er our heads?
- Why this illustrious canopy display'd?
- Why so magnificently lodg'd despair?
- At stated periods, sure-returning, roll
- 4 These glorious orbs, that mortals may compute
- Their length of labours, and of pains; nor lose
- Their mifery's full measure?—Smiles with flowers.
- And fruits, promiscuous, ever-teeming earth,
- That man may languish in luxurious scenes,
- And in an Eden mourn his wither'd joys?
- Claim earth and tkies man's admiration, due

- For fuch delights! Bless'd animals! too wise
- To wonder; and too happy to complain!
 Our doom decreed demands a mournful scene;
- Why not a dungeon dark, for the condemn'd?
- Why not the dragon's fubterranean den,
- For man to howl in! why not his abode
- * Of the same dismal colour with his fate?
- A Thebes, a Babylon, at vast expence
- 6 Of time, toil, treasure, art, for owls and adders,
- As congruous as for man this lofty dome,
- Which prompts proud thought, and kindles high defire;
- If, from her humble chamber in the dust,
- While proud thought swells, and high desire inflames,
- The poor worm calls us for her inmates there;
- And, round us, Death's inexorable hand
- Draws the dark curtain close; undrawn no more.
 Undrawn no more!—behind the cloud of death,
- Once I beheld a fun; a fun which gilt
- Fhat fable cloud, and turn'd it all to gold:
- 'How the grave's alter'd! fathomless as hell!
- 6 A real hell to those who dream'd of heaven.
- Annihilation! how it yawns before me!
- · Next moment I may drop from thought, from sense,
- The privilege of angels, and of worms,
- An outcast from existence! and this spirit,
- · This all-pervading, this all-conscious soul,
- 6 This particle of energy divine,
- Which travels nature, flies from star to star,
- · And vifits gods, and emulates their powers,
- For ever is extinguish'd Horror! death!
- Death of that death I fearless once survey'd !-
- When horror universal shall descend,
- And heav'n's dark concave urn all human race.
- On that enormous, unrefunding tomb,
- How just this verse! this monumental sigh!
 Beneath the lumber of demolish'd worlds
 - Deep in the rubbish of the gen'ral wreck,
 - Swept ignominious to the common mass
 - Of matter, never dignify'd with life,
 - ' Here lie proud rationals; the fons of heav'n !
 - 'The lords of earth! the property of worms!

Beings of yesterday, and not to-morrow!

Who liv'd in terror, and in pangs expir'd!

All gone to rot in chaos; or, to make

Their happy transit into blocks or brutes,

' Nor longer fully their Creator's name.'

Lorenzo! hear, paufe, ponder, and pronounce, Just is this history? If such is man, Mankind's historian, though divine, might weep. And dares Lorenzo smile?—I know thee proud: For once let pride befriend thee; pride looks pale At fuch a scene, and fighs for something more. Amid thy boasts, presumptions, and displays, And art thou then a shadow; less than shade? A nothing? less than nothing? to have been, And not to be, is lower than unborn. Art thou ambitious? why then make the worm Thine equal? Runs thy taste of pleasure high? Why patronize fure death of ev'ry joy? Charm riches? why chuse begg'ry in the grave, Of ev'ry hope a bankrupt? and for ever? Ambition, pleasure, avarice, persuade thee To make that world of glory, rapture, wealth, They * lately prov'd thy foul's supreme desire.

What art thou made of? rather, how unmade? Great Nature's master-appetite destroy'd? Is endless life and happiness despis'd? Or both wish'd here, where neither can be found? Such man's perverse, eternal war with Heav'n! Dar'st thou persist? And is there nought on earth, But a long train of transitory forms, Rising, and breaking, millions in an hour? Bubbles of a fantastic deity, blown up In sport, and then in cruelty destroy'd? Oh! for what crime, unmerciful Lorenzo! Destroys thy scheme the whole of human race? Kind is fell Lucifer, compar'd to thee:

Oh! spare this waste of being half divine;
And vindicate th' 'economy of Heav'n.

[•] In the Sixth Night.

Heav'n is all love; all joy in giving joy to It never had created, but to bless:
And shall it, then, strike off the list of life,
A being bless'd, or worthy so to be?
Heav'n starts at an annihilating God.

Is that all nature starts at, thy desire? Art such a clod to wish thyself all clay? What is that dreadful wish?—The dying groan Of Nature, murder'd by the blackest guilt. What deadly poison has thy nature drank? To nature undebauch'd no shock so great; Nature's first wish is endless happiness: Annihilation is an after-thought, A monstrous wish, unborn till virtue dies. And, oh! what depth of horror lies enclos'd? For non-existence no man ever wish'd, But, first, he wish'd the Deity destroy'd.

If so, what words are dark enough to draw. Thy picture true? the darkest are too fair. Beneath what baserus planet, in what hour. Of desperation, by what sury's aid, In what infernal posture of the soul, All hell invited, and all hell in joy. At such a birth, a birth so near of kin, Did thy soul fancy whelp so black a scheme. Of hopes abortive, faculties half blown, And deities begun, reduc'd to dust?

There's nought, thou fay'st, but one eternal flux Of feeble essences, tumultuous driven
Through time's rough billows into night's abyst. Say, in this rapid tide of human ruin,
Is there no rock, on which man's tossing thought
Can rest from terror, dare his fate survey,
And boldly think it something to be born?
Amid such hourly wrecks of being fair,
Is there no central, all sustaining base,
All-realizing, all-connecting pow'r,
Which, as it call'd forth all things, can recal,
And force destruction to resund her spoil?
Command the grave restore her taken prey?
Bid death's dark vale its human harvest yields.

And earth, and ocean, pay their debt of man, True to the grand deposit trusted there? Is there no potentate, whose out-stretch'd arm, When rip'ning time calls forth th' appointed hour, Pluck'd from foul devastation's famish'd maw. Binds prefent, past, and future to his throne? His throne, how glorious, thus divinely grac'd, By germinating beings cluft'ring round! A garland worthy the Divinity! A throne, by Heav'n's Omnipotence in fmiles, Built (like a Pharos tow'ring in the waves) Amidit immense effusions of his love! An ocean of communicated bliss! An all-prolific, all-preferving God! This were a God indeed.—And fuch is man, As here presum'd: he rises from his fall. Thinkst thou Omnipotence a naked root, Each blossom fair of Deity destroy'd? Nothing is dead, nay, nothing fleeps; each foul, That ever animated human clay, Now wakes: is on the wing: and where, O where, Will the fwarm fettle !-When the trumpet's call, As founding brafs, collects us, round Heav'n's throne Conglob'd, we balk in everlasting day, (Paternal splendour!) and adhere for ever. Had not the foul this outlet to the skies. In this vast vessel of the universe. How should we grasp, as in an empty void! How in the pangs of familh'd hope expire! How bright my prospect shines! how gloomy thine t A trembling world! and a devouring God! Earth, but the shambles of Omnipotence! Heav'n's face all stain'd with causeles massacres Of countless millions, born to feel the pang Of being loft. Lorenzo! can it be? This bids us shudder at the thoughts of life. Who would be born to fuch a phantom world, Where nought substantial, but our milery! Where joy (if joy) but heightens our diffely, So foon to perifh, and revive no more than The greater fuch a joy, the mone it padde pills

A world, so far from great (and yet how great It shines to thee!) there's nothing real in it; Being, a shadow! consciousness, a dream! A dream, how dreadful! universal blank Before it, and behind! Poor man, a spark From non-existence struck by wrath divine, Glitt'ring a moment, nor that moment sure, 'Midst upper, nether, and surrounding night, His sad, sure, sudden, and eternal tomb!

Lorenzo! dost thou feel these arguments? Or is there nought but vengeance can be felt? How hast thou dar'd the Deity dethrone? How dar'd indict him of a world like this? If such the world, creation was a crime; For what is crime, but cause of misery? Retract, blasphemer! and unriddle this, Of endless arguments above, below, Without us, and within, the short result—
' If man's immortal, there's a God in heav'n.

But wherefore such redundancy? such waste Of argument? One sets my soul at rest; One obvious, and at hand, and, oh!—at heart. So just the skies, Philander's life so pain'd, His heart so pure; that, or succeeding scenes. Have palms to give, or ne'er had he been born.

'What an old tale is this!' Lorenzo cries— I grant this argument is old; but truth No years impair; and had not this been true, Thou never hadst despis'd it for its age. 'Truth is immortal as thy soul; and fable As sleeting as thy joys: be wise, nor make Heav'n's highest blessing, vengeance: O be wise! Nor make a curse of immortality.

Say, knowst thou what it is? or what thou art?
Knowst thou the importance of a soul immortal?
Behold this midnight glory; worlds on worlds
Amazing pomp! redouble this amaze;
Ten thousand add; add twice ten thousand more;
Then weigh the whole; one soul outweighs them all
And calls the assonishing magnificence
Of unintelligent creation poor.

For this, believe not me; no man believe;
Trust not in words, but deeds; and deeds no less
Than those of the Supreme; nor his, a few;
Consult them all; consulted, all proclaim
Thy soul's importance: tremble at thyself;
For whom Omnipotence has wak'd so long:
Has wak'd, and work'd for ages; from the birth

Of nature to this unbelieving hour.

In this small province of his vast domain (All nature bow, while I pronounce his name!) What has God done, and not for this fole end, To rescue souls from death? the soul's high price Is writ in all the conduct of the skies. The foul's high price is the creation's key, Unlocks its mysteries, and naked lays The genuine cause of ev'ry deed divine: That is the chain of ages, which maintains Their obvious correspondence, and unites Most distant periods in one blest design: That is the mighty hinge, on which have turn'd All revolutions, whether we regard The natural, civil, or religious world; The former two, but servants to the third; To that, their duty done, they both expire, Their mass new-cast, forgot their deeds renown'd; And angels ask, 'Where once they shone so fair ?

To lift us from this abject, to fublime;
This flux, to permanent; this dark, to day;
This foul, to pure; this turbid, to ferene;
This mean, to mighty!—for this glorious end
The Almighty, rifing, his long fabbath broke;
The world was made, was ruin'd; was refor'd;
Laws from the fkies were publifh'd; were repeal'd;
On earth kings, kingdoms, rofe; kings, kingdoms, fell;
Fam'd fages lighted up the Pagan world;
Prophets from Sion darted a keen glance
Thro' diftant age; faints travell'd; martyrs bled;
By wonders facred nature ftood controul'd;
The living were translated; dead were rais'd;
Angels, and more than angels, came from bean'n,
And, oh! for this, descended lower kill;

Gilt was hell's gloom; aftonish'd at his guest, For one short moment Lucifer ador'd: Lorenzo! and wilt thou do less?—for this, That hallow'd page, fools scoff at, was inspir'd, Of all these truths thrice venerable code! Deists! perform your quarantine; and then Fall prostrate, ere you touch it, lest you die.

Nor less intensely bent infernal powers To mar, than those of light, this end to gain. O what a scene is here !- Lorenzo! wake; Rife to the thought; exert, expand, thy foul To take the vast idea: it denies All else the name of great. Two warring worlds Not Europe against Afric; warring worlds, Of more than mortal! mounted on the wing! On ardent wings of energy, and zeal, High-hov'ring o'er this little brand of strife! This fublunary ball—but strife, for what? In their own cause conflicting? No; in thine, His fingle int'rest blows the slame; In man's. His the fole stake; his fate the trumpet founds, Which kindles war immortal. How it burns! Tumultuous swarms of deities in arms! Force force opposing, till the waves run high, And tempest nature's universal sphere. Such opposites eternal, stedfast, stern. Such foes implacable, are good, and ill; Yet man, vain man, would mediate peace between the

Think not this fiction. 'There was war in heav'n' From heav'n's high crystal mountain, where it hung. Th' Almighty's outstretch'd arm took down his bow. And shot his indignation at the deep:
Rethunder'd hell, and darted all her fires. And seems the stake of little moment still?
And sumbers man, who singly caus'd the storm? He sleeps And art thou shock'd at mysteries? The greatest thou. How dreadful to restect, What ardour, care, and counsel, mortals cause In breasts divine t how little in their own!

Where'er I turn, how new proofs pour upon me? How happily this wond'rous view supports

mer argument! Row Arongly Brikes tal life's full demonstration, here! his exertion? why this strange regard Heav'n's Omnipotent indulg'd to man? e, in man, the glorious, dreadful pow'r. nely to be pain'd, or bles'd, for ever. on gives importance; fwells the price. zel, if a creature of a day, would he be? A trifle of no weight: id, or fall; no matter which; he's gone. e immortal, therefore is indulg'd range regard of deities to dust. heav'n looks down on earth with all her eyes: the foul's mighty moment in her fight: ev'ry foul has partifans above, 7'ry thought a critic in the fkies: clay, vile clay! has angels for its guard, r'ry guard a passion for his charge: , from all age, the cabinet divine eld high counsel o'er the fate of man. have the clouds those gracious counsels hid undrew the curtain of the throne. rovidence came forth to meet mankind: ous modes of emphasis and awe, ke his will, and trembling nature heard s ke it loud, in thunder, and in storm. s, thou Sinai! whose cloud-cover'd height, taken basis, own'd the present God: s, ye billows! whose returning tide, ng the chain that fasten'd it in air, Egypt, and her menaces, to hell: s, ye flames! th' Assyrian tyrant blew 'nfold rage, as impotent, as strong: 10u, earth! witness, whose expanding jaws o'er* presumption's facrilegious sons: ot each element, in turn, subscrib'd ul's high price, and sworn it to be wise? ot flame, ocean, ether, earthquake, strove ike this truth, through adamantine man?

^{*} Korah, &c.

If not all adamant, Lorenzo! hear;
All is delusion; nature is wrapt up,
In tenfold night, from reason's keenest eye;
There's no consistence, meaning, plan, or end,
In all beneath the sun, in all above,
(As far as man can penetrate) or heav'n
Is an immense, inestimable prize;
Or all is nothing, or that prize is all.
And shall each toy be still a match for heav'n?
And sull equivalent for groans below?
Who would not give a trisle to prevent
What he would give a thousand worlds to cure?

Lorenzo! thou hast seen (if thine, to see) All nature, and her God (by nature's course. And nature's course controul'd) declare for me The skies above proclaim 'Immortal man!' And, 'Man immortal!' all below refounds. The world's a fystem of theology, Read, by the greatest strangers to the schools; If honest, learn'd; and sages o'er a plough. Is not, Lorenzo! then, impos'd on thee This hard alternative; or, to renounce Thy reason, and thy sense; or to believe? What then is unbelief? 'tis an exploit; A strenuous enterprize: to gain it, man Must burst through ev'ry bar of common sense, Of common shame, magnanimously wrong; And what rewards the sturdy combatant? His prize, repentance; infamy his crown.

But, wherefore infamy? For want of faith, Down the steep precipice of wrong he slides; There's nothing to support him in the right. Faith in the future wanting, is, at least In embryo, ev'ry weakness, ev'ry guilt; And strong temptation ripens into birth. If this life's gain invites him to the deed, Why not his country fold, his father slain? 'Tis virtue to pursue our good supreme; And his supreme, his only good is here. 'Ambition, av'rice, by the wife disdain'd, Is perfect wisdom, while mankind are sooks.

and think a turf, or tombstone, covers all: hese find employment, and provide for sense richer pasture, and a larger range; and fense by right divine ascends the throne. Then virtue's prize and prospect are no more; true no more we think the will of heav'n: ould heav'n quite beggar virtue, if belov'd? Has Virtue charms? I grant her heav'nly fair; at if unportion'd, all will int'rest wed: bo' that our admiration, this our choice. he virtues grow on immortality; hat root destroy'd, they wither and expire. Deity believ'd, will nought avail; wards and punishments make God ador'd; and hopes and fears give conscience all her power. s in the dying parent dies the child, artue, with immortality expires. Tho tells me he denies his foul immortal, hate'er his boast, has told me, he's a knave.

or care tho' mankind perish, if he smiles.

The thinks ere long the man shall wholly die, dead already; nought but brute survives.

And are there such? Such candidates there are

Dr more than death; for utter loss of being, eing, the basis of the Deity!

Ak you the cause? the cause they will not tell;

In need they: oh the forceries of fense!

They work this transformation on the foul,

ifmount her like the serpent at the fall,

ifmount her from her native wing (which foar'd

re-while ethereal heights) and throw her down,

o lick the dust, and crawl, in such a thought.

Is it in words to paint you? O ye fall'n!

all'n from the wings of reason, and of hope!

atrons of pleasure, prone in appetite!

atrons of pleasure, posting into pain!

overs of argument, averse to sense!

coasters of liberty, fast bound in chains!

ords of the wide creation, and the shame!

Tore senseless than th' irrationals you scorn!

More base than those you rule withan those you pity. Far more undone! O ye most infamous Of beings, from superiour dignity!

Deepest in woe from means of boundless bliss!

Ye curst by blessings infinite! Because Most highly favour'd, most profoundly lost!

Ye motly mass of contradiction strong!

And are you, too, convinc'd your souls sty off In exhalation soft, and die in air,

From the full slood of evidence against you? In the coarse drudgeries, and finks of sense, Your souls have quite worn out the make of heaven By vice new-cast, and creatures of your own:

But tho' you can deform, you can't destroy;

To curse, not uncreate, is all your pow'r.

Lorenzo! this black brotherhood renounce: Renounce St. Evremont, and read St. Paul. Ere rapt by miracle, by reason wing'd, His mounting mind made long abode in heaven. This is freethinking, unconfin'd to parts, To fend the foul, on curious travel bent, Thro' all the provinces of human thought; To dart her flight, thro' the whole sphere of man; Of this vast universe to make the tour: In each recess of space and time, at home: Familiar with their wonders; diving deep; And, like a prince of boundless intrests there. Still most ambitious of the most remote: To look on truth unbroken, and entire: Truth in the system, the full orb; where truths By truths enlighten'd, and fustain'd, afford An arch-like, strong foundation, to support Th' incumbent weight of absolute, complete Conviction; here, the more we press, we stand More firm: who most examine most believe. Parts, like half-fentences, confound; the whole Conveys the fense, and Gon is understood: Who not in fragments writes to human race: Read his whole volume, sceptic! then reply.

This, this, is thinking free, a thought that grafts. Beyond a grain, and looks beyond an hour.

Turn up thine eye, farvey this midnight scene; What are earth's kingdoms, to you boundless orbs, Of human fouls, one day, the deftin'd range? And what you boundless orbs, to godlike man? Those num'rous worlds that throng the firmament. And ask more space in heaven, can roll at large In man's capacious thought, and still leave room For ampler orbs: for new creations, there. Can fuch a foul contract itself, to gripe A point of no dimension, of no weight? It can; it does: the world is fuch a point: And, of that point, how small a part enslaves! How fmall a part-of nothing, shall I say? Why not? friends, our chief treasure! how they drop! Lucia, Narcissa fair, Philander, gone! The grave, like fabled Cerberus, has op'd A triple mouth; and, in an awful voice, Loud calls my foul, and utters all I fing. How the world falls to pieces round about us, And leaves us in a ruin of our joy! What fays this transportation of my friends? It bids me love the place where now they dwell, And fcorn this wretched spot, they leave so poor.

Eternity's vast ocean lies before thee;
There, there, I. orenzo! thy Clarissa sails.
Give thy mind sea-room; keep it wide of earth,
That rock of souls immortal; cut thy cord;
Weigh anchor; spread thy sails; call ev'ry wind;
Eye thy great pole-star; make the land of life.

Two kinds of life has double-natur'd man,
And two of death; the last far more severe.
Life animal is nurtur'd by the sun;
Thrives on his bounties, triumphs in his beams.
Life rational subsists on higher food,
Triumphant in his beams, who made the day,
When we leave that fun, and are left by this,
(The fate of all who die in stubborn guilt)
Tis utter darkness; strictly double death
We sink by no judicial stroke of heaves,
But nature's course; as sure as glummins sall.

Since Gop, or man, must alter, ere they meet, (Since light and darkness blend not in one sphere) 'Tis manifest, Lorenzo! who must change.

If, then, that double death should prove thy lot, Blame not the bowels of the DEITY; Man shall be blest, as far as man permits. Not man alone, all rationals, heav'n arms With an illustrious, but tremendous; power. To counteract its own most gracious ends; And this, of strict necessity, not choice; That pow'r deny'd, men, angels, were no more, But passive engines, void of praise, or blame. A nature rational implies the power Of being bleft, or wretched, as we please: Else idle reason would have nought to do; And he that would be barr'd capacity Of pain, courts incapacity of blifs. Heav'n wills our happiness, allows our doom; Invites us ardently, but not compels; Heav'n but perfuades, almighty man decrees: Man is the maker of immortal fates. Man falls by man, if finally he falls: And fall he must, who learns from death alone. The dreadful fecret—that he lives for ever.

Why this to thee? thee yet, perhaps, in doubt Of fecond life? but wherefore doubtful still? Eternal life is nature's ardent wish: What ardently we with, we foon believe: Thy tardy faith declares that wish destroy'd: What has destroy'd it ?- Shall I tell thee, what ? When fear'd the future, 'tis no longer wish'd: And, when unwish'd, we strive to disbelieve. Thus infidelity our guilt betrays.' Nor that the fole desection! blush, Lorenzo! Blush for hypocrify, if not for guilt. The future fear'd !- an infidel, and fear ! Fear what? a dream? a fable?—How thy dread. Unwilling evidence, and therefore strong, Affords my cause an undefign'd support? How difbelief affirms, what it denies? 'It, unawares, afferts immortal life?

Surprising! infidelity surns out A creed, and a confession of our sins: Apostates, thus, are orthodox divines.

Lorenzo! with Lorenzo clash no more;
No longer a transparent vizor wear.
Think'st thou, religion only has her mask?
Our infidels are Satan's hypocrites,
Pretend the worst, and, at the bottom, fail.
When visited by thought (thought will intrude)
Like him they serve, they tremble, and believe.
Is there hypocrisy so foul as this?
So tatal to the welfare of the world?
What detestation, what contempt, their due!
And, if unpaid, be thank'd for their escape
That Christian candour they strive hard to scorn.
If not for that assymments, they might find
A hell on earth; nor 'scape a worse below.

With infolence, and impotence of thought, Instead of racking fancy, to refute, Reform thy manners, and the truth enjoy. But shall I dare confess the dire result? Can thy proud reason brook so black a brand? From purer manners, to sublimer faith, Is nature's unavoidable ascent: An honest deist, where the gospel shines, Matur'd to nobler, in the Christian ends. When that blest change arrives, e'en cast aside This fong superfluous; life immortal strikes Conviction, in a flood of light divine. A Christian dwells, like * URIEL, in the sun; Meridian evidence puts doubt to flight, And ardent hope anticipates the skies. Of that bright fun, Lorenzo! scale the sphere; 'Tis easy; it invites thee; it descends From heav'n to woo, and wast thee whence it came: Read and revere the facred page; a page Where triumphs immortality; a page Which not the whole creation could produce: Which not the conflagration shall destroy;

In nature's ruins not one letter loft:
'Tis printed in the mind of gods for ever.

In proud disdain of what e'en gods adore. Dost fmile? poor wretch! thy guardian angel weeps. Angels, and men, affent to what I fing; Wits smile, and thank me for my midnight dream. How vicious hearts fume frenzy to the brain! Parts push us on to pride, and pride to shame; Pert infidelity is wit's cockade, To grace the brazen brow that braves the fkies, By loss of being, dreadfully secure. LORENZO! if thy doctrine wins the day, And drives my dreams, defeated, from the field: If this is all, if earth a final scene, Take heed: stand fast; be sure to be a knave: A knave in grain! ne'er deviate to the right: Shouldst thou be good—how infinite thy los! Guilt only makes annihilation gain. Blest scheme! which life deprives of comfort, death Of hope; and which VICE only, recommends. If so; where, insidels! your bait thrown out To catch weak converts? where your lofty boaft Of zeal for virtue, and of love to man? Annihilation! I confess, in these.

What can reclaim you? Dare I hope profound Philosophers the converts of a song? Yet know, its* title flatters you, not me; Yours be the praise to make my title good; Mine, to bless heav'n, and triumph in your praise. But since so pestilential your disease, Tho' sov'reign is the med'cine I prescribe, As yet, I'll neither triumph, nor despair: But hope, ere long, my midnight dream will wake Your hearts, and teach your wisdom—to be wise: For why should souls immortal, made for bliss, E'er wish (and wish in vain!) that souls could die? What ne'er can die, oh! grant to live; and crown The wish, and aim, and labour of the skies; ncrease, and enter on the joys of heaven;

^{*} The Infidel reclaimed.

Thus shall my title pass a sacred seal, Receive an imprimator from above,

While angels shout—' An insidel reclaim'd!' To close, LORENZO! spite of all my pains,3 Still feems it strange, that thou shouldst live for ever? Is it less strange, that thou shouldst live at all? This is a miracle; and that no more. Who gave beginning, can exclude an end. Deny thou art: then, doubt if thou shalt be. A miracle with miracles inclos'd, Is man: and ftarts his faith at what is strange? What less than wonders, from the wonderful: What less than miracles from Gop can flow? Admit a Gon-that mystery supreme! That cause uncaus'd! all other wonders cease; Nothing is marvellous for him to do: Deny him—all is mystery besides: Millions of mysteries! each darker far, Than that thy wisdom would, unwisely, shun. If weak thy faith, why choose the harder side? We nothing know, but what is marvellous: Yet what is marvellous, we can't believe. So weak our reason, and so great our God, What most surprises in the sacred page, Or full as strange, or stranger, must be true. Faith is not reason's labour, but repose.

To faith and virtue, why so backward man? From hence:—the present strongly strikes us all; The future, faintly: can we, then, be men? If men, Lorenzo! the reverse is right. Reason is man's peculiar: sense, the brute's. The present is the scanty made of sense; The future, reason's empire unconfin'd: On that expending all her godlike pow'r, She plans, provides, expatiates, triumphs, there; There, build her blessings: there, expects her pradand nothing asks of fortune, or of men. And what is reason? Be she thus desin'd; Reason is upright stature in the soul.

Oh! be a man—and strive to be a god.

For what! (thou fay'st:) to damp the joys of life?" No: to give heart and substance to thy joys. That tyrant, hope; mark, how she domineers; She bids us quit realities, for dreams: Safety, and peace, for hazard, and alarm; That tyrant o'er the tyrants of the foul, She bids ambition quit its taken prize, Spurn the luxuriant branch on which it fits, Tho' bearing crowns, to spring at distant game; And plunge in toils and dangers—for repose. If hope precarious, and of things, when gain'd. Of little moment, and as little stav. Can sweeten toils and dangers into joys; What then, that hope, which nothing can defeat, Our leave unask'd? rich hope of boundless bliss! Blifs, past man's pow'r to paint it; time's to close!

This hope is earth's most estimable prize:
This is man's portion, while no more than man:
Hope, of all passions, most bestiends us here.
Passions of prouder name bestiend us less.
Joy has her tears; and transport has her death;
Hope, like a cordial, innocent, tho' strong,
Man's heart, at once, inspirits, and serenes;
Nor makes him pay his wisdom for his joys;
'Tis all, our present state can safely bear,
Health to the frame; and vigour to the mind;
A joy attemper'd; a chastis'd delight;
Like the sair summer ev'ning, mild, and sweet;
'Tis man's full cup; his paradise below!

A bleft hereafter, then, or hop'd, or gain'd,
Is all—our whole of happiness: full proof,
I chose no trivial or inglotters theme.
And know, ye foes to long! (well meaning men,
Tho quite forgotten half your Bible's praise!)
Important truths, in spite of verse, may please:
Grave minds you praise; nor can you praise too much:
If there is weight in an eternity,

Let the grave listen—and be graver still.

^{*} The poetical parts of it.

THE

COMPLAINT.

NIGHT THE EIGHTH.

VIRTUE'S APOLOGY;

,THE MAN OF THE WORLD ANSWERED.

IN WHICH ARE CONSIDERED,

THE LOVE OF THIS LIFE;

THE AMBITION AND PLEASURE, WITH THE WIT AND WISDOM OF THE WORLD.

COMPLAINT.

NIGHT THE EIGHTH.

AND has all nature, then, espous'd my part? Have I brib'd heav'n, and earth, to plead against the And is thy foul immortal? What remains? All, all, Lorenzo; make immortal, bleft. Unblest immortals! what can shock us more? And yet Lorenzo still affects the world; There, stows his treasure; thence, his title draws, Man of the world!' (for fuch wouldst thou be call'd And art thou proud of that inglorious style? Proud of reproach? for a reproach it was, In ancient days; and Christian—in an age, When men were men, and not asham'd of heav'n, Fir'd their ambition, as it crown'd their joy. Sprinkled with dews from the Castalian font-Fain would I rebaptize thee, and confer A purer fpirit, and a nobler name.

Thy fond attachments fatal, and inflam'd. Point out my path, and dictate to my fong; To thee, the world how fair! how strongly strikes Ambition; and gay pleasure stronger still; Thy triple bane; the triple bolt, that lays Thy virtue dead! be these my triple theme;

Nor shall thy wit, or wisdom, be forgot.

Common the theme; not so the song; if she My song invokes, Urania, deigns to smile. The charm that chains us to the world, her foe, f she dissolves, the man of earth, at once, tarts from his trance, and sighs for other scenes; icenes, where these sparks of night, these stars shall shine Innumber'd suns (for all things as they are, The bless'd behold;) and, in one glory, pour Their blended blaze on man's astonish'd sight; blaze;—the least illustrious object there.

Lorenzo! fince eternal is at hand. To swallow times ambitions: as the vast -eviathan, the bubbles vain, that ride ligh on the foaming billow; what avail Ligh titles, high descent, attainments high, f unattain'd our highest? O Lorenzo! What lofty thoughts, these elements above, What tow'ring hopes, what fallies from the fun, What grand furveys of destiny divine, And pompous presage of unfathom'd fate, should roll in bosoms, where a spirit burns, Bound for eternity! in bosoms read By him, who foibles in archangels fees! On human hearts he bends a jealous eye, And marks, and in heav'n's register enrolls, The rife and progress of each option there: Sacred to doomiday! that the page unfolds, And spreads us to the gaze of gods and men.

And what an option, O Lorenzo! thine? This world! and this, unrivall'd by the skies! A world, where lust of pleasure, grandeur, gold, Three dæmons that divide its realms between them, With strokes alternate buffet to and fro Man's restless heart, their sport, their slying ball; Till, with the giddy circle, fick, and tir'd, It pants for peace, and drops into despair. Such is the world Lorenzo sets above That glorious promise angels were esteem'd Too mean to bring: a promise, their ador'd Descended to communicate, and press, By counsel, miracle, life, death, on math.

Such is the world Lorenzo's wisdom woos, And on its thorny pillow seeks repose; A pillow, which, like opiates ill prepar'd, Intoxicates, but not composes; fills The visionary mind with gay chimeras, All the wild trash of sleep, without the rest; What unseign'd travel, and what dreams of joy.

How frail, men, things! how momentary, both! Fantastic chace, of shadows hunting shades! The gay, the busy, equal, tho' unlike; Equal in wisdom, differently wise; Thro' flow'ry meadows, and thro' dreary wastes, One bustling, and one dancing, into death. There's not a day, but, to the man of thought, Betrays some secret, that throws new reproach On life, and makes him sick of seeing more. The scenes of bus'ness tell us—'what are men;' The scenes of pleasure—'what is all beside:' There, others we despise, and here ourselves, Amid disgust eternal, dwells delight?

Tis approbation strikes the string of joy.

What wond'rous prize has kindled this career,
Stuns with the din, and choaks us with the dust,
On life's gay stage, one inch above the grave?
The proud run up and down in quest of eyes;
The sensual, in pursuit of something worse:
The grave, of gold; the politic, of power;
And all, of other butterslies, as vain!
As eddies draw things frivolous and light,
How is man's heart by vanity drawn in?
On the swift circle of returning toys,
Whirl'd, straw-like, round and round, and then ingulph
Where gay delusion darkens to despair.

This is a beaten track.—Is this a track
Should not be beaten? never beat enough,
Till enough learnt the truths it would inspire.
Shall truth be filent, because folly frowns?
Turn the world's history; what find we there,
But fortune's sports, or nature's cruel claims,
Or woman's artifice, or man's revenge,
And endless inhumanities on man?

Fame's trumpet feldom founds, but, like the knell, It brings bad tidings: how it hourly blows Man's misadventures round the list'ning world! Man is the tale of narrative old Time; Sad tale; which high as Paradise begins; As if, the toil of travel to delude, From stage to stage, in his eternal round, The days, his daughters, as they spin our hours On fortune's wheel, where accident unthought Oft, in a moment, snaps life's strongest thread, Each, in her turn, some tragic story tells, With, now and then, a wretched farce between; And fills his chronicle with human woes.

Time's daughters, true as those of men, deceive us; Not one, but puts some cheat on all mankind: While in their father's bosom, not yet ours, They statter our fond hopes; and promise much Of amiable; but hold him not o'erwise, Who dares to trust them; and laugh round the year, At still confiding, still-confounded, man, Confiding, tho' confounded; hoping on, Untaught by trial, unconvinc'd by proof, And ever looking for the never seen.

Life to the last, like harden'd felons lies; Nor owns itself a cheat, till it expires.

Its little joys go out by one and one, And leave poor man, at length, in perfect night; Night darker, than what now involves the pole.

O THOU, who dost permit these ills to fall,
For gracious ends, and wouldst that man should mourns.
O THOU, whose hands this goodly fabric fram'd,
Who knowst it best, and wouldst that man should knows.
What is this sublunary world? A vapour;
A vapour all it holds; itself, a vapour;
From the damp bed of chaos, by thy beam
Exhal'd, ordain'd to swim its destin'd hour
In ambient air, then melt, and disappear.
Earth's days are number'd, nor remote her doom;
As mortal, tho' less transient, than her sons;
Yet they doat on her, as the world and they
Wete both eternal, solid; Transie Areas.

They doat on what? immortal views apart. A region of outsides! a land of shadows! A fruitful field of flow'ry promises! A wilderness of joys! perplex'd with doubts, And sharp with thorns ! a troubled ocean, spread With bold adventures, their all on board: No fecond hope, if here their fortune frowns: Frown foon it must. Of various rates they fail, Of enfigns various; all alike in this, All restless, anxious; toss'd with hopes and fears; In calmest skies; obnoxious all to storm; And stormy the most general biast of life: All bound for happinels; yet few provide The chart of knowledge, pointing where it lies; Or virtue's helm, to shape the course design'd : All, more or less, capricious fate lament, Now lifted by the tide, and now reforb'd, And farther from their withes than before: All, more or less, against each other dash, To mutual hurt, by guilts of pattion driven. And fuff'ring more from folly, than from fate.

Ocean! thou dreadful and tumultuous home
Of dangers, at eternal war with man!
Death's capital, where most he domineers.
With all his chosen terrors frowning round,
(Tho' lately feasted high at * Albion's cost)
Wide op'aing, and loud roaring, still for more!
Too faithful mirror! how dost thou resect
The melancholy face of human life!
The strong resemblance tempts me farther still:
And, haply, Britain may be deeper struck
By meral truth, in such a mirror seen,
Which nature holds for ever at her eye.

Self-flatter'd, unexperienc'd, high in hope, When young, with fanguine cheer, and fireamers gay. We cut our cable, launch into the world, And fondly dream each wind and flar our friend; All, in fonce darling enterprize embark'd. But where is he can fathour its event?

Amid a multitude of artless hands. Ruin's fure perquifite! her lawful prize! Some steer aright: but the black blast blows hard. And puffs them wide of hope: with hearts of proof, Full against wind and tide, some win their way: And when strong effort has deferv'd the port. And tugg'd it into view, 'tis won! 'tis lost! Tho' strong their oar, still stronger is their fate; They strike; and while they triumph, they expire. In stress of weather, most : some fink outright: O'er them, and o'er their names, the billows close; To-morrow knows not they were ever born. Others a short memorial leave behind, Like a flag floating, when the bark's ingulph'd: It floats a moment, and is feen no more: One Cæfar lives: a thousand are forgot. How few beneath auspicious planets born-(Darlings of providence! fond fate's elect!) With swelling sails make good the promis'd port, With all their wishes freighted; yet even these, Freighted with all their wishes, soon complain: Free from misfortune, not from nature free, They still are men; and when is man secure? As fatal time, as storm! the rush of years Beats down their Arength; their numberless escapes In ruin end: and now their proud fuccess But plants new terrors on the victor's brow; What pain to quit the world, just made their own, Their nest so deeply down'd, and built so high! Too low they build, who build beneath the stars.

Woe then apart (if woe apart can be From mortal man) and fortune at our nod, The gay! rich! great! triumphant! and august! What are they?—the most happy (strange to say) Convince me most of human misery:

What are they?—Smiling wretches of to-morrow?
More wretched, then, than e'er their flave can be;
Their treach'rons bleffings, at the day of need,
Like other faithless friends, unmask, and fling;
Then, what provoking indigence in weakth?
What aggravated impotence in power?

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High titles, then, what infult of their pain! If that fole anchor, equal to the waves, Immortal hope! defies not the rude ftorm, Takes comfort from the foaming billow's rage, And makes a welcome harbour of the tomb.

This is a sketch of what thy soul admires?

But here, thou say'st, the miseries of life
Are huddled in a group. A more distinct
Survey, perhaps, might bring thee better news.*
Look on life's stages: they speak plainer still;
The plainer they, the deeper wilt thou sigh.
Look on thy lovely boy; in him behold
The best that can befal the best on earth;
The boy has virtue by his mother's side:
Yes, on Florello look: a father's heart
Is tender, tho' the man's is made of stone;
The truth, thro' such a medium seen, may make Impression deep, and sondaes prove thy friend.

Florello lately cast on this rude coast A helples infant; now a heedless child; To poor Clarissa's throes, thy care succeeds : Care full of love, and yet severe as hate ! O'er thy foul's joy how oft thy fondness frowns! Needful austerities his will restrain: As thorns fence in the tender plant from harm. As yet, his reason cannot go alone: But asks a sterner nurse to lead it on. His little heart is often terrify'd: The blush of morning, in his cheek, turns pale; Its pearly dewidrop trembles in his eye; His harmless eye! and drowns an angel there. Ah! what avails his innocence? the task Enjoin'd must discipline his early pow'rs; He learns to figh, ere he is known to fin; Guiltless, and sad! a wretch before the fall! How cruel this! more cruel to forbear. Dur nature fuch, with necessary pains, We purchase prospects of precarious peace: Tho' not a father, this might steal a sigh.

Suppose him disciplin'd aright (is not, Twill sink our poor account to poorer skill.

Ripe from the tutor, proud of liberty, He leaps inclosure, bounds into the world; The world is taken after ten years toil, Like ancient Troy; and all its joys his own. Alas! the world's a tutor more severe; Its lessons hard, and ill deserve his pains; Unteaching all his virtuous nature taught, Or books (fair virtue's advocates) inspir di

For who receives him into public life? Men of the world, the terræ-filial breed, Welcome the modelt stranger to their sphere, (Which glitter'd long, at distance, in his sight) And, in their hospitable arms inclose: Men, who think nought so strong of the romance, So rank knight-errant, as a real friend: Men, that act up to reason's golden rule, All weakness of affection quite subdu'd: Men, that would blush at being thought sincere, And seign, for glory, the sew saults they want; That love a lie, where truth would pay as well; As if to them, vice shone her own reward.

Lorenzo! canst thou bear a shocking sight? Such, for Florello's fake, 'twill now appear: See, the steel'd files of season'd veterans, Train'd to the world, in burnish'd falsehood bright, Deep in the fatal stratagems of peace; All foft fensation, in the throng, rubb'd off; All their keen purpose, in politeness sheath'd; His friends eternal-during interest; His foes implacable—when worth their while; At war with ev'ry welfare but their own; As wife as Lucifer; and half as good; And by whom none but Lucifer can gain-Naked, through these (so common fate ordains) Naked of heart, his cruel course he runs, Stung out of all, most amiable in life, Prompt truth, and open thought, and fmiles unfeign'd Affection, as his species, wide diffus'd; Noble prefumptions to mankind's renown; Ingenuous truft, and confidence of love.

These claims to joy (if mortals joy might claim) Will cost him many a figh; till time, and pains, From the flow mistress of this school, Experience. And her affistant, pausing, pale, Distrust, Purchase a dear-bought clue to lead his youth Thro' ferpentine obliquities of life, And the dark labyrinth of human hearts. And happy! if the clue shall come so cheap: For, while we learn to fence with public guilt. Full oft we feel its foul contagion too, If less than heavenly virtue is our guard. Thus, a strange kind of curst necessity Brings down the sterling temper of his foul, By base alloy, to bear the current stamp, Below call'd wisdom; sinks him into fafety: And brands him into credit with the world: Where specious titles dignify disgrace, And nature's injuries are arts of life; Where brighter reason prompts to bolder crimes; And heavenly talents make infernal hearts: That unfurmountable extreme of guilt.

Poor Machiavel! who labour'd hard his plan. Forgot that genius need not go to school; Forgot that man, without a tutor wife, His plan had practis'd long before 'twas writ. The world's all title-page, there's no contents: The world's all face; the man who shews his heart. Is hooted for his nudities, and feorn'd. A man I knew, who liv'd upon a fmile: And well it fed him; he look'd plump and fair: While rankest venom foam'd thro' every vein. Lorenzo! what I tell thee, take not ill! Living. he fawn'd on ev'ry fool alive: And, dying, curs'd the friend on whom he liv'd. To fuch proficients thou art half a faint. In foreign realms (for thou hast travell'd far) How curious to contemplate two flate-rooks, Studious their ness to feather in a trice, With all the necromantics of their art, lying the game of faces on each other, Making court sweet-meats of their latent gall,

In foolish hope, to steal each other's trust;
Both cheating, both exulting, both deceiv'd;
And sometimes, both (let earth rejoice) undone!
Their parts we doubt not; but be that their shame;
Shall men of talents, sit to rule mankind,
Stoop to mean wiles, that would disgrace a fool?
And lose the thanks of those few friends they serve?
For who can thank the man he cannot see?

Why so much cover? it deseats itself.
Ye, that know all things! know ye not men's hearts
Are therefore known, because they are conceal'd?
For why conceal'd?—the cause they need not tell.
I give him joy, that's awkward at a lie;
Whose seeble nature truth keeps still in awe;
His incapacity is his renown.

Tis great, 'tis manly, to disdain disguise;'
It shews our spirit, or it proves our strength.
Thou say'st, 'tis needful: is it therefore right?'
Howe'er, I grant it some small sign of grace,
To strain at an excuse: and wouldst thou then
Escape that cruel need? thou mayst with ease;
Think no post needful that demands a knave.
When late our civil helm was shifting hands,
So P—— thought: think better, if you can.

But this, how rare! the public path of life.

Is dirty:—yet, allow that dirt its due,

It makes the noble mind more noble still:

The world's no neuter; it will wound or fave:

Our virtue quench, or indignation fire.

You fay, the world, well known, will make a man:

The world, well known, will give our hearts to heav'ng.

Or make us dæmons long before we die.

To shew how fair the world, thy mistres, shines, Take either part, sure ills attend the choice; Sure, though not equal, detriment ensues. Not virtue's self is deify'd on earth; Virtue has her relapses, conslicts, soes; Foes, that ne'er fail to make her feel their hate. Virtue has her peculiar set of pains. True friends to virtue last, and least complaint. But if they sigh can others hope to smile?

If wisdom has her miseries to mourn, How can poor folly lead a happy life? And if both suffer, what has earth to boast, Where he most happy, who the least laments? Where much, much patience, the most envy'd state, And some forgiveness needs the best of friends? For friend, or happy life, who looks not higher, Of neither shall he find the shadow here.

The world's fworn advocate, without a fee,

Lorenzo fmartly, with a fmile replies;

'Thus far thy fong is right; and all must own,

'Virtue has her peculiar set of pains-

And joys peculiar who to vice denies?

If vice it is, with nature to comply:
If pride and fense are so predominant,

'To check, not overcome them, makes a faint,

'Can nature in a plainer voice proclaim

Pleasure, and glory, the chief good of man?
Can pride and sensuality rejoice?
From purity of thought, all pleasure springs;
And, from an humble spirit, all our peace.
Ambition, pleasure! let us talk of these:
Of these, the Porch and Academy talk'd;
Of these, each following age had much to say;
Yet unexhausted, still, the needful theme.
Who talks of these, to mankind all at once
He talks, for where the saint from either free?
Are these thy refuge?—no; these rush upon thee,
Thy vitals seize, and, vulture-like, devour:
I'll try if I can pluck thee from thy rock,
Prometheus! from this barren ball of earth:

Ls glory lodg'd: 'tis lodg'd in the reverse; In that which joins, in that which equals, all, The monarch, and his slave—' A deathless soul, Unbounded prospect, and immortal kin, A Father God, and brothers in the skies;' Elder, indeed, in time; but less remote In excellence, perhaps, than thought by man, Why greater what can fall, than what can rise?

If still delirious, now, Lorenzo! go;
And with thy full blown brothers of the world,
Throw scorn around thee; cast it on thy slaves;
Thy slaves, and equals: how scorn cast on them
Rebounds on thee! if man is mean, as man,
Art thou a god? If fortune makes him so,
Beware the consequence: a maxim that,
Which draws a monstrous picture of mankind,
Where, in the drapery, the man is lost;
Externals sluttering, and the soul forgot.
Thy greatest glory, when dispos'd to boast,
Boast that aloud, in which thy servants share.

We wisely strip the steed we mean to buy:
Judge we, in their caparisons, of men?
It nought avails thee, where, but what thou art;
All the distinctions of this little life
Are quite cutaneous, foreign to the man.
When through death's streights, earth's subtle serpents

Which wriggle into wealth, or climb renown,
As crooked Satan the forbidden tree,
They leave their party-colour'd robe behind,
All that now glitters, while they rear aloft
Their brazen crefts, and his at us below.
Of fortune's fucus strip them, yet alive;
Strip them of body, too; nay, closer still,
Away with all, but moral, in their minds;
And let, what then remains, impose their name,
Pronounce them weak, or worthy; great, or mean.
How mean that snuff of glory fortune lights,
And death puts out! Dost thou demand a test,
A test, at once infallible, and short,
Of real greatness? that man greatly lives,

Whate'er his fate or fame, who greatly dies; High-flush'd with hope, where heroes shall despair. If this a true criterion, many courts,

Illustrious, might afford but few grandees.

Th' Almighty from his throne, on earth furters Nought greater, than an honest, humble heart; An humble heart; his residence! pronounc'd His second seat; and rival to the skies. The private path, the secret acts of men, If noble, far the noblest of our lives! How far above Lorenzo's glory sits Th' illustrious master of a name unknown; Whose worth unrivall'd, and unwitness'd, loves Life's facred shades, where gods converse with men; And peace, beyond the world's conception; smiles! As thou, (now dark) before we part, shalt see.

But thy great foul this skulking glory scorns. Lorenzo's fick, but when Lorenzo's feen; And, when he shrugs at public business, lies. Deny'd the public eye, the public voice, As if he liv'd on other's breath, he dies. Fain would he make the world his pedestal; Mankind the gazers, the fole figure, he. Knows he, that mankind praise against their will, And mix as much detraction as they can? Knows he, that faithless fame her whisper has, As well as trumpet? that his vanity Is so much tickled from not hearing all? Knows this all-knower, that from itch of praise, Or, from an itch more fordid, when he shines, Taking his country by five hundred ears. Senates at once admire him, and despise. With modest laughter lining loud applause, Which makes the smile more mortal to his fame? His fame, which (like the mighty Cafar,) crown d With laurels, in full senate, greatly falls, By feeming friends, that honour, and deftroy. We rife in glory, as we fink in pride: Where boalting ends, there dignity begins: And yet, mistaken beyond all mistake,

The blind Lorenzo's proud!-of being proud: And dreams himself ascending in his fall.

An eminence, though fancy'd, turns the brain; All vice wants hellebore; but of all vice, Pride loudest calls, and for the largest bowl: Because, all other vice unlike, it flies, In fact, the point, in fancy most parfu'd. Who court applause, oblige the world in this; They gratify man's passion to refuse. Superior honour, when affum'd, is loft; Ev'n good men turn banditti, and rejoice, Like Kouli-Khan, in plunder of the proud.

Though somewhat disconcerted, steady still To the world's cause, with half a face of joy, Lorenzo cries- Be, then, ambition cast:

· Ambition's dearer far stands unimpeach'd, Gay pleasure! proud ambition is her slave;

For her, he foars at great, and hazards ill;

For her, he fights, and bleeds, or overcomes;

And paves his way, with crowns, to reach her finile:

Who can refift her charms?'—Or, should? Lorenzo! What mortal shall resist, where angels yield? Pleasure's the mistress of ethereal powers; For her contend the rival gods above; Pleasure's the mistress of the world below: And well it is for man, that pleasure charms: How would all stagnate, but for pleasure's ray! How would the frozen stream of action cease! What is the pulse of this so busy world? The love of pleasure: that, through ev'ry vein, Throws motion, warmth; and shuts out death from life.

Though various are the tempers of mankind, Pleasure's gay family holds all in chains: Some most affect the black; and some, the fair; Some honest pleasure court; and some, obscene. Pleafures obscene are various, as the throng Of passions, that can err in human hearts; Mistake their objects, or transgress their bounds. Think you there's but one whoredom? whoredom, all, But when our reason licences delight.

Dost doubt, Lorenzo! thou shalt doubt no more.

Thy father chides thy gallantries; yet hug's An ugly, common harlot, in the dark : A rank adulterer with other's gold; And that hag, vengeance, in a corner charms. Hatred her brothel has, as well as love, Where horrid Epicures debauch in blood. Whate'er the motive, pleasure is the mark: For her, the black affaffin draws his fword: For her, dark statesmen trim their midnight lamp, To which no fingle facrifice may fall; For her the faint abstains; the miser starves; The Stoic proud, for pleasure, pleasure scorn'd; For her, affliction's daughters grief indulge, And find, or hope, a luxury in tears; For her, guilt, shame, toil, danger we defy; And, with an aim voluptuous, rush on death. Thus universal her despotic power.

And as her empire wide, her praise is just. Patron of pleasure! doater on delight!

I am thy rival; pleasure I profess;
Pleasure the purpose of my gloomy fong.
Pleasure is nought but virtue's gayer name:
I wrong her still, I rate her worth too low;
Virtue the root, and pleasure is the flower;
And honest Epicurus' foes were fools.

But this founds harsh, and gives the wife offence; If o'erstrain'd wisdom still retains the name. How knits aufterity her cloudy brow, And blames, as bold, and hazardous, the praise Of pleasure, to mankind, unprais'd, too dear! Ye modern Stoics! hear my foft reply; Their fenses men will trust: we can't impose; Or, if we could, is imposition right? Own honey sweet: but, owning, add this sting; When mixt with poison, it is deadly too.' Truth never was indebted to a lie. Is nought but virtue to be prais'd, as good? Why then is health preferr'd before disease? What nature loves is good, without our leave. And where no future drawback cries, 'Beware;' Pleasure, though not from virtue, thould prevail

is balm to life, and gratitude to heav'n; ow cold our thanks for bounties unenjoy'd! he love of pleasure is man's eldest-born, >m in his cradle, living to his tomb; isdom, her younger sister, though more grave, as meant to minister, and not to mar, perial pleasure, queen of human hearts. Lorenzo! thou, her majesty's renown'd, lough uncoif'd counfel, learned in the world! ho think'st thyself a Murray, with disdain y'st look on me. Yet, my Demosthenes! nst thou plead pleasure's cause as well as I? low'st thou her nature, purpose, parentage? tend my fong, and thou shalt know them all: id know thyfelf, and know thyfelf to be range truth!) the most abstemious man alive. li not Calista; she will laugh thee dead; fend thee to her hermitage with L ·furd presumption! thou, who never knew'st Terious thought; shalt they dare dream of joy? ' man e'er found a happy life by chance: yawn'd it into being with a wish; with the fnout of grov'ling appetite, er fmelt it out, and grubb'd it from the dirt. art it is, and must be learnt: and learnt Ith unremitting effort, or be loft, ad leaves us perfect blockheads, in our blifs. e clouds may drop down titles, and estates; ealth may feek us; but wifdom must be fought; ught before all; but (how unlike all elfe e feek on earth !) tis never fought in vain. First, pleasure's birth, rife, strength and grandeur sees ought forth by wisdom, nurst by discipline, patience taught, by perseverence crown'd, e rears her head majestic; round her throne, ected in the bosom of the just, Lch virtue, listed, forms her manly guard. r what are virtues? (formidable name!) hat, but the fountain, or defence, of joy? hy, then, commanded? Need mankind command = once to merit, and to make, their blifs?

Great legislator 1 scarce so great as kind: If men are rational, and love delight, Thy gracious law but statters human choice s In the transgression lies the penalty; And they the most indulge, who most obey.

Of pleasure, next, the final cause explore: Its mighty purpose, its important end. Not to turn human brutal, but to build Divine on human, pleasure came from heav'n. In aid to reason was the goddess sent; To call up all its strength by such a charm. Pleasure, first, succours virtue; in return, Virtue gives pleasure an eternal reign. What, but the pleasure of food, friendship, saith, Supports life nat'ral, civil, and divine? 'Tis from the pleasure of repair, we live; Tis from the pleasure of applause, we please: 'Tis from the pleasure of belief, we pray; (All pray'r would cease, if unbeliev'd the prize;) It serves ourselves, our species, and our God; And to serve more, is past the sphere of man. Glide then, for ever, pleasure's facred stream ! Through Eden, as Euphrates ran, it runs, And fosters ev'ry growth of happy life; Makes a new Eden where it flows; but fuch As must be lost, Lorenzo! by thy fall.

What mean I by thy fall? Thou'lt shortly see, While pleasure's nature is at large display'd; Already sung her origin, and ends.

Those glorious ends, by kind, or by degree, When pleasure violates, 'tis then a vice, And vengeance too; it hastens into pain.

From due refreshment, life, health, reason, joyee From wild excess, pain, grief, distraction, death; Heav'n's justice this proclaims, and that her love. What greater evil can I wish my foe; Than his full draught of pleasure, from a cast. Unbroach'd by just authority, unguag'd By temperance, by reason unresin'd? A thousand damons lurk within the ice.

Drink deep; the deeper, then, the more divine; Angels are angels from indulgence there; 'Tis unrepenting pleasure makes a god. Dolt think thyself a god from other joys? A victim rather! shortly sure to bleed. The wrong must mourn: can Heav'n's appointments fail? Can man outwit Omnipotence? strike out A felf-wrought happiness unmeant by him Who made us, and the world we would enjoy? Who forms an instrument, ordains from whence Its dissonance, or harmony, shall rise. Heav'n bid the foul this mortal frame inspire; Bid virtue's ray divine inspire the soul With unprecarious flows of vital joy? And, without breathing, man as well might hope For life, as, without piety, for peace. 'Is virtue, then, and piety the fame?'

No; piety is more; 'tis virtue's fource; Mother of ev'ry worth, as that of joy. Men of the world this doctrine ill digeft; They smile at piety; yet boast aloud Good will to men; nor know they firive to part What nature joins; and thus confute themselves. With piety begins all good on earth; 'Tis the first-born of rationality. Conscience, her first law broken, wounded lies: Enfeebled, lifelefs, impotent to good; A feign'd affection bounds her utmost pow'r. Some we can't love, but for the Almighty's fake; A foe to God was ne'er true friend to man: Some finister intent taints all he does: And in his kindest actions he's unkind.

On piety, humanity is built; And, on humanity, much happines; And yet still more on piety itself. A foul in commerce with her God, is heav'n; Feels not the turnults and the shocks of life; The whirls of passions, and the strokes of heart. A Deity believ'd, is joy begun; A Deity ador'd, is joy advanc'd;

A Deity belov'd, is joy matur'd.
Each branch of piety delight inspires;
Faith builds a bridge from this world to the next,
O'er death's dark gulph, and all its horror hides;
Praise, the sweet exhalation of our joy,
That joy exalts, and makes it sweeter still;
Pray'r ardent opens heav'n, lets down a stream
Of glory on the consecrated hour
Of man, in audience with the Deity.
Who worships the great God, that instant joins
The first in heav'n, and sets his soot on hell.

Lorenzo! when wast thou at church before? Thou think'st the service long; but is it just? Tho' just, unwelcome: thou hadst rather tread Unhallow'd ground; the muse, to win thine ear, Must take an air less solemn. She complies, Good conscience! at the sound the world retires; Verse disaffects it, and Lorenzo smiles; Yet has she her seraglio sull of charms; And such as age shall heighten, not impair. Art thou dejected? is thy mind o'ercast? Amid her fair ones thou the fairest choose, To chase thy gloom. 'Go, six some weighty truth; 'Chain down some pession; do some gen'rous good.

Chain down some passion; do some gen'rous good;

Teach ignorance to fee, or grief to smile;

Correct thy friend; befriend thy greatest foe;

Or with warm heart, and confidence divine,

'Spring up, and lay strong hold on him who made thee.'
Thy gloom is scatter'd, sprightly spirits flow;
Tho' wither'd is thy vine, and harp unstrung.

Dost call the bowl, the viol, and the dance, Loud mirth, mad laughter? wretched comforters! Physicians! more than half of thy disease. Laughter, tho' never censur'd yet as sin, (Pardon a thought that only seems severe) Is half immoral: is it much indulg'd? By venting spleen, or dissipating thought, It shews a scorner, or it makes a fool; And sins, as hurting others, or ourselves. Tis pride, or emptiness, applies the straw, That tickles little minds to mirth essue.

Of grief approaching, the portentous fign! The house of laughter makes a house of woe. A man triumphant is a monstrous sight; A man dejected is a sight as mean. What cause for triumph, where such ills abound? What for dejection, where presides a power, Who call'd us into being to be blest? So grieve, as conscious, grief may rise to joy; So joy, as conscious, joy to grief may fall. Most true, a wise man never will be sad; But neither will sonorous, bubbling mirth, A shallow stream of happiness betray:

Yet wouldst thou laugh (but at thy own expence). This counsel strange should 1 presume to give—
'Retire, and read thy Bible, to be gay,'
There truths abound of sov'reign aid to peace;
Ah! do not prize them less, because inspir'd,
As thou and thine, are apt and proud to do.
If not inspir'd, that pregnant page had stood,
Time's treasure! and the wonder of the wise!
Thou think'st, perhaps, thy soul alone at stake;
Alas! should men mistake thee for a fool;
What man of taste for genius, wisdom, truth,
Tho' tender of thy same, could interpose?
Believe me, sense here acts a double part,
And the true critic is a Christian too.

But these, thou think'st are gloomy paths to joy. True joy in sunshine ne'er was sound at first; They first themselves offend, who greatly please; And travel only gives us sound repose. Heav'n sells all pleasure; effort is the price; The joys of conquest, are the joys of man; And glory the victorious laurel spreads. O'er pleasure's pure, perpetual, placid stream.

There is a time, when toil must be preferred, Or joy, by mistim'd fondness, is undone. A man of pleasure is a man of pains. Thou wilt not take the trouble to be blest. False joys, indeed, are born from want of thought. From thought's full bent, and energy the true.

And that demands a mind in equal poize, Remote from gloomy grief, and glaring joy. Much joy not only speaks small happiness, But happiness that shortly must expire. Can joy, unbottom'd in reflection, stand? And in a tempest, can reflection live? Can joy, like thine, fecure itself an hour? Can joy, like thine, meet accident unshock'd? Or ope the door to honest poverty? Or talk with threat'ning death and not turn pale ! In fuch a world, and fuch a nature, thefe Are needful fundamentals of delight: These fundamentals give delight indeed; Delight, pure, delicate, and durable; Delight, unshaken, masculine, divine; A constant, and a found, but serious joy. Is joy the daughter of feverity? It is: yet far my doctrine from severe. Rejoice for ever:' It becomes a man; Exalts, and fets him nearer to the gods. 'Rejoice for ever,' Nature cries, 'Rejoice: And drinks to man, in her nectareous cup. Mix'd up of delicates for every fense: To the great founder of the bounteous feast. Drinks glory, gratitude, eternal praise; And he that will not pledge her, is a churl. Ill firmly to support, good fully taste, Is the whole science of selicity: Yet sparing pledge; her bowl is not the best. Mankind can boast. 'A rational repast: " Exertion, vigilance, a mind in arms, 'A military discipline of thought, 'To foil temptation in the doubtful field: · And ever-waking ardour for the right.' 'Tis these first give, then guard a cheerful heart. Nought that is right, think little; well aware, What reason bids, God bids; by his command How aggrandiz'd the smallest thing we do! Thus, nothing is infipid to the wife; To thee, insipid all, but what is mad; Joys feason'd high, and tasting strong of guilt.

Mad! (thou reply'st, with indignation fir'd) Of ancient fages proud to tread the steps, I follow nature.' Follow nature still. But look it be thine own? Is conscience, then, No part of nature? is she not supreme? Thou regicide! O raise her from the dead! Then follow nature, and resemble God. When, spite of conscience, pleasure is pursu'd, Man's nature is unnaturally pleas'd: And what's unnatural, is painful too At intervals, and must disgust ev'n thee! The fact thou know'st; but not, perhaps, the cause. Virtue's foundations with the world's were laid: Heav'n mix'd her with our make, and twisted close Her facred int'rests with the strings of life. Who breaks her awful mandate, shocks himself. His better self: and is it greater pain, Our foul should murmur, or our dust repine? And one, in their eternal war, must bleed.

If one must suffer, which should least be spar'd? The pains of mind surpass the pains of sense: Ask then, the gout, what torment is in guilt? The joys of sense to mental joys are mean: Sense on the present only seeds; the soul On past and suture, forages for joy. "Tis hers, by retrospect, thro' time to range; And forward time's great sequel to survey. Could human courts take vengeance on the mind, Axes might rust, and racks, and gibbets, fall:

Guard, then, thy mind, and leave the rest to sate.

Lorenzo! wilt thou never be a man?

The man is dead, who for the body lives,
Lur'd by the beating of his pulse, to list

With ev'ry lust, that wars against his peace;
And sets him quite at variance with himself.

Thyself, first, know; then love; a self there is.

Of virtue fond, that kindles at her charms.

A self there is, as fond of ev'ry vice,

While ev'ry virtue wounds it to the heart;

Humility degrades it, justice robs,

Blest bounty beggars it, fair truth betrays,
And godlike magnanimity destroys.
This felf, when rival to the former, scorn;
When not in competition, kindly treat,
Desend it, seed it: but when virtue bids,
Toss it, or to the sowls, or to the sames.
And why? 'tis love of pleasure bids thee bleed;
Comply, or own self-love extinct, or blind.

For what is vice? felf-love in a mistake:

A poor blind merchant buying joys too dear.

And virtue, what? 'tis felf-love in her wits,
Quite skilful in the market of delight.

Self-love's good sense, is love of that dread Power,
From whom herself, and all she can enjoy.

Other self-love is but disguis'd self-hate;
More mortal than the malice of our foes;
A self-hate, now, scarce selt; then selt sull fore,
When being, curst; extinction, loud implor'd;
And ev'ry thing preserr'd to what we are.

Yet this felf love Lorenzo makes his choice; And, in this choice triumphant, boalts of joy. How is his want of happiness betray'd, By disaffection to the present hour! Imagination wanders far afield:

The future pleases: why? the present pains. But that's a secret'—Yes, which all men know; And know from thee, discover'd unawares. Thy ceaseless agitation, restless roll. From cheat to cheat, impatient of a pause: What is it? 'Tis the cradle of the soul, From instinct sent, to rock her in disease, Which her physician, reason, will not cure. A poor expedient! yet thy best; and while—It mitigates thy pain, it owns!

Such are Lorenzo's weetched remedies! The weak have remedies; the wife have joys. Superiour wifdom is fuperiour blifs. And what fure mark distinguishes the wife? Confistent wifdom ever wills the same; Thy fickle wish is ever on the wing. ick of herself, is folly's character;

s wildom's is, a modest felf-applaule. change of evils is thy good supreme: or, but in motion, can't thou find thy rest. an's greatest strength is shewn in standing still. he first sure symptom of a mind in health, rest of heart, and pleasure felt at home. else pleasure from abroad her joys imports; ich from within, and felf-fultain'd, the true. he true is fix'd, and folid as a rock: ipp'ry the false, and tossing, as the wave. his, a wild wanderer on earth, like Cain: hat, like the fabled, felf-enamour'd boy, ome contemplation her supreme delight; ne dreads an interruption from without, nit with her own condition; and the more stense she gazes, still it charms the more. No man is happy, till he thinks on earth here breathes not a more happy than himfelf: hen envy dies, and love o'erflows on all: nd love o'erflowing makes an angel here. ach angels all, entitled to repose n him who governs fate: tho' tempest frowns, ho' nature shakes, how soft to lean on heaven! o lean on him, on whom archangels lean! ith inward eyes, and filent as the grave, hey fland collecting every beam of thought, ill their hearts kindle with divine delight; or all their thoughts, like angels, feen of old-1 Ifrael's dream, come from, and go to heaven: lence, are they studious of sequestred scenes; hile noise and dissipation comfort thee.

Were all men happy, revellings would ceafe, hat opiate for inquietude within.

orenzo! never man was truly blek,
ut it compos'd, and gave him such a cast,
s folly might mistake for want of joy.
cast, unlike the triumph of the proud;
modest aspect, and a smalle at heart.
for a joy from thy Philander's spring!
spring perennial, rising in the breast,
and permanent, as pare! no turbid streams

Of rapt'rous exultation, swelling high; Which, like land floods, impetuous pour a while. Then fink at once, and leave us in the mire. What does the man who transient joy prefers? What, but prefer the bubbles to the stream?

Vain are all sudden sallies of delight;
Convulsions of a weak distemper'd joy.
Joy's a fix'd state; a tenure, not a start.
Bliss there is none, but unprecarious bliss:
That is the gem; sell all, and purchase that.
Why go a begging to contingencies,
Not gain'd with ease, nor safely lov'd, if gain'd?
At good fortuitous, draw back, and pause;
Suspect it; what thou canst ensure, enjoy;
And nought but what thou giv'st thyself, is sure.
Reason perpetuates joy that reason gives,
And makes it as immortal as herself:
To mortals, nought immortal, but their worth.

Worth, conscious worth! should absolutely reign; And other joys ask leave for their approach; Nor, unexamin'd, ever leave obtain. Thou art all anarchy; a mob of joys-Wage war, and perish in intestine broils: Not the least promise of internal peace! No bosom comfort! or unborrow'd bliss! Thy thoughts are vagabonds; all outward bound, Mid fands, and rocks, and storms, to cruise for pleasure; If gain'd, dear bought; and better miss'd than gain'd Much pain must expiate what much pain procur'd. Fancy and fense, from an infected shore, Thy cargo bring; and pestilence the prize. Then, fuch thy thirst (infatiable thirst! By fond indulgence but inflam'd the more!) Fancy still cruises, when poor sense is tir'd.

Imagination is the Paphian shop,
Where seeble happiness, like Vulcan, lame,
Bids soul ideas, in their dark recess,
And hot as hell (which kindled the black fires)
With wanton art those fatal arrows form,
Which murder all thy time, health, wealth, and same.
Wouldst thou receive them, other thoughts there are,

el-wing, descending from above, hese, with art divine, would counterwork, m celekial armour for thy peace. is is feen imagination's guilt: o can count her follies? the betrays thee, k in grandeur there is fomething great. ks of curious art, and ancient fame. nius hungers, elegantly pain'd; eign climes must cater for thy take. what difaster !- tho' the price was paid, rsecuting priest, the Turk of Kome, foot (ye gods!) tho' cloven, must be kis'de d thy dinner on the Latian shore: s the fate of honest Protestants!) or magnificence is start'd to death, ust resentment, indignation, ire !-fy'd; if outward things are great, gnanimity great things to fcorn; is expences, and parades august, mrts: that infalubrious foil to peace. appiness ne'er enter'd at an eye: ippinels relides in things unfeen. es of fortune ever bleis'd the bad. ler frowns rob innocence of joys; wel wanting, triple crowns are poor: nis Holineis, and be reveng'd. ire, we both agree, is man's chief good; y contest, what deferves the name. eafure's name to nought, but what has past'd hentic feal of reason (which, like Yorke, on what it passes) and defies th of time; when past, a pleasure still: on trial, lovelier for its age, ubly to be priz'd, as it promotes ure, while it forms our present joy. ivs the future overcast; and some all their beams that way, and gild the tomb. vs endear eternity: fome give 'd annihilation dreadful charms. al joys contending for thy choice? thy whole existence, and be safe;

That oracle will put all doubt to flight. Short is the leffon, tho' my lecture long, Be good—and let heav'n answer for the rest.

Yet, with a figh o'er all mankind, I grant
In this our day of proof, our land of hope,
The good man has his clouds that intervene;
Clouds, that obscure his sublunary day,
But never conquer: e'en the best must own,
Patience and resignation are the pillars
Of human peace on earth. The pillars, these;
But those of Seth not more remote from thee,
Till this heroic lesson thou hast learn'd;
To frown at pleasure, and to smile in pain.
Fir'd at the prospect of unclouded bliss,
Heav'n in reversion, like the sun, as yet
Beneath th' horizon, cheers us in this world;
It sheds, on souls susceptible of light,
The glorious dawn of our eternal day.

'This (fays Lorenzo) is a fair harangue:
But can harangues blow back strong nature's stream:

Or frem the tide heav'n pushes thro' our veins,
Which sweeps away man's impotent resolves,

And lays his labour level with the world?

Themselves men make their comment on mankind; And think nought is, but what they find at home: Thus, weakness to chimera turns the truth. Nothing romantic has the muse prescrib'd. *Above, Lorenzo saw the man of earth, The mortal man; and wretched was the sight. To balance that, to comfort, and exalt, Now see the man immortal: him, I mean, Who lives as such: whose heart, sull bent on heavin, Leans all that way, his bias to the stars. The world's dark shades, in contrast set, shall raise His lustre more; tho' bright, without a soil; Observe his awful portrait, and admire; Nor stop at wonder; imitate, and live.

Some angel guide my pencil, while I draw, What nothing less than angel can exceed,

^{*} In a former Night..

man on earth devoted to the fkies: ike ships in seas, while in, above the world. With aspect mild, and elevated eye, chold him feated on a mount ference. bove the fogs of feafe, and passion's storm: ll the black cares and tumults of this life. ike harmless thunders, breaking at his feet, tcite his pity, not impair his peace. urth's genuine sons, the scept'red, and the flave. mingled mob! a wand'ring herd! he fees, wilder'd in the vale; in all unlike! is full reverse in all! what higher praise? hat stronger demonstration of the right? The present all their care; the future, his. hen public welfare calls, or private want, ney give to fame; his bounty he conceals. neir virtues varnish nature: his exalt. ankind's esteem they court; and he, his own. neirs, the wild chace of false felicities: is, the compos'd possession of the true. like throughout is his confistent peace, I of one colour, and an even thread; hile party-colour'd shreds of happiness, ith hideous gaps between, patch up for them madman's robe; each puff of fortune blows ae tatters by, and shews their nakedness. He fees with other eyes than theirs: where they hold a fun, he spies a deity: hat makes them only smile, makes him adore. here they see mountains, he but atoms sees; n empire, in his balance, weighs a grain. ney things terrestrial worship, as divine; is hopes immortal blow them by, as dust, nat dims his fight, and shortens his survey, hich longs, in infinite, to lose all bound. tles and honours (if they prove his fate): e lays aside to find his dignity; s dignity they find in aught belides. ney triumph in externals (which conceal an's real glory) proud of an eclipfe. imself too much he prizes to be proudAnd nothing thinks so great in man, as man. Too dear he holds his interest, to neglect Another's welfare, or his right invade; Their int'rest, like a lion, lives on prey. They kindle at the shadow of a wrong: Wrong he fultains with temper, looks on heav'n, Nor stoops to think his injurer his fee; Nought, but what wounds his virtue, wounds his peak A cover'd heart their character defends: A cover'd heart denies him half his praise. With nakedness his innocence agrees: While their broad foliage testifies their fall. Their no-joys end, where his full feast begins; His joys create, theirs murder, fature blifs. To triumph in existence, his alone; And his alone triumphantly to think His true existence is not yet begun. His glorious course was, yesterday, complete; Death, then, was welcome; yet life still is sweets

But nothing charms Lorenzo, like the firm, Undaunted break—And whose is that high praise? They yield to pleasure, tho' they danger brave, And shew no fortitude, but in the field; If there, they shew it, 'tis for glory shewn; Nor will that cordial always man their hearts. A cordial his sustains, that cannot fail; By pleasure unsubdu'd, unbroke by pain, He shares in that omnipotence he trusts. All-bearing, all-attempting, till he falls; And when he falls, writes vici on his shield. From magnanimity, all fear above; From nobler recompense, above applause; Which owes to man's short out-look all its charms.

Backward to credit what he never felt, Lorenzo cries—' Where shines this miracle?' 'From what root rises this immortal man?' A root that grows not in Lorenzo's ground; The root dissect, nor wonder at the flower.

He follows nature (not like* thee) and shews **
An uninverted system of a man.

See page 197, Time 3.

His appetite wears reason's golden chain. And finds, in due restraint, its luxury. His passion, like an eagle well reclaim'd, Is taught to fly at nought but infinite. Patient his hope, unanxious is his care. His caution fearless, and his grief, (if grief The gods ordain) a stranger to despair. And why?-because affection, more than meet, His wildom leaves not disengag'd from heaven. Those secondary goods that imile on earth, He, loving in proportion, loves in peace. They most the world enjoy, who least admire. Tis understanding 'scapes the common cloud Of times, ariting from a boiling breaft. His head is clear, because his heart is cool. By worldly competitions uninflam'd. The mod'rate movements of his foul admit Distinct ideas, and matur'd debate, An eye impartial, and an even scale: Whence judgment found, and unrepenting choice. Thus, in a double fense, the good are wise; On its own dunghill, wifer than the world. What, then, the world? it must be doubly weak; Strange truth! as foon would they believe their creed. Yet thus it is; nor otherwise can be: So far from aught romantic what I fing. Blifs has no being, virtue has no strength, But from the prospect of immortal life.

Who think earth all, or, (what weighs just the same)
Who care no farther, must prize what it yields;
Fond of its fancies; proud of its parades.
Who thinks earth nothing, can't its charms admire;
He can't a foe, tho' most malignant, hate,
Because that hate would prove his greater foe.
"Tis hard for them (yet who so loudly boast
Good will to men?) to love their dearest friend;
For may he not invade their good supreme,
Where the least jealousy turns love to gall?
All shines to them, that for a season shines.
Each act, each thought, he questions, 'What its weight,
'Its colour what, a thousand ages hence?"—

And what it there appears, he deems it now. Hence, pure are the recesses of his soul. The godlike man hath nothing to conceal. His virtue, constitutionally deep, Has habit's firmness, and affection's slame; Angels, ally'd, descend to seed the fire; And death, which others slays, makes him a god.

And now, Lorenzo! bigot of this world!

Wont to diffain poor bigots caught by heav'n!

Stand by thy fcorn, and be reduc'd to nought:

For what art thou?—Thou boafter! while thy glare,
Thy gaudy grandeur, and mere worldly worth,

Like a broad mift, at diffance, ftrikes us most;

And, like a mist, is nothing when at hand;

His merit, like a mountain, on approach,

Swells more, and rifes nearer to the skies,

By promise, now, and by possession, foon,

Too foon, too much, it cannot be) his own.

From this thy just annihilation rise,
Lorenzo,! rise to something, by reply,
The world, thy client, listens, and expects;
And longs to crown thee with immortal praise.
Canst thou be silent? No; for wit is thine;
And wit talks most when least she has to say,
And reason interrupts not her career.
She'll say—That mists above the mountains rise;
And, with a thousand pleasantries, amuse;
She'll sparkle, puzzle, flutter, raise a dust,
And sty conviction, in the dust she rais'd.

Wit, how delicious to man's dainty tafte !

'Tis precious as the vehicle of fense;
But, as its substitute, a dire disease,
Pernicious talent! flatter'd by the world,
By the blind world, which thinks the talent rare.
Wisdom is rare, Lorenzo! wit abounds;
Passion can give it; sometimes wine inspires
The lucky flash; and madness rarely fails.
Whatever cause the spirit strongly stirs,
lonsers the bays, and rivals thy renown.
For thy renown, 'twere well, was this the worst;
Chance often hits it; and, to pique thee more,

lness, blund'ring on vivacities, her fage head at the calamity. has expos'd, and let her down to thee. dom, awful wifdom! which inspects, s, compares, weighs, feparates, infers, he right, and holds it to the last; re! in fenates, fynods, fought in vain; ere found, 'tis facred to the few ; lewd proftitute to multitudes. it, as fatal, wit: in civil life, kes an enterprifer; fenfe, a man: es authority; commotion loves, nks herself the lightning of the storm. i, 'tis dangerous; in religion, death: it turn Christian when the dull believe? our helmet, wit is but the plume: me exposes, 'tis our helmet saves. the diamond, weighty, folid, found; ut by wit, it casts a brighter beam ; apart, it is a diamond still. dow'd of good fense, is worse than nought; more fail to run against a rock. half-Chesterfield is quite a fool; dull fools fcorn, and bless their want of witruinous the rock! I warn thee shun, Sirens fit, to fing thee to thy fate! which our reason bears no part, forrow tickling, ere it flings. the cooings of the world allure thee; of her lovers ever found her true? of this bad world who little know!-, we much must know her, to be safe. v the world, not love her, is thy point; es but little, nor that little long. , I grant, a triumph of the pulse; e of spirits, a mere froth of joy, ughtless agitation's idle child, antles high, that sparkles, and expires, the foul more vapid than before. nal ovation! fuch as holds nerce with our reason, but sublists.

On juices, thro' the well-ton'd tubes, well-firain'd; A nice machine! harce ever tun'd aright; And when it jars—thy Sirens fing no more; Thy dance is done; the demi-god is thrown (Short apotheofis!) beneath the man, In coward gloom immers'd or fell despair.

Art thou yet dull enough despair to dread,
And startle at destruction? If thou art,
Accept a buckler, take it to the field;
(A field of battle is this mortal life!)
When danger threatens, lay it on thy heart;
A single sentence proof against the world.
'Soul, body, fortune! ev'ry good pertains
'To one of these; but prize not all alike;
'The goods of fortune to thy body's health,
'Body to soul, and soul submit to God.'

Wouldst thou build lasting happiness? Do this;

Th' inverted pyramid can never stand.

Is this truth doubtful? it outshines the sun;
Nay, the sun shines not, but to shew us this,
The single lesson of mankind on earth.
And yet—yet what? no news! mankind is mad;
Such mighty numbers list against the right,
(And what can't numbers, when bewitch'd, achieve?)
They talk themselves to something like belief,
That all earth's joys are theirs: as Athens' fool
Grinn'd from the port, on ev'ry sail his own.

They grin; but wherefore? and how long the laugh? Half ignorance, their mirth; and half, a lie; To cheat the world, and cheat themselves, they smile. Hard either task! the most abandon'd own, That others, if abandon'd, are undone; Then, for themselves, the moment reason wakes, (And Providence denies it long repose). O how laborious is their gaiety! They scarce can swallow their ebullient spleen, Scarce muster patience to support the farce, And pump sad laughter till the curtain falls. Scarce, did I say? Some cannot six it out; Oft their own daving hands the curtain draw, And shew us what their joy, by their despair.

The clotted hair! gor'd breast! hlaspheming eye! Its impious sury still alive in death.

Shut, shut the shocking scene—But heav'n denies A cover to such guilt; and so should man.

Look round, Lorenzo! see the reeking blade, The invenom'd phial, and the fatal ball;

The strangling cord, and suffocating stream;

The loathsome rottenness, and foul decays

From raging riot (flower suicides!)

And pride in these, more execrable still!—

How horrid all to thought!—but horrors, these,

That youch the truth; and aid my feeble song.

From vice, sense, fancy, no man can be bless'd: Bliss is too great, to lodge within an hour: When an immortal being aims at blifs, Duration is effential to the name. O for a joy from reason! joy from that, Which makes man man; and, exercis'd aright, Will make him more: a bounteous joy! that gives, And promises: that weaves, with art divine, The richest prospect into present peace: A joy ambitious! joy in common held With thrones ethereal, and their greater far: A joy high privileg'd from chance, time, death! A joy, which death shall double! judgment crown! Crown'd higher, and still higher, at each stage, Thro' blest eternity's long day, yet still, Not more remote from forrow than from him, Whose lavish hand, whose love stupendous, pours So much of deity on guilty dust. There, O my Lucia! may I meet thee there, Where not thy presence can improve my blis!

Affects not this the fages of the world?
Can nought affect them, but what fools them too?
Eternity, depending on an hour,
Make ferious thought man's wisdom, joy, and praise.
Nor need you blush (though sometimes your designs May shun the light) at your designs on heaven:
Sole point! where over-bashful is your blame.
Are you not wise?—You know you are; yet heax

One truth, amid your numerous fchemes, mislaid, Or overlook'd, or thrown aside, if seen; Our schemes to plan by this world, or the next, Is the sole difference between wise and sool. All worthy men will weigh you in this scale; What wonder then, if they pronounce you light? Is their esteem alone not worth your care? Accept my simple scheme of common sease: Thus, save your same, and make two worlds your ow

The world replies not;—but the world perfifts;
And puts the cause off to the longest day,
Planning evasions for the day of doom.
So far, at that re-hearing, from redress,
They then turn witnesses against themselves.
Hear that, Lorenzo! nor be wise to-morrow.
Haste, haste! a man, by nature, is in haste;
For who shall answer for another hour?
'Tis highly prudent to make one sure friend;
And that thou can'st not do this side the skies.

Ye fons of earth! (nor willing to be more) Since verse you think from priestcrast somewhat free, Thus, in an age so gay, the muse plain truths [Truths, which, at church, you might have heard

proſe)

Has ventur'd into light; well-pleas'd the verfe Should be forgot, if you the truths retain; And crown her with your welfare, not your praise. But praise the need not fear: I see my fate; And head-long leap, like Curtius, down the gulph. Since many an ample volume, mighty tome, Must die; and die unwept; O thou minute, Devoted page! go forth among thy foes; Go, nobly proud of martyrdom for truth, And die a double death: mankind, incens'd. Denies thee long to live: nor fhalt thou reft, When thou art dead; in Stygian shades arraign'd By Lucifor, as traitor to his throne? And bold blasphemer of his friend—the world ; The world, whose legions cost him stender pay, And volunteers, around his banner fwarm, Prudent, as Prussia, in her zeal for Gaul.

'Are all, then, fools?' Lorenzo cries.—Yes, all, But such as hold this doctrine (new to thee;)
'The mother of true wisdom is the will;' The noblest intellect, a fool without it.
World-wisdom much has done, and more may do, In arts and sciences, in wars and peace; But art and science, like thy wealth, will leave thee, And make thee twice a beggar at thy death. This is the most indulgence can afford;
'Thy wisdom all can do, but—make thee wise.' Nor think this censure is severe on thee; Satan, thy master, I dare call a dunce.

NIGHT THE NINTH AND LAST.

THE

CONSOLATION.

CONTAINING, AMONG OTHER THINGS,

I. A Moral Survey of the Nocturnal Heavens.
II. A Night Address to the Deity.

MUMBLY INSCRIBED

TO HIS GRACE

THE DUKE OF NEWCASTLE,

One of his Majosty's principal Secretaries of State.

-Fatis contraria fata rependens. VIRG.

CONSOLATION.

NIGHT THE NINTH.

AS when a traveller, a long day past in painful fearch of what he cannot find. At night's approach, content with the next cot. There ruminates, a while, his labour lost; Then cheers his heart with what his fate affords. Ind chants his fonnet to deceive the time, Fill the due feafon calls him to repofe: Thus I, long-travell'd in the ways of men, And dancing, with the rest, the giddy maze, Where disappointment smiles at hope's career; Warn'd by the languor of life's evening ray, At length have hous'd me in an humble shed: Where future wand'ring banish'd from my thought, And waiting, patient, the sweet hour of rest; chase the moments with a serious song. long fooths our pains; and age has pains to footh.

When age, care, crime, and age has pains to footh.

When age, care, crime, and friends embrac'd at heart,

l'orn from my bleeding breast, and death's dark shade,

Which hovers o'er me, quench th' ethereal fire;

l'anst thou, O Night! indulge one labour more?

In labour more indulge! then sleep, my strain!

l'ill, haply, wak'd by kaphael's golden lyre,

Where night, death, age, care, crime, and sorrow cease.

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To bear a part in everlasting lays; Though far, far higher set, in aim, I trust, Symphonious to this humble presude here.

Has not the muse afferted pleasures pure, Like those above; exploding other joys? Weigh what was urg'd, Lorenzo! fairly weigh; And tell me, hast thou cause to triumph still? I think thou wilt forbear a boast so bold. But if beneath the favour of mistake. Thy fmile's fincere; not more fincere can be Lorenzo's fmile, than my compassion for him. The fick in body call for aid; the fick In mind are covetous of more disease; And when at worst, they dream themselves quite well-To know ourselves diseas'd, is half our cure. When nature's blush by custom is wip'd off, And conscience, deaden'd by repeated strokes, Has into manners naturaliz'd our crimes: The curse of curses is, our curse to love: To triumph in the blackness of our guilt (As Indians glory in the deepest jet;) And throw afide our fenfes with our peace.

But, grant no guilt, no shame, no least alloy; Grant joy and glory, quite unfully'd, shone; Yet still it ill deserves Lorenzo's heart. No joy, no glory, glitters in thy sight, But, through the thin partition of an hour, I see its sables wove by destiny; And that in sorrow bury'd; this, in shame; While howling suries ring the doleful knell; And conscience, now so soft thou scarce canst hear

Her whisper, echoes her eternal peal.

Where the prime actors of the last year's scenes; Their port so proud, their buskin and their plume; How many sleep, who kept the world awake With lustre, and with noise! Has death proclaim'd. A truce, and hung his sated lance on high? 'Tis brandish'd still; nor shall the present year Be more tenacious of her human leaf, Or spread of seeble life a thinner fall.

eedless monuments to wake the thought: west scenes speak man's mortality: in a style more florid, full as plain, foleums, pyramids, and tombs. e our noblest ornaments, but deaths latterers of life, in paint, or marble, l-stain'd canvass, or the featur'd stone? ers grace, or rather haunt, the scene. les her pavilion from the dead. #s'd diversions! cannot these escape?" it: these present us with a shroud; : of death, like garlands o'er a grave. bold plunderers, for bury'd wealth. ack tombs for pastime: from the dust the fleeping hero; bid him tread e for our amusement; how like gods and wrapt in immortality, i'rous tears on wretches born to die: te deploring, to forget our own! all the pomps and triumphs of our lives. cies in blossom? our lean soil. it grown, and rank in vanities, ends interr'd beneath; a rich manure:! er worms, we banquet on the dead: er worms, shall we crawl on, nor know ent frailties, or approaching fate? zo! fuch the glories of the world! the world itself? thy world? A grave. the dust that has not been alive? le, the plough, disturb our ancestors; man mould we reap our daily bread. e around earth's hollow furface shakes. he ceiling of her fleeping fons. astation we blind revels keep; ury'd towns support the dancer's heel. ft of human frame the fun exhales; atter, through the mighty void, the dry; possesses part of what she gave, freed spirit mounts on wings of fire; ment partakes our scatter'd spoils;

As nature, wide, our ruins spread; man's death Inhabits all things, but the thought of man.

Nor man alone; his breathing bust expires. His tomb is mortal; empires die: where, now, The Roman? Greek? They flalk, an empty name! Yet few regard them in this useful light; Though half our learning is their epitaph. When down thy vale, unlock'd by midnight thought, That loves to wander in thy funless realins, O death! I stretch my view; what visions rise! What triumphs! toils imperial! arts divine! In wither'd laurels glide before my fight! What lengths of far-fam'd ages, billow'd high With human agitation, roll along In unfubitantial images of air! The melancholy ghofts of dead renown, Whilp'ring faint echoes of the world's applause, With penitential aspect, as they pass, All point at earth, and his at human pride, The wisdom of the wife, and prancings of the great.

But, O Lorenzo! far the rest above,
Of ghastly nature, and enormous size,
One form assaults my fight, and chills my blood,
And shakes my frame. Of one departed world
I see the mighty shadow: oozy wreath
And dismal sea-weed crown her; o'er her urn
Reclin'd, she weeps her desolated realms,
And bloated sons; and, weeping, prophesies
Another's dissolution, soon, in stames.
But, like Cassandra, prophesies in vain;
In vain, to many; not, I trust, to thee.

For, know'st thou not, or art thou loth to know,
The great decree, the counsel of the skies!
Deluge and conflagration, dreadful pow'rs?
Prime ministers of vengeance! chain'd in caves
Distinct, apart the giant suries roar;
Apart; or, such their horrid rage for ruin,
In mutual conflict would they rise, and wage
Eternal war, till one was quite devour'd.
But not for this, ordain'd their boundless rage:
When heav'n's inseriour instruments of wrath,

War, famine, pestilence, are found too weak To scourge a world for her enormous crimes. These are let loose, alternate: down they rush, Swift, and tempeltuous, from th' eternal throne. With irrefishible commission arm'd. The world, in vain corrected, to destroy, And eafe creation of the shocking scene.

Seeft thou, Lorenzo! what depends on man? The fate of nature: as for man, her birth. Earth's actors change earth's transitory scenes, And make creation groan with human guilt. How must it groan, in a new deluge whelm'd, But not of waters! at the destin'd hour. By the loud trumpet summon'd to the charge, See, all the formidable fons of fire, Eruptions, earthquakes, comets, lightnings, play Their various engines; all at once disgorge Their blazing magazines; and take, by storm, This poor terrestrial citadel of man.

Amazing period! when each mountain height Out-burns Vesuvius; rocks eternal pour Their melted mais, as rivers once they pour'd: Stars rush; and final ruin fiercely drives Her ploughshare o'er creation! while aloft, More than aftonishment! if more can be! Far other firmament than e'er was feen, Than e'er was thought by man! far other stars? Stars animate, that govern these of fire; Far other fun !-- a fun, O how unlike The babe at Bethle'm! how unlike the man That groah'd on Calvary !-- yet he it is; That man of forrows! O how chang'd! what pomp! In grandeur terrible, all beav'n descends! And gods, ambitious, triumple in his train. A fwift archangel, with his golden wing, As blots and clouds, that darken and difgrace The scene divine, sweeps stars and suns aside. And now, all drofs remov'd, Heav'n's own pure day, Full on the confines of our ether, flames. While, (dreadful contrast! far, how far beneath!

Hell bursting, belches forth her blazing seas, And storms sulphureous; her voracious jaws Expanding wide, and roaring for her prey.

Lorenzo! welcome to this scene; the last In nature's course; the first in wisdom's thought. This strikes, if aught can strike thee; this awakes. The most supine; this snatches man from death. Rouse, rouse, Lorenzo, then, and follow me, Where truth, the most momentous man can hear, Loud calls my soul, and ardour wings her slight. I find my inspiration in my theme;

The grandeur of my subject is my muse.

At midnight, when mankind is wrapt in peace, And worldly fancy feeds on golden dreams; To give more dread to man's most dreadful hour. At midnight, 'tis prefum'd, this pomp will burst From tenfold darkness; sudden, as the spark From fmitten steel; from nit'rous grain, the blaze. Man, starting from his couch, shall sleep no more! The day is broke, which never more shall close! Above, around, beneath, amazement all! Terror and glory join'd in their-extremes: Our God in grandeur, and our world on fire! All nature struggling in the pangs of death! Dost thou not hear her? dost thou not deplore Her strong convulsions, and her final groan? Where are we now? Ah me! the ground is gone, On which we stood. Lorenzo! While thou may'ste Provide more firm support, or fink for ever! Where? how? from whence? vain hope! it is too late! Where, where, for shelter, shall the guilty fly, When consternation turns the good man pale?

Great day! for which all other days were made;
For which earth role from chaos, man from earth;
And an eternity, the date of gods,
Descended on poor earth-created man!
Great day of dread; decision, and despair!
At thought of thee each sublunary with
Lets go its eager grasp, and drops the world;
And catches at each reed of hope in heaven.
At thought of thee! and art thou absent then?

Lorenzo! no; 'tis here; it is begun;
Already is begun the grand affize,
In thee, in all: deputed conscience scales
The dread tribunal, and forestalls our doom;
Forestalls; and by forestalling, proves it sure.
Why on himself should man void judgment pass?
Is idle nature laughing at her sons?
Who conscience sent, her sentence will support,
And God above affert that God in man.

Thrice happy they! that enter now the court Heav'n opens in their bosoms: but, how rare, Ah me! that magnanimity, how rare, What hero, like the man who stands himself; Who dares to meet his naked heart alone; Who hears, intrepid, the full charge it brings, Resolv'd to silence future murmurs there? The coward flies; and slying, is undone. (Art thou a coward? no:) the coward slies; Thinks, but thinks slightly; asks, but fears to know; Asks, 'What is truth?' with Pilate; and retires; Dissolves the court, and mingles with the throng; Asylum sad! from reason, hope, and heav'n!

Shall all, but man, look out with ardent eye,
For that great day, which was ordain'd for man?
O day of confimmation! mark fupreme
(If men are wife) of human thought! nor leaft,
Or in the fight of angels, or their King!
Angels, whose radiant circles, height o'er height.
Order o'er order rising, blaze o'er blaze,
As in a theatre, furround this scene,
Intent on man, and anxious for his fate,
Angels look out for thee; for thee, their Lord,
To vindicate his glory; and for thee,
Creation universal calls aloud,
To distinvolve the moral world, and give
To nature's renovation brighter charms.

Shall man alone, whose fate, whose final fate, Hangs on that hour, exclude it from his thought? I think of nothing else; I see—I seel it! All nature, like an earthquake, trembling round! All deities, like impamer's swarms, on wing.

All basking in the full meridian blaze!
I see the Judge enthron'd—the slaming guard!
The volume open'd—open'd every heart!
A sun beam pointing out each secret thought!
No patron; intercessor none: now past
The sweet, the clement, mediatorial hour:
For guilt no plea; to pain, no pause; no bound;
Inexorable, all; and all, extreme!

Nor man alone; the foe of God and man, From his dark den, blashheming, drags his chain, And rears his brazen front, with thunder scarr'd; Receives his sentence, and begins his hell. All vengeance past, now, seems abundant grace: Like meteors in a stormy sky, how roll His baleful eyes! he curses whom he dreads; And deems it the first moment of his fall.

'Tis present to my thought—and yet where is it? Angels can't tell me; angels cannot guess The period; from created beings lock'd In darkness. But the process, and the place, Are less obscure; for these may man inquire. Say, thou great close of human hopes and fears; Great key of hearts; great finisher of fates; Great end; and great beginning; fay, where art thou? Art thou in time, or in eternity? Nor in eternity, nor time, I find thee. These, as two monarchs, on their borders meet. (Monarchs of all elaps'd, or unarriv'd) As in debate, how best their pow'rs ally'd May swell the grandeur, or discharge the wrath. Of Him, whom both their monarchies obey. Time, this vast fabric for him built (and doom'd

Time, this valt tabric for him built (and doom'd With him to fall) now burfting o'er his head;
His lamp, the fun, extinguish'd; from beneath
The frown of hideous darkness, calls his fons
From their long slumber; from earth's heaving womb,
To second birth; contemporary throng!
Rous'd at one call, upstarted from one bed,
Prest in one crowd, appall'd with one amaze,
He turns them o'er, Eternity, to thee.
Then (as a king depos'd disdains to live)

He falls on his own scythe; nor falls alone; His greatest foe falls with him; Time, and he Who murder'd all Time's offspring, Death, expire.

TIME was! ETERNITY now reigns alone!
Awful eternity! offended queen!
And her refentment to mankind, how just!
With kind intent, foliciting access,
How often has she knock'd at human hearts!
Rich to repay their hospitality,
How often call'd; and with the voice of God;
Yet bore repulse, excluded as a cheat!
A dream—while foulest foes found welcome there!
A dream, a cheat, now, all things, but her smile.

For, lo! her twice ten thousand gates thrown wide, As thrice from Indus to the frozen pole, With banners, streaming as the comet's blaze, And clarions, louder than the deep in storms, Sonorous as immortal breath can blow, Pour forth their myriads, potentates, and powers, Of light, of darkness; in a middle field, Wide as creation; populous, as wide: A neutral region; there to mark th' event Of that great drama, whose preceding scenes Detain'd them close spectators, thro' a length Of ages, rip'ning to this grand result; Ages, as yet unnumber'd, but by God; Who now, pronouncing sentence, vindicates The rights of virtue, and his own renown.

ETERNITY, the various sentence past,
Assigns the sever'd throng distinct abodes,
Sulphureous, or ambrosial: what ensue?
The deed predominant—the deed of deeds!
Which makes a hell of hell, a heaven of heaven.
The goddes, with determin'd aspect, turns
Her adamantine key's enormous size
Thro' destiny's inextricable wards,
Deep-driving ev'ry bolt, on both their sates.
Then, from the crystal battlements of heaven,
Down, down, she hurls it thro' the dark prosound,
Ten thousand thousand fathom; there to rolly

And ne'er unlock her resolution more. The deep resounds, and hell, thro' all her glooms, Returns, in groans, the melancholy roar.

O how unlike the chorus of the skies! O how unlike those shouts of joy, that shake The whole ethereal! how the concave rings! Nor strange—when deities their voice exalt; And louder far, than when creation rose, To fee creation's godlike aim, and end, So well accomplish'd; so divinely clos'd: To see the mighty dramatist's last act (As meet) in glory rifing o'er the rest. No fancy'd God, a God, indeed, descends, To folve all knots; to strike the moral home; To throw full day on darkest scenes of time: To clear, commend, exalt, and crown the whole. Hence, in one peal of loud, eternal praise, The charm'd spectators thunder their applause; And the vast void beyond, applause resounds.

WHAT THEN AM I?-

Amidst applauding worlds, And worlds celestial, is there found on earth, A peevish, dissonant, rebellious string, Which jars in the grand chorus, and complains? Censure on thee, Lorenzo! I suspend, And turn it on myself; how greatly due! All, all is right—by God ordain'd or done; And who, but God, resum'd the friends he gave? And have I been complaining, then, to long Complaining of his favours; pain, and death? Who, without pain's advice, would e'er be good? Who, without death, but would be good in vain? Pain is to fave from pain; all punishment, To make for peace; and death to fave from death: And fecond death, to guard immortal life; To rouse the careless, the presumptuous awe, And turn the tide of fouls another way; By the same tenderness divine ordain'd, That planted Eden, and high-bloom'd for man, A fairer Eden, endless, in the skies.

en gives us friends to blefs the prefent fcene: them, to prepare us for the next. natural are moral goods; pline, indulgence, on the whole. unhappy; all have cause to smile. i as to themfelves that cause deny. its are at the bottom of our pains: act, or judgment, is the fource is fighs: we fin, or we mistake: ure tax, when false opinion stings. ious grief be banish'd, joy indulg'd: fly then, when grief puts in her claim. 1 the joyous, frequently betrays. in vanity, and dies in woe. Ist ills, corroborates, exalts: and conquests; joy, and virtue too fortitude in ills delights earth, ourselves; 'tis duty, glory, peace. 1 is the good man's shining scene; ty conceals his brightest ray; t to stars, woe lustre gives to man. n battle, pilots in the storm, tue in calamities, admire. wn of manhood is a winter-joy: green, that stands the northern blast, Noms in the rigour of our fate. prime part of happiness, to know ich unhappiness must prove our lot; vhich few possess! I'll pay life's tax, one rebel murmur, from this hour, k it misery to be a man; nks it is, shall never be a god. s we wish for when we wish to live. spoke proud passion :- " Wish my being lost!" tuous! blasphemous! absurd! and false! mph of my foul is-That I am: refore that I may be-what ?- Lorenzo! ward, and look deep? and deeper still? mably deep our treasure runs

[.] Referring to the First Night.

In golden veins, thro' all eternity! Ages, and ages, and fucceeding still New ages, where the phantom of an hour, Which courts, each night, dull slumber, for repair, Shall wake, and wonder, and exult, and praise, And fly thro' infinite, and all unlock; And (if deserv'd) by Heav'n's redundant love. Made half adorable itself, adore: And find, in adoration, endless joy! Where thou, not master of a moment here, Frail as the flow'r, and fleeting as the gale, May'st boast a whole eternity, enrich'd With all a kind Omnipotence can pour. Since Adam fell, no mortal uninspir'd, Has ever yet conceiv'd or ever shall, How kind is God, how great (if good) is mail. No man too largely from Heav'n's love can hope, If what is hop'd he labours to secure.

Ills?—there are none, all gracious! none from the; From man full many! num'rous is the race Of blackest ills, and those immortal too. Begot by madness on fair liberty; Heav'n's daughter, hell-debauch'd! her hand alone Unlocks destruction to the sons of men. Fast barr'd by thine; high-wall'd with adamant. Guarded with terrors reaching to this world, And cover'd with the thunders of thy law: Whose threats are mercies, whose injunctions, guides, Affilting, not restraining, reason's choice; Whose sanctions, unavoidable results From nature's course, indulgently reveal'd If unreveal'd, more dang'rous, nor less fure. Thus, an indulgent father warns his fons, Do this! fly that'-nor always tells the cause : Pleas'd to reward, as duty to his will, · A conduct needful to their own repose.

Great God of wonders! (if thy love furvey'd, Aught else the name of wonderful retains)

What rocks are these, on which to build our trust?

Thy ways admit no blemish; none I find;

Or this alone— that none is to be found.

: to soften censure's hardy crime ; to palliate peevish grief's complaint. ke a damon, murm'ring, from the duft. nto judgment call her judge-Supreme! I bless thee; most, for the severe: eath-my own at hand-the fiery gulph, iming bound of wrath omnipotent! lers ;-but it thunders to preserve ; thens what it strikes: its wholesome dread the dreaded pain; its hideous groanseven's fweet hallelujah's in thy praise. ource of good alone! how kind in all! eance kind! pain, death, gehenna, save. , in thy world material, mighty mind! t alone which folaces, and fhines. igh and gloomy, challenges our praise, nter is as needful as the fpring; inder, as the fun; a stagnate mass ours breeds a pestilential air: re propitious the Favonion breeze tre's health, than purifying storms: ead volcano ministers to good. ther'd flames might undermine the world-Etnas fulminate in love to man; good omens are, when duly scann'd; their use, eclipses learn to shine. is responsible for ills receiv'd: ve call wretched are a chosen band, l'd to refuge in the right, for peace. ny list of bleffings infinite, his the foremost, 'That my heart has bled.' iv'n's last effort of good will to man; pain can't bless, heav'n quits us in despair. ils to grieve, when just occasion calls, ves too much, deserves not to be bless'd; n, or effeminate, his heart; absolves the grief which reason ends. av'n ne'er trult my friend with happiness, ias taught him how to bear it well,

By previous pain; and made it fafe to finile! Such finiles are mine, and such may they remain; Nor hazard their extinction from excess. My change of heart a change of style demands; The Consolation cancels the Complaint, And makes a convert of my guilty song.

As when o'erlabour'd, and inclin'd to breathe, A panting traveller, some rising ground, Some small ascent has gain'd, he turns him round, And measures with his eye the various vales, The fields, woods, meads, and rivers he has past; And fatiate of his journey, thinks of home, Endear'd by distance, nor effects more toil; Thus I, tho' small, indeed, is that ascent The muse has gain'd, review the paths she trod; Various, extensive, beaten but by few: And, confcious of her prudence in repose. Pause: and with pleasure meditate an end. Tho' still remote: fo fruitful is my theme. Thro' many a field of moral and divine, The muse has stray'd; and much of forrow seen In human ways; and much of false and vain; Which none, who travel this bad road, can miss. O'er friends deceas'd full heartily she wept : Of love divine the wonders the display'd: Prov'd man immortal; shew'd the source of joy; The grand tribunal rais'd; affign'd the bounds Of human grief: in few, to close the whole. The moral muse has shadow'd out a sketch. Though not in form, nor with a Raphael stroke. Of most our weakness needs believe or do In this our land of travel, and of hope, For peace on earth, or prospect of the skies.

What then remains? Much! much! a mighty debt
To be discharg'd: these thoughts, O Night! are thin
From thee they came, like lovers secret sighs,
While others stept. So Cynthia (poets seign)
In shadows veil'd, soft sliding from her sphere,
Her shepherd cheer'd; of her enamour'd less,
Than I of thee.—And art thou still unsung,
Beneath whose brow, and by whose aid I sing?

nmortal filence!—where shall I begin?

There end? or how shal music from the spheres;
o footh their goddess?

O majestic Night! ature's great ancestor! Day's elder born! nd fated to furvive the transient fun! 7 mortals and immortals feen with awe! flarry crown thy raven brow adorns. n azure zone thy waist; clouds, in heav'n's loom rought through varieties of shape and shade. ample folds of drapery divine, by flowing mantle form; and, heav'n throughout, pluminoully pour the pompous train, by gloomy grandeurs (nature's most august, spiring aspect) claim a grateful verse; nd, like a fable curtain, starr'd with gold, rawn o'er my labours past, shall close the scene. And what, O man! so worthy to be sung? hat more prepares us for the fongs of heaven? teation of archangels is the thome! 'hat, to be fung, fo needful? what so well electial joys prepares us to sustain? he foul of man, HIS face design'd to fee, ho gave these wonders to be seen by man, as here a previous scene of objects great, n which to dwell; to stretch to that expanse f thought, to rife to that exaked height admiration, to contract that awe, ad give her whole capacities that strength, hich best may qualify for final joy. e more our fairits are enlarged on earth, e deeper draught stall they receive of heav'n. Teav'n's king! whose face unveil'd consummate

bliss; dundant bliss! which fills that mighty void, whole creation leaves in human hearts! Ou, who didst touch the lip of Jesse's son, I fet his harp in concert with the spheres! Tile of thy works material the supreme are attempt, assist my daring long.

Loofe me from earth's inclosure, from the fun's Contracted circle fet my heart at large: * Eliminate my spirit, give it range Through provinces of thought yet unexplor'd; Teach me, by this stupendous scaffolding, Creation's golden steps, to climb to THEE. Teach me with art great nature to controul, And spread a lustre o'er the shades of night. Feel I thy kind afcent? and shall the fun Be seen at midnight, rising in my song? Lorenzo! come and warm thee, thou, whose heart, Whose little heart is moor'd within a nook Of this obscure terrestrial, anchor weigh. Another ocean calls, a nobler port: I am thy pilot, I thy prosp'rous gale. Gainful thy voyage thro' you azure main; Main, without tempest, pirate, rock or shore; And whence thou may'st import eternal wealth? And leave to beggar'd minds the pearl and gold. Thy travels dost thou boast o'er foreign realms? Thou stranger to the world! thy tour begin; Thy tour thro' nature's universal orb. Nature delineates her whole chart at large. On foaring fouls, that fail among the fpheres: And man how purblind, if unknown the whole! Who circles spacious earth, then travels here. Shall own he never was from home before. Come my * Prometheus, from thy pointed rock. Of false ambition, if unchain'd, we'll mount: We'll innocently steal celestial fire, And kindle our devotion at the stars : A theft, that shall not chain, but set thee free. Above our atmosphere's intestine wars,

Rain's fountain-head, the magazine of hail: Above the northern nelts of feather'd fnows. The brew of thunders, and the flaming forge. That forms the crooked lightning; bove the caves Where infant tempests wait their growing wings.

And tune their tender voices to that roar,

[→] Night the Eighth.

Which foon, perhaps, shall shake a guilty world; Above misconstru'd omens of the sky. Far-travell'd comets calculated blaze, Elance thy thought, and think of more than man. Thy foul, till now, contracted, wither'd, shrunk, Blighted by blasts of earth's unwholesome air. Will blossom here; spread all her faculties To these bright ardours; ev'ry power unfold, And rife into fublimities of thought. Stars teach, as well as skine. At nature's birth, Thus their commission ran- Be kind to man. Where art thou, poor benighted traveller? The stars will light thee, tho' the moon should fail. Where art thou, more benighted! more aftray! In ways immoral? the stars call thee back; And, if obeyed their counsel, set thee right.

This prospect vast, what is it?—Weigh'd aright, 'Tis nature's system of divinity,
And ev'ry student of the night inspires.
'Tis elder scripture, writ by god's own hand:
Scripture authentic! uncorrupt by man.
Lorenzo! with my radius (the rich gift
Of thought nocturnal!) I'll point out to thee
Its various lessons, some that may surprise
An un-adept in mysteries of night;
Little, perhaps, expected in her school,
Nor thought to grow on planet, or on star.
Bulls, lions, scorpions, monsters, here we seign;
Ourselves more monstrous, not to see what here
Exists indeed:—a lecture to mankind.

What read we here?—Th' existence of a God? Yes; and of other beings, man above; Natives of ether! sons of higher climes! And, what may move Lorenzo's wonder more. Eternity is written in the skies. And whose eternity;—Lorenzo! thine; Mankind's eternity. Nor faith alone, Virtue grows here; here springs the sov'reign cure Of almost ev'ry vice; but chiefly thine; Wrath, pride, ambition, and impure desire.

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Lorenzo! thou canst wake at midnight too,
Tho' not on morals bent: ambition, pleasure!
Those tyrants I for thee so* lately fought,
Afford their harrass'd slaves but slender rest.
Thou, to whom midnight is immoral noon,
And the sun's noon-tide blaze, prime dawn of day
Not by thy climate, but capricious crime,
Commencing one of our Antipodes!
In thy nocturnal rove, one moment halt,
'Twixt stage and stage, of riot, and cabal:
And lift thine eye (if bold an eye to lift,
If bold to meet the sace of injur'd heav'n)
To yonder stars: for other ends they shine,
Than to light revellers from shame to shame,
And, thus, be made accomplices in guilt.

Why from yon arch, that infinite of space,
With infinite of lucid orbs replete,
Which set the living firmament on fire,
At the first glance, in such an overwhelm
Of wonderful, on man's astonish'd fight,
Rushes Omnipotence?—To curb our pride;
Our reason rouse, and lead it to that power,
Whose love lets down these filver chains of light;
To draw up man's ambition to himself;
And bind our chaste affections to his throne.
Thus the three virtues, least alive on earth,
And welcom'd on heav'n's coast with most applause,
An humble, pure, and heav'nly minded heart,
Are here inspir'd;—and canst thou gaze too long?
Nor stands thy wrath depriv'd of its reproof.

Or un-upbraided by this radiant choir.
The planets of each fystem represent
Kind neighbours; mutual amity prevails;
Sweet interchange of rays, receiv'd, return'd;
Enlight'ning, and enlighten'd! all at once,
Attracting, and attracted! patriot-like,
None sins against the welfare of the whole;
But their reciprocal, unselfish aid,
Affireds an emblem of millennial love.

^{*} Night the Eighth,

Nothing in nature, much less conscious being, Was e'er created solely for itself: Thus man his sov'reign duty learns in this Material picture of benevolence.

And know, of all our supercilious race,
Thou most inflammable! thou wasp of men!
Man's angry heart, inspected, would be found
As rightly set, as are the starry spheres;
"Tis Nature's structure, broke by stubborn will,
Breeds all that uncelestial discord there.
Wilt thou not seel the bias nature gave?
Canst thou descend from converse with the skies,
And seize thy brother's throat?—for what—a clod,
An inch of earth? The planets cry, 'Forbear.'
They chase our double darkness; nature's gloom,
And (kinder still) our intellectual night.

And (kinder still) our intellectual night.
And see, days amiable sister sends

And lee, days amable litter lends
Her invitation, in the foftest rays
Of mitigated lustre; courts thy sight,
Which suffers from her tyrant-brother's blaze.
Night grants thee the full freedom of the skies,
Nor rudely reprimands thy listed eye;
With gain, and joy, she bribes thee to be wise.
Night opes the noblest scenes, and sheds an awe,
Which gives those venerable scenes full weight,
And deep reception in the intender'd heart;
While light peeps thro' the darkness, like a spy;
And darkness shews its grandeur by the light.
Nor is the profit greater than the joy,
If human hearts at glorious objects glow,
And admiration can inspire delight.

What speak I more, than I this moment feel? With pleasing stupor first the soul is struck (Stupor ordain'd to make her truly wise)
Then into transport starting from her trance;
With love and admiration, how she glows!
This gorgeous apparatus! this display!
This oftentation of creative power!
This theatre!—what eye can take it in?
By what divine enchantment was it rais'd,
For minds of the first magnitude to launch.

In endless speculation, and adore? One fun by day, by night ten thousand shine ; And light us deep into the DEITY; How boundless in magnificence and might! O what a confluence of ethereal fires, From urns unnumber'd, down the steep of heav'n Streams to a point, and centres in my fight! Nor tarries there; I feel it at my heart. My heart, at once, it humbles and exalts; Lays it in dust, and calls it to the skies. Who fees it unexalted? or unaw'd? Who sees it, and can stop at what is seen? Material offspring of Omnipotence! - Inanimate, all-animating birth! Work worthy him who made it! worthy praise? All praise! praise more than human! nor deny'd Thy praise divine!—But tho' man, drown'd in sleep, Withholds his homage, not alone I wake; Bright legions swarm unseen, and sing, unheard By mortal ear, the glorious Architect, In this his universal temple, hung With lustres, with innumerable lights, That shed religion on the soul; at once, The temple, and the preacher! O how loud It calls devotion! genuine growth of night. Devotion! daughter of aftronomy! An undevout astronomer is mad. True; all things speak a God; but in the small-Men trace out him; in great, he feizes man; Seizes, and elevates, and raps, and fills With new inquiries, 'mid affociates new. Tell me, ye stars, ye planets! tell me, all Ye starr'd, and planeted inhabitants! what is it? What are these sons of wonder? Say, proud arch! (Within whose azure palaces they dwell) Built with divine ambition! in disdain

Vast concave! ample dome! wast thou design'd
I meet apartment for the Deiry?—
For so; that thought alone thy state impairs;
Thy losty sinks, and shallows thy prosound,

Of limit built! built in the taste of heaven!

And straitens thy diffusive; dwarfs the whole,

And makes an universe an orrery.

But when I drop mine eye, and look on man, Thy right regain'd, thy grandeur is restor'd, O Nature! wide flies off the expanding round, As when whole magazines, at once, are fir'd, The fmitten air is hollow'd by the blow; The vast displosion dissipates the clouds: Shock'd ether's billows dash the distant skies; Thus (but far more) the expanding round flies off, And leaves a mighty void, a spacious womb, Might teem with new creation; re-inflam'd Thy luminaries triumph, and assume Divinity themselves. Nor was it strange, Matter high-wrought to fuch furprising pomp, Such godlike glory, stole the style of gods, From ages dark, obtuse, and steep'd in sense; For, fure, to fense, they truly are divine, And half-absolv'd idolatry from guilt; Nay, turn'd it into virtue. Such it was In those who put forth all they had of man Unlost, to lift their thought, nor mounted higher; But, weak of wing, on planets perch'd; and thought What was their highest, must be their ador'd. But they how weak, who could no higher mount?

And are there then, Lorenzo! those, to whom Unseen, and unexistent, are the same?
And if incomprehensible is join'd,
Who dare pronounce it madness to believe?
Why has the mighty Builder thrown aside
All measure in his work; stretch'd out his line.
So far, and spread amazement o'er the whole?
Then (as he took delight in wide extremes)
Deep in the bosom of his universe,
Dropp'd down that reas'ning mite, that insect man,
To crawl, and gaze, and wonder at the scene?—
That man might ne'er presume to plead amazement
For disbelief of wonders in himself.
Shall God be less miraculous than what
His hand has form'd? Shall mysteries descend

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From unmyslerious? things more elevate, Be more familiar? uncreated lie More obvious than created, to the grasp Of human thought? The more of wonderful Is heard in him, the more we should affent. Could we conceive him. Gon he could not be: Or he not God, or we could not be men. A God alone can comprehend a God; Man's distance how immense! On such a theme, Know this, Lorenzo! (feem it ne'er fo strange) Nothing can fatisfy, but what confounds; Nothing but what astonishes, is true. The scene thou seest, attests the truth I sing, And ev'ry star sheds light upon thy creed. These stars, this furniture, this cost of heav'n, If but reported, thou hadft ne'er believ'd; But thine eye tells thee the romance is true. The grand of nature is th' Almighty's oath, In reason's court, to silence unbelief.

How my mind, op'ning at this scene, imbibes The moral emanations of the skies. While nought perhaps, Lorenzo less admires. Has the great Sov'reign fent ten thousand worlds To tell us he resides above them all, In glory's unapproachable recess? And dare earth's bold inhabitants denv The fumptuous, the magnific embaffy A moment's audience? turn we, nor will hear From whom they come, or what they would impart For man's emolument; fole cause that stoops Their grandeur to man's eye? Lorenzo! rouse; Let thought, awaken'd take the lightnings wing, And glance from east to west, from pole to pole. Who fees, but is confounded or convinced? Renounces reason, or a God adores Mankind was fent into the world to fee: Sight gives the science needful to their peace; That obvious science asks small learning's aid. Vouldst thou on metaphysic pinions foar? r wound thy patience amid logic thorns? r travel history's enormous round?

Nature no such hard task enjoins: she gave A make to man directive of his thought; A make set upright, pointing to the stars, As who should say, 'read thy chief lesson there.' Too late to read this manuscript of heaven, When like a parchment-scroll, shrunk up by stames, It folds Lorenzo's lesson from his sight.

Lessons how various! not the God alone, I see his ministers; I see, diffus'd In radiant orders, essences sublime. Of various offices, of various plume, In heav'nly liveries, distinctly, clad, Azure, green, purple, pearl or downy gold. Or all commix'd; they stand, with wings outspread, List'ning to catch the master's least command, And fly thro' nature, ere the moment ends; Numbers innumerable !-well conceiv'd By Pagan and by Christian; o'er each sphere Presides an angel, to direct its course, And feed, or fan its flames; or to discharge Other high trusts unknown. For who can see Such pomp of matter, and imagine, mind, For which alone inanimate was made, More sparingly dispensed? that nobler Son, Far liker the great SIRE !- 'tis thus the skies Inform us of superiors numberless, As much, in excellence, above mankind, As above earth, in magnitude, the spheres. These, as a cloud of witnesses, hang o'er us; In a throng'd theatre are all our deeds; Perhaps, a thousand demi-gods descend On ev'ry beam we fee, to walk with men. A wful reflection! strong restraint from ill! Yet here our virtue finds still stronger aid

From these ethereal gleries sense surveys.

Something, like magic, strikes from this blue vault;

With just attention as it view'd? we feel

A sudden succour, unimplor'd, unthought;

Nature herself does half the work of man.

Seas, rivers, mountains, forests, deserts, rocks,

The promontory's height, the depth prosound

Of fubterranean, excavated grots, Black brow'd and vaulted high, and yawning wide From nature's structure, or the scoop of time; If ample of dimension, vast of size, E'en these an aggrandizing impulse give; Of folemn thought enthusiastic heights E'en these infuse.—But what of vast in these? Nothing :- or we must own the skies forgot. Much less in art—Vain art! thou pigmy power! How dost thou swell and strut with human pride To shew thy littleness! What childish toys, Thy wat'ry columns squirted to the clouds! Thy bason'd rivers, and imprison'd seas! Thy mountains moulded into forms of men! Thy hundred-gated capitals! or those Where three days travel left us much to ride: Gazing on miracles by mortals wrought, Arches triumphal, theatres immense, Or nodding gardens pendant in mid-air; Or temples proud to meet their gods halfway! Yet these affect us in no common kind. What then the force of fuch superiour scenes? Enter a temple, it will strike an awe: What awe from this the DEITY has built? A good man feen, tho' filent, counsel gives: The touch'd fpectator wishes to be wise: In a bright mirror his own hands have made, Here we see something like the face of God. Seems it not then enough to fay, Lorenzo! To man abandon'd, 'Hast thou seen the skies?"

And yet, so thwarted nature's kind design By daring man, he makes her sacred awe, (That guard from ill) his shelter, his temptation To more than common guilt, and quite inverts Celestial arts intent. The trembling stars See crimes gigantic, stalking through the gloom With front erect, that hide their head by day, And making night still darker by their deeds. Slumb'ring in covert, till the shades descend, Rapine and murder, link'd, now prowl for prey. The miler earths his treasure; and the thief,

Tatching the mole, half-beggars him ere morn. ow plots and foul conspiracies awake; nd, muffling up their horrors from the moon. avock and devastation they prepare, and kingdoms tott'ring in the field of blood. ow fons of riot in mid-revel rage. 'hat shall I do?—Suppress it? or proclaim? 'hy fleeps the thunder? now, Lorenzo! now, is best friend's couch the rank adulterer feends fecure; and laughs at gods and men. epolt'rous madmen, void of fear or shame, ay their crimes bare to these chaste eyes of Heaven: et shrink and shudder at a mortal's sight. ere moon and stars for villains only made? o guide, yet screen them, with tenebrious light? o; they were made to fashion the sublime f human hearts, and wifer make the wife. Those ends were answer'd once; when mortals liv'd f stronger wing, of aquiline ascent theory fublime. O how unlike hose vermin of the night, this moment fung, Tho crawl on earth, and on her venom feed: hose ancient sages, human stars, they met heir brothers of the skies, at midnight hour: heir counsel ask'd; and, what they ask'd, obey'd. he Stagirite, and Plato, he who drank he poison'd bowl, and he of Tusculum. 7ith him of Corduba (immortal names.) these unbounded, and Elysian walks, n era fit for gods, and godlike men, bey took their nightly round, thro' radiant paths y seraphs trod; instructed, chiefly, thus, o tread in their bright footsteps here below; o walk in worth still brighter than the skies. here, they contracted their contempt of earth; f hopes eternal kindled, there, the fire; here, as in a near approach, they glow'd, and grew Great visitants!) more intimate with God, fore worth to men, more joyous to themselves. hro' various virtues, they, with ardour, ran be Zodiac of their learn'd, illustrious lives.

In Christian hearts, O for a Pagan-zeal! A needful, but opprobrious pray'r; as much Our ardour less, as greater is our light. How monstrous this in morals! Scarce more strange Would this phenomenon in nature strike, A fun that froze us, or a star that warm'd.

What taught these heroes of the moral world? To these thou giv'st thy praise, give credit too. These doctors ne'er were pension'd to deceive thee; They taught, And Pagan tutors are thy taste. That narrow views betray to mifery: That wife it is to comprehend the whole: That virtue roserfrom nature, ponder'd well, The fingle base of virtue built to heav'n: That God and nature our attention claim: That nature is the glass reflecting God. As, by the lea, reflected is the fun. Too glorious to be gaz'd on in his fphere: That mind immortal loves immortal aims: That boundless mind affects a boundless space: That vast surveys, and the sublime of things, The foul -flimilate, and make her great: That, therefore, heav'n her glories, as a fund Of inspiration, thus spreads out to man. Such are their doctrines; fuch the night inspir'd.

And what more true? what truth of greater weigh The toul of man was made to walk the skies: Delightful outlet of her prison here! There, difincumber'd from her chains, the ties Of toys terrestrial, she can rowe at large: There, freely can respire, dilate, extend, In full proportion let loose all her powers; And undeluded, grasp at something great. Nor, as a stranger, does she wander there; But, wonderful herself, thro' wonder strays: Contemplating their grandeur, finds her own; Dives deep in their economy divine, Sits high in judgment on their various laws, And, like a master, judges not amiss. Hence greatly pleas'd, and justly proud, the foul Grows conscious of her birth celestial; breather

re life, more vigour, in her native air : d feels herfelf at home among the stars: d. feeling, emulates her country's praise. What wall we, then, the firmament, Lorenzo? earth the body, fince, the skies sustain e foul with food, that gives immortal life, l it, the noble pasture of the mind; ich there expatiates, strengthens, and exults, d riots through the luxuries of thought. l it, the garden of the Deity, flom'd with stars, redundant in the growth fruit ambrofial; moral fruit to man. l it the breast-plate of the true High Priest, lent with gems oracular, that give, points of highest moment, right response; I ill neglected, if we prize our peace. 'hus have we found a true aftrology; as have we found a new and noble fense. which alone stars govern human fates. hat the stars (as some have feign'd) let fall odshed, and havoc, on embattled realms, d rescu'd monarchs from so black a guilt! irbon! this wish how gen'rous in a foe! uldst thou be great, wouldst thou become a god, I flick thy deathless name among the stars, mighty conquests on a needle's point? ead of forging chains for foreigners, tile thy tutor: grandeur all thy aim? yet thou know'st not what it is: how great, w glorious, then, appears the mind of man, en in it all the stars, and planets, roll: I what it seems, it is: great objects make at minds, enlarging as their views enlarge; se still more godlike, as these more divine. and more divine than these, thou canst not see zled, o'erpow'r'd, with the delicious draught. miscellaneous splendours, how I reel m thought to thought, inebriate, without end Eden, this! a paradife unlost. eet the Deity in ev'ry view, I tremble at my nakedness before him.

O that I could but reach the tree of life! For here it grows, unguarded from our tafte; No flaming fword denies our entrance here; Would man but gather, he might live for ever.

Lorenzo! much of moral hast thou seen. Of curious arts art thou more foud? Then mark The mathematic glories of the skies, Its number, weight, and measure, all ordain'd. Lorenzo's boasted builders, chance, and fate. Are left to finish his aerial towers: Wildom, and choice, their well known characters Here deep impreis; and claim it for their own. Tho' splendid all, no splendour void of use; Use rivals beauty: art contends with pow'r: No wanton walte, amid effute expence: The great Economist adjusting all To prudent pomp, magnificently wife. How rich the prospect—and for ever new-: And newest to the man that views it most: For newer still in infinite succeeds. Then, these aerial racers, O how swift! How the shaft loiters from the strongest string! Spirit alone can distance the career Orb above orb afcending without end: Circle in circle, without end, inclos'd: Wheel within wheel; Ezekiel-like to thine: Like thine, it feems a vision, or a dream; Tho' feen, we labour to believe it true. What involution—what extent—what fwarms Of worlds, that laugh at earth—immensely great-Immensely distant from each other's spheres! What then the wond'rous space thro' which they roll At once it quite ingulphs all human thought: 'Tis comprehension's absolute defeat.

Nor think thou sees a wild disorder here;
Thro' this illustrious chaos to the sight,
Arrangement neat, and chastest order, reign.
The path prescrib'd, inviolably kept,
Upbraids the lawless sallies of mankind.
Worlds, ever thwarting, never interfere;
What knots are ty'd—how soon are they dissort

And fet the feeming marry'd planets free: They rove for ever, without error rove; Confusion unconfus'd! nor less admire This tumult untumultuous; all on wing: In motion, all: yet what profound repose: What fervid action, yet no noise—as aw'd To filence, by the presence of their LORD; Or hush'd, by his command, in love to man, And bid let fall soft beams on human rest. Restless themselves. On you cerulean plain. In exultation to their God, and thine, They dance, they fing eternal jubilee. Eternal celebration of his praise. But, fince their fong arrives not at our ear Their dance perplex'd exhibits to the fight Fair hieroglyphic of his peerless power. Mark, how the labyrinthian turns they take. The circles intricate, and mystic maze. Weave the grand cypher of Omnipotence: To gods, how great—how legible to man.

Leaves so much wonder greater wonder still? Where are the pillars that support the skies? What more than Atalantean shoulder props Th' incumbent load? what magic, what strange art. In sluid air these pond rous orbs sustains? Who would not think them hung in golden chains? And so they are; in the high will of Heav'n, Which fixes all; makes adamant of air, Or air of adamant; makes all of nought, Or nought of all; if such the dread decree.

Imagine from their deep foundations torn
The most gigantic sons of earth, the broad
And tow ring Alps, all tost into the sea;
And, light as down, or volatile as air,
Their bulks enormous dancing on the waves.
In time, and measure, exquisite; while all
The winds, in emulation of the spheres,
Tune their sonorous instruments alost;
The concert swell, and animate the ball.
Would this appear amazing? What, then, worlds,
In a far thinner element sustain'd,

And acting the same part, with greater skill, More rapid movement, and for noblest ends?

More obvious ends to pass, are not these stars. The seats majestic, proud imperial thrones, On which angelic delegates of heaven, At certain periods, as the Sov'reign nods, Discharge high trusts of vengeance, or of love; To clothe, in outward grandeur, grand design, And acts most solemn still more solemnize?

Ye citizens of air, what ardent thanks, What full effusion of the grateful heart, Is due from man indulg'd in fuch a fight! A fight fo noble—and a fight fo kind; It drops new truths at ev'ry new furvey! Feels not Lorenzo fomething stir within, That sweeps away all period? As these spheres Measure duration, they no less inspire The godlike hope of ages without end, The boundless space, thro' which these rovers take Their restless roam, suggests the sister thought Of boundless time. Thus, by kind nature's skill, To man unlabour'd, that important guest, Eternity, finds entrance at the fight: And an eternity, for man ordain'd, Or these his destin'd midnight counsellors, The stars, had never whisper'd it to man. Nature informs, but ne'er infults, her fons. Could she then kindle the most ardent wish To disappoint it? that is blasphemy. Thus, of thy creed a second article, Momentous, as the existence of a God, Is found (as I conceive) where rarely fought; And thou may'st read thy soul immortal, here.

Here, then, Lorenzo! on these glories dwell; Nor want the gilt, illuminated, roof, That calls the wretched gay to dark delights. Assemblies? This is one divinely bright; Here, unendanger'd in health, wealth, or fame, Range thro' the fairest, and the Sultan scorn. He, wise as thou, no crescent holds so fair,

As that, which on his turban awes a world;

And thinks the moon is proud to copy him. Look on her, and gain more than worlds can give, A mind superiour to the charms of power. Thou muffled in delutions of this life! Can yonder moon turn ocean in his bed, From fide to fide, in constant ebb, and flow. And purify from stench his wat'ry realms? And fails her moral influence? wants the power To turn Lorenzo's stubborn tide of thought From stagnating on earth's infected shore, And purge from nuisance his corrupted heart? Fails her attraction when it draws to heav'n? Nay, and to what thou valu'st more, earth's joy? Minds elevate, and panting for unfeen. And defecate from fense, alone obtain Full relish of existence, undeflower'd. The life of life, the zest of worldly bliss. All else on earth amounts—to what? to this: Bad to be fuffer'd; bleffings to be left.' Earth's richest inventory boasts no more.

Of higher scenes be, then, the call obey'd. O let me gaze! Of gazing there's no end. Oh let me think! Thought too is wilder'd here; In midway flight imagination tires; Yet foon reprunes her wing to foar anew, Her point unable to forbear, or gain : So great the pleasure, so presound the plan! A banquet, this, where men and angels meet, Eat the same manna, mingle earth and heaven. How distant some of these nocturnal suns! So distant (says the sage) 'twere not absurd To doubt, if beams, fet out at nature's birth, Are yet arriv'd at this so foreign world; Tho' nothing half fo rapid as their flight. An eye of awe and wonder let me roll, And roll for ever: who can fatiate fight In fuch a scene? in such an ocean wide Of deep astonishment? where depth, height, breadth, Are lost in their extremes; and where to count The thick-fown glories in this field of fire, Perhaps a feraph's computation fails.

Now, go, ambition! boast thy boundless might In conquest o'er the tenth part of a grain. And yet Lorenzo calls for miracles. To give his tott'ring faith a folid base. Why call for less than is already thine? Thou art no novice in theology; What is a miracle? 'Tis a reproach, 'Tis an implicit fatire, on mankind; And while it fatisfies, it censures too. To common sense, great Nature's course proclaims A Deity: when mankind falls afleep, A miracle is fent, as an alarm, To wake the world, and prove him o'er again. By recent argument, but not more strong. Say, which imports more plenitude of power, Or nature's laws to fix, or to repeal? To make a fun, or stop his mid-career? To countermand his orders, and fend back The flaming courier to the frighted east, Warm'd, and aftonish'd, at his ev'ning ray? Or bid the moon, as with her journey tir'd. In Ajalon's foft, flow'ry vale repose? Great things are these; still greater, to create. From Adam's bow'r look down thro' the whole train Of miracles; refiftless is their pow'r? They do not, cannot, more amaze the mind, Than this, call'd unmiraculous furyey. If duly weigh'd, if rationally feen, If feen with human eyes. The brute, indeed, Sees nought but spangles here; the fool, no more. Say'st thou, 'the course of nature governs all?" The course of nature is the art of God. The miracles thou call'st for, this attest: For fay—could nature, nature's course controul? But, miracles apart, who fees HIM not, Nature's controuler, author, guide, and end? Who turns his eye on nature's midnight face, But must inquire—' What hand behind the scene, What arm almighty, put these wheeling globes 'In motion, and wound up the vast machine?

* Who rounded in his palm these spacious orbs?

Who bowl'd them flaming thro' the dark profound,

Num'rous as glitt'ring gems of morning dew,

Or sparks from populous cities in a blaze,

And fet the bosom of old night on fire?

Peopled her defert, and made horror smile?" Or, if the military style delights thee,

(For stars have fought their battles, leagu'd with man) Who marshals this bright host? enrolls their names?

Appoints their post, their marches, and returns,

Punctual, at stated periods? who disbands

These vet'ran troops, their final duty done,

'If e'er disbanded?'—HE, whose potent word, Like the loud trumpet, levy'd first their pow'rs In night's inglorious empire, where they flept In beds of darkness; arm'd them with fierce flames, Arrang'd and disciplin'd, and cloth'd in gold:

And call'd them out of chaos to the field. Where now they war with vice and unbelief.

O let us join this army! joining these,

Will give us hearts intrepid, at that hour, When brighter flames shall out a darker night:

When these strong demonstrations of a God

Shall hide their heads, or tumble from their spheres,

And one eternal curtain cover all!

Struck at that thought, as new-awak'd, I lift A more enlighten'd eye, and read the stars To man still more propitious; and their aid (Tho' guiltless of idolatry) implore; Nor longer rob them of their noblest name. O ye dividers of my time! Ye bright Accomptants of my days, and months, and years, In your fair kalendar distinctly mark'd! Since that authentic, radiant register, Tho' man inspects it not, stands good against him; Since you, and years, roll on, tho' man stands still; Teach me my days to number, and apply My trembling heart to wisdom; now beyond All shadow of excuse for fooling on. Age smooths our path to prudence; sweeps aside The fnare's keen appetite and passion spread

To catch firay fouls; and woe to that grey head, Whose folly would undo, what age has done! Aid, then, aid, all ye stars! Much rather, Thou, Great Artist! Thou, whose finger set aright This exquisite machine, with all its wheels, Tho' intervolv'd, exact; and pointing out Life's rapid, and irrevocable flight. With fuch an index fair, as none can miss, Who lifts an eye, nor fleeps till it is clos'd, Open mine eye, dread DEITY! to read The tacit doctrine of thy works; to see Things as they are, unalter'd thro' the glass Of worldly wishes. Time, eternity! ('Tis thefe, mismeasur'd, ruin all mankind) Set them before me; let me lay them both In equal scale, and learn their various weight. Let time appear a moment, as it is; And let eternity's full orb, at once, Turn on my foul, and strike it into heav'n. When shall I see far more than charms me now? Gaze on creation's model in thy breaft Unveil'd nor wonder at the transcript more? When, this vile, froreign, dust, which smothers all That travel earth's deep vale, shall I shake off. When shall my soul her incarnation quit, And re-adopted to thy blest embrace, Obtain her apotheofis in THEE?

Dost think, Lorenzo! this is wand'ring wide? No, 'tis directly striking at the mark; To wake thy dead devotion * was my point; And how I bless night's confecrating shades, Which to a temple turn an universe; Fill us with great ideas, full of heav'n, And antidote the pestilential earth! In ev'ry storm, that either frowns, or falls, What an asylum has the soul in pray'r! And what a fane is this, in which to pray! And what a Gop must dwell in such a fane! O what a genius must inform the skies!

And is Lorenzo's falamander-heart,
Cold, and untouch'd, amid these facred fires?
O ye nocturnal sparks! ye glowing embers,
On heav'n's broad hearth! who burn, or burn no more,
Who blaze, or die, as great Jehovah's breath
Or blows you, or forbears; affist my song;
Pour your whole influence; exercise his heart,
So long posses; and bring him back to man.
And is Lorenzo a demource sitt?

And is Lorenzo a demurrer still? Pride in thy parts provoke thee to contest Truths, which, contested, put thy parts to shame. Nor shame they more Lorenzo's head than heart: A faithless heart, how despicably small! Too strait, aught great, or gen'rous, to receive! Fill'd with an atom! fill'd, and foul'd, with felf! And self-mistaken! self, that lasts an hour! Instincts and passions, of the nobler kind. Lie suffocated there; or they alone, Reason apart, would wake high hope; and open, To ravish'd thought, that intellectual sphere, Where order, wifdom, goodness, providence, Their endless miracles of love display, And promise all the truly great desire. The mind that would be happy, must be great; Great in its wishes: great in its surveys. Extended views a narrow mind extend: Push out its corrugate, expansive make, Which ere long, more than planets shall embrace. A man of compass makes a man of worth; Divine contemplate, and become divine.

As man was made for glory and for bliss,
All littleness is an approach to woe;
Open thy bosom, set thy wishes wide,
And let in manhood; let in happiness;
Admit the boundless theatre of thought
From nothing, up to God; which makes a man.
Take God from nature, nothing great is lest;
Man's mind is in a pit, and nothing sees;
Man's heart is in a jakes, and loves the mire.
Emerge from thy profound; erect thine eye;
See thy distress! how close art thou being distress.

Besieg'd by nature, the proud sceptic's soe! Inclos'd by these innumerable worlds, Sparkling conviction on the darkest mind, As in a golden net of Providence, How art thou caught, sure captive of belief! From this thy blest captivity, what art, What blasphemy to reason, sets thee free! This scene is Heav'n's indulgent violence: Canst thou bear up against this tide of glory? What is earth bosom'd in those ambient orbs, But faith, in God impos'd, and press'd on man? Dar'st thou still litigate thy desp'tate cause, Spite of these num'rous, awful, witnesses, And doubt the disposition of the skies? O how laborious is thy way to ruin!

Laborious? 'tis impracticable quite: To fink beyond a doubt, in this debate, With all its weight of wildom, and of will, And crimes flagitious, I defy a fool. Some wish they did; but no man disbelieves. God is a spirit; spirit cannot strike These gross, material organs; God by man As much is feen, as man a God can fee, In these astonishing exploits of power. What order, beauty, motion, distance, fize ! Conception of defign, how exquisite! How complicate, in their divine police! Apt means! great ends! consent to gen'ral good! Each attribute of these material gods, So long (and that with specious pleas) ador'd. A sep'rate conquest gains o'er rebel thought: And leads in triumph the whole mind of man.

Lorenzo! this may feem harangue to thee; Such all is apt to feem, that thwarts our will. And dost thou, then, demand a simple proof Of this great master-moral of the skies, Unskill'd, or disinclin'd, to read it there? Since 'tis the basis, and all drops without it, Take it, in one compact, unbroken chain. Such proof insists on an attentive ear; 'Twill not make one amid a mob of thoughts,

And, for thy notice, struggle with the world.
Retire; the world shut out; thy thoughts call home; Imagination's airy wing repress;.
Lock up thy senses; let no passion stir;
Wake all to reason; let her reign alone;
Then, in thy soul's deep silence, and the depth Of nature's silence, midnight, thus inquire,
As I have done; and shall inquire no more.
In nature's channel, thus the questions run.

'What am I? and from whence? I nothing know,

· But that I am; and, fince I am, conclude

· Something eternal': had there e'er been nought

Nought still had been: eternal there must be.

But what eternal? Why not human race?

And Adam's ancestors without an end?

'That's hard to be conceiv'd; fince ev'ry link

· Of that long-chain'd fuccession is so frail;

Can ev'ry part depend and not the whole?

· Yet grant it true; new difficulties rise;

I'm still quite out at sea; nor see the shore.

* Whence earth, and these bright orbs? eternal too?

Grant matter was eternal; Itill these orbs

· Would want some other father; much design

Is feen in all their motions, all their makes;

Defign implies intelligence, and art;

'That can't be from themselves-or man; that art

'Man scarce can comprehend, could man bestow?

'And nothing greater, yet allow'd, than man.

Who, motion, foreign to the smallest grain,

Shot thro' vast masses of enormous weight?

Who bid brute matter's restive lump assume
 Such various forms, and gave it wings to fly?

Has matter innate motion? then each atom,

· Afferting its indifputable right

• To dance, would form an universe of dust:

Has matter none? Then whence these glorious forms,

And boundless flights, from shapeless, and repos'd?

4 Has matter more than motion? Has it thought,

Judgment, and genius? Is it deeply learn'd

'In mathematics? Has it fram'd fuch laws,

Which, but to guess, a Newton made immortal?

' If so, how each sage atom laughs at me,

Who think a clod inferiour to a man!

If art, to form: and counsel, to conduct:

And that with greater far, than human skill; Resides not in each block; a GODHEAD reigns.

Grant, then, invisible, eternal, MIND;

That granted, all is folv'd. But, granting that,

Draw I not o'er me a still darker cloud?

Grant I not that, which I can ne'er conceive?

A being without origin, or end!

Hail, human liberty! there is no Gop-

'Yet, why? on either scheme that knot subsists:

Subfist it must, in God, or human race;

If in the last, how many knots beside,

Indiffoluble all? why choose it there,

Where, chosen, still subsist ten thousand more:

Reject it, where, that chefen, all the reft

Dispers'd, leave reason's whole horizon clear?

This is not reason's dictate; reason says,

*Close with the fide where one grain turns the scale;

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What vast preponderance is here! Can reason

With louder voice exclaim—Believe a God!

And reason heard, is the sole mark of man.

What things impossible must man think true,

On any other !ystem! and how strange

'To disbelieve, thro' mere credulity!' If, in this chain, Lorenzo finds no flaw.

Let it for ever bind him to belief. And where the link, in which a flaw he finds? And, if a God there is, that Gon how great! How great that pow'r, whose providential care Thro' these bright orbs' dark centres darts a ray; Of nature universal treads the whole! And hangs, creation, like a precious gem, Tho' little, on the footstool of his throne!

That little gem, how large! A weight let fall From a fix'd star, in ages can it reach This distant earth? Say, then, Lorenzo! where, Where ends this mighty building? where begin The suburbs of creation? where the wall Whose battlements look o'er into the vale

Of non-existence? Nothing's strange abode!
Say, at what point of space Jehovah dropp'd
His slacken'd line, and laid his balance by;
Weigh'd worlds, and measur'd infinite no more?
Where rears his terminating pillar high
Its extra-mundane head? and says, to gods,
In characters illustrious as the sun,

I stand, the plan's proud period; I pronounce The work accomplish'd; the creation clos'd:

Shout, all ye gods; nor shout, ye gods alone;

Of all that lives, or, if devoid of life,

That rests or rolls, ye heights, and depths, resound !

* Refound! refound! ye depths and heights, refound! Hard are those questions?—answer harder still.

Is this the fole exploit, the fingle birth,
The folitary fon of pow'r divine?
Or has th' Almighty FATHER, with a breath,
Impregnated the womb of distant space?
Has he not bid, in various provinces,
Brother-creations the dark bowels burst
Of night primeval; barren, now, no more?
And he, the central sun, transpiercing all
Those giant-generations, which disport,
And dance, as motes, in his meridian ray;
That ray withdrawn, benighted, or absorb'd,
In that abyss of horror whence they sprung;
While chaos triumphs, reposses'd of all
Rival creation ravish'd from his throne?
Chaos! of nature both the womb and grave.

Think'st thou my scheme, Lorenzo, spreads too wide? Is this extravagant?—No, this is just; Iust, in conjecture, tho' twere salse in fact. If 'tis an error, 'tis an error sprung From noble root, high thought of the Most High. But wherefore error? who can prove it such? He that can set Omnipotence a bound. Can man conceive beyond what God can do? Nothing, but quite impossible, is hard. He summons into being, with like ease, A whole creation, and a single grain. Speaks he the word? a thousand worlds are born.

A thousand worlds? There's space for millions more: And in what space can his great fail? Condemn me not, cold critic! but indulge The warm imagination: why condemn? Why not indulge fuch thoughts as swell our hearts With fuller admiration of that pow'r. Who gives our hearts with fuch high thoughts to swell? Why not indulge in his augmented praise? Darts not his glory a still brighter ray, The less is left to chaos, and the realms Of hideous night, where fancy strays aghast: And, tho' most talkative, makes no report? Still feems my thought enormous? think again :-Experience 'felf shall aid thy lame belief. Glasses (that revelation to the sight) Have they not led us in the deep disclose Of fine-spun nature, exquisitely small, And, tho' demonstrated, still ill-conceived? If, then, on the reverte, the mind would mount In magnitude, what mind can mount too far, To keep the balance, and creation poise? Defect alone can err on fuch a theme What is too great, if we the cause survey? Stupendous Architect! thou, thou art all! My foul flies up and down in thoughts of thee. And finds herself but at the centre still. I AM, thy name! existence, all thine own! Creation's nothing; flatter'd much, if styl'd 'The thin, the fleeting atmosphere of God.' O for the voice—of what? of whom?—what voice Can answer to my wants, in such ascent, As dares to deem one universe too small? Tell me, Lorenzo? (for now fancy glows. Fir'd in the wortex of almighty power) Is not this home creation, in the map Of universal nature, as a speck, Like fair Britannia in our little ball; Exceeding fair, and glorious, for its fize,

But, elsewhere, far out-measur'd, far out-shone?

In fancy (for the fact beyond us lies)

«Cault thou not figure it, an ifle, almost

Too small for notice, in the vast of being; Sever'd by mighty seas of unbuilt space, From other realms; from ample continents Of higher life, where nobler natives dwell; Less northern, less remote from Deity, Glowing beneath the line of the Supreme; Where souls in excellence make haste, put forth Luxuriant growths; nor the late autumn wait Of human worth, but ripen soon to gods?

Yet why drown fancy in fuch depths as these? Return, presumptuous rover! and confess The bounds of man; nor blame them as too small. Enjoy we not full scope in what is feen? Full ample the dominions of the fun! Full glorious to behold! How far, how wide, The matchless monarch, from his flaming throne; Lavish of lustre, throws his beams about him. Farther and failer than a thought can fly, And feeds his planets with eternal fires. This Heliopolis, by greater far, Than the proud tyrant of the Nile, was built : And he alone, who built it, can destroy. Beyond this city, why strays human thought? One wonderful, enough for man to know! One infinite, enough for man to range! One firmament, enough for man to read! O what voluminous instruction here! What page of wisdom is deny'd him? None; If learning his chief lesson makes him wife. Nor is instruction, here, our only gain; There dwells a noble pathos in the spies, Which warms our passions, proselytes our hearts. How eloquently shines the glowing pole! With what authority it gives its charge, Remonstrating great truths in style sublime, Tho' filent, loud; heard earth around; above The planets heard; and not unheard in hell; Hell has her wonder, tho' too proud to praise. Is earth then, more infernal? has the those, Who neither praise (Lorenzo!) por admire?

Lorenzo's admiration, pre-engag'd, Ne'er ask'd the moon one question; never held Least correspondence with a single star; Ne'er rear'd an altar to the queen of heaven Walking in brightness; or her wain ador'd. Their fublunary rivals have long fince Engross'd his whole devotion: stars malign, Which made their fond astronomer run mad; Darken his intellect, corrupt his heart; Cause him to sacrifice his fame and peace To momentary madness, call'd delight. Idolater, more gross than ever kiss'd The lifted hand to Luna, or pour'd out The blood to Jove !- O Thou, to whom belongs All facrifice! O thou great Jove unfeign'd! Divine instructor! thy first volume this, For man's perusal; all in capitals! In moon and stars, (heav'n's golden alphabet!) Emblaz'd to feize the fight; who runs, may read; Who reads, can understand. 'Tis unconfiu'd To Christian land, or Jewry; fairly writ, In language universal, to mankind: A language, lofty to the learn'd; yet plain To those that feed the flock, or guide the plough, Or, from its husk, strike out the bounding grain. A language, worthy the great MIND, that speaks! Preface and comment to the facred page! Which oft refers its reader to the skies. As pre-supposing his first lesson there, And scripture 'self a fragment, that unread, Stupendous book of wisdom, to the wife: Stupendous book! and open'd, Night! by thee. By thee much open'd, I confess, O Night! Yet more I wish; but how shall I prevail? Say, gentle Night! whose modest, maiden beams; Give us a new creation, and present The world's great picture foften'd to the fight: Nay, kinder far, far more indulgent still," Say, thou, whose mild dominion's filver key nlocks our hemisphere, and sets to view orlds beyond number; worlds conceal'd by day

Behind the proud and envious star of noon! Canst thou not draw a deeper scene?—and shew The mighty Potentate, to whom belong These rich regalia pompously display'd To kindle that high hope? Like him of Uz, I gaze around: I fearch on ev'ry fide— O for a glimple of Him my foul adores: As the chas'd hart, amid the defert waste, Pants for the living stream; for him who made here So pants the thirsty foul, amid the blank Of fublunary joys. Say, goddess, where? Where blazes his bright court? where burns his throne? Thou know'st; for thou art near him; by thee, round His grand pavilion, facred fame reports The fable curtain drawn. If not, can none Of thy fair daughter-train, so swift of wing, Who travel far, discover where he dwells? A star his dwelling pointed out below. Ye Pleiades! Arcturus! Mazaroth! And thou, Orion! of still keener eye! Say ye, who guide the wilder'd in the waves. And bring them out of tempels into port On which hand must I bend my course to find him? These courtiers keep the secret of their King; I wake whole nights, in vain, to steal it from them. - I wake; and waking, climb night's radiant scale, - From sphere to sphere; the steps by nature set For man's ascent; at once to tempt and aid; To tempt his eye, and aid his tow'ring thought; Till it arrives at the great goal of all.

In ardent Contemplation's rapid car,
From earth, as from my barrier, I fet out.
How fwift I mount; diminish'd earth recedes;
I pass the moon; and, from her farther side,
Pierce heav'n's blue curtain, strike into remote;
Where, with his listed tube, the subtil sage
His artificial, airy journey takes,
And to celestial lengthens human sight.
I pause at every planet on my road,
And ask for Hum who gives their orbs to roll,
Their foreheads sair to shine. From Saturn's rings

In which, of earths an army might be loft, With the bold comet, take my bolder flight, Amid those sov'reign glories of the skies, Of independent, native lustre, proud; The fouls of fystems! and the lords of life, Thro' their wide empires !- What behold I now ? A wilderness of wonders burning round: Where larger funs inhabit higher fpheres: Perhaps the villas of descending gods! Nor halt I here; my toil is but begun; 'Tis but the threshold of the Deity: Or, far beneath it, I am grovelling still. Nor is it strange; I built on a mistake; The grandeur of his works, whence folly fought For aid, to reason sets his glory higher; Who built thus high for worms (mere worms to him;) O where, Lorenzo! must the builder dwell? Pause then; and, for a moment, here respire-

If human thought can keep its station here.
Where am I? where is earth? Nay, where art thou, O sun? Is the sun turn'd recluse? and are
His boasted expeditions short to mine?—
To mine, how short! on nature's Alps I stand,
And see a thousand sirmaments beneath!
A thousand systems! as a thousand grains!
So much a stranger, and so late arriv'd,
How can man's curious spirit not inquire,
What are the natives of this world sublime,
Of this so foreign, unterrestrial sphere,
Where mortal, untranslated, never stray'd?

O ye, as distant from my little home,

' As swiftest sun-beams in an age can fly !

Far from my native element I roam,
In quest of new and wonderful, to man.

What province this, of his immense domain,

Whom all obeys? or mortals here, or gods?

'Ye bord'rers on the coasts of blis! what are you?

' A colony from heaven? or only rais'd,

By frequent visit from heav'n's neighbouring realms,

"To secondary gods, and half-divine? — • Whate'er your nature, this is past dispute,

- · Far other life you live, far other tongue
 - 'You talk, far other thought, perhaps, you think,
 - Than man. How various are the works of God!
 - · But fay, what thought? is reason here enthron'd,
 - · And absolute? or sense in arms against her?
 - · Have you two lights? or need you no reveal'd?
 - · Enjoy your happy realms their golden age?
 - And had your Eden an abstemious Eve?
 Our Eve's fair daughters prove their pedigree,
 - And ask their Adams—' Who would not be wise?'
 - Or, if your mother fell, are you redeem'd?
 - And if redeem'd-is your Redeemer fcorn'd?
 - 's Is this your final residence? if not,
 - Change you your scene, translated? or by death?
- . And if by death; what death ?-know your disease?
 - · Or horrid war ?-with war, this fatal hour,
 - · Europa groans (so call we a small field,
 - Where kings run mad.) In our world, death deputes
 - Intemperance to do the work of age!
- · And, hanging up the quiver nature gave him,
- · As flow of execution, for dispatch
- · Sends forth imperial butchers; bids them flay
- · Their sheep (the filly sheep they fleec'd before)
- And tofs him twice ten thousand at a meal.
- Sit all your-executioners on thrones?
- · With you, can rage for plunder make a god?
- · And bloodshed wash out ev'ry stain ?-
- But you, perhaps, can't bleed: from matter gross
- · Your spirits clean, are delicately clad
- In fine-spun ether, priviledg'd to soar,
- Unloaded, uninfected; how unlike
- The lot of man! How few of human race
- · By their own mud unmurder'd! how we wage
- Self-war eternal !- Is your painful day
- 4 Of hardy conflict o'er? or, are you still
- · Raw candidates at school? and have you those
- Who disaffect reversions, as with us?-
- · But what are we? You never heard of man,
- · Or earth; the bedlam of the universe!
- Where reason (undiseas'd with you) runs mad,

* And nurses folly's children as her own;

Fond of the foulest. In the facred mount

' Of holiness, where reason is pronounc'd

Infallible; and thunders like a god;

' Ev'n there, by faints, the dæmons are outdone;

. What these think wrong, our faints refine to right;

And kindly teach dull hell her own black art;

· Satan, instructed, o'er their moral smiles.

* But this, how strange to you, who know not man !

' Has the least rumour of our race arriv'd?

· Call'd here Elijah, in his flaming car?

· Pass'd by you the good Enoch, on his road

'To those fair fields, whence Lucifer was hurl'd?

Who brush'd, perhaps, your sphere in his descent,

Stain'd your pure crystal ether, or let fall

A fhort eclipse from his portentous shade?
O! that the fiend had lodg'd on some broad orb

Athwart his way; nor reach'd his present home,

Then blacken'd earth with footsteps foul'd in hell.

INFOETTERFECIT

IIII

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'Nor wash'd in ocean, as from Rome he pass'd

'To Britain's isle; too, too conspicuous there!'

But this is all digression: where is he, That o'er heav'n's battlements the felon hurl'd To groans, and chains, and darkness? where is he, Who fees creation's fummit in a vale? He. whom, while man is man, he can't but feek : And if he finds, commences more than man? O for a telescope his throne to reach! Tell me, ye learn'd on earth! or bless'd above-! Ye fearthing, ye Newtonian angels! tell. Where your great master's orb? his planets, where? Those conscious satellites, those morning-stars, First-born of Deity! from central love, By veneration most profound, thrown off? By fweet attraction, no less strongly drawn: Aw'd, and yet raptur'd; raptur'd, yet serene; Past thought, illustrious, but with borrow'd beams; In still approaching circles, still remote, Revolving round the fun's eternal Sire? Or fent, in lines direct, on embassies To nations—in what latitude?—beyond

strial thought's horizon !-and on what errands fent ?—Here human effort ends : leaves me still a stranger to his throne. I well it might! I quite mistook my road: in an age more curious than devout; fond to fix the place of heav'n or hell. studious this to shuu, or that secure. ot the curious, but the pious path. leads me to my point: Lorenzo! know, out or star, or angel, for their guide, worship God, shall find him. Humble love, not proud reason, keeps the door of heav'n; finds admission where proud science fails. fcience is the culture of his heart; not to lose his plummet in the depths ture, or the more profound of God. r to know, is an attempt that fets visest on a level with the fool. thom nature (ill attempted here) loubt is deep philosophy above; er degrees in blis archangels take, eper learn'd; the deepest, learning still. what a thunder of omnipotence night I dare to speak) is seen in all! in! in earth! in more amazing skies! ning this lesson, pride is loth to learndeeply to discern, not much to know, kind was born to wonder and adore.' d is there cause for higher wonder still, that which struck us from our past surveys! and for deeper adoration too. my late airy travel unconfin'd, I learn'd nothing? Yes, Lorenzo! this; of these stars is a religious house; their altars smoke, their incense rise, heard Hosannas ring thro' ev'ry sphere, ninary fraught with future gods. re all o'er is confecrated ground, ing with growths immortal, and divine. great Proprietor's all-bounteous hand es nothing waste; but sows these hery fields With feeds of reason, which to virtues rise Beneath his genial ray; and, if escap'd The pestilential blasts of stubborn will, When grown mature, are gather'd for the skies. And is devotion thought too much on earth, When beings, so superiour, homage boast, And triumph in prostrations to the throne?

But wherefore more of planets, or of stars? Ethereal journeys, and, discover'd there, Ten thousand worlds, ten thousand ways devout, All nature sending incense to the throne, Except the bold Lorenzo's of our sphere? Op'ning the solemn sources of my soul, Since I have pour'd; like seign'd Eridanus, My slowing numbers o'er the staming skies, Nor see, of sancy, or of sast, what more Invites the muse—here turn we, and review Our past nocturnal landscape wide: then say, Say, then, Lorenzo! with what burst of heart, The whole, at once, revolving in his thought, Must man exclaim, adoring, and aghast?

O what a root! O what a branch is here!

O what a father! what a family!

Worlds, fystems, and creations! and creations,

In one agglomerated cluster, hung,

** Great VINE, on THEE, on THEE the cluster hangs;

The filial cluster! infinitely spread

In glowing globes, with various beings fraught:
And drinks (nectareous draught!) immortal life.

Or, shall I say (for who can say enough?)

· A constellation of ten thousand gems,

(And O, of what dimension! of what weight!)

Set in one fignet, flames on the right hand

Of Majesty divine! the blazing feal,

'That deeply stamps, on all created mind,

Indelible, his fov'reign attributes,

Omnipotence, and love! that passing bound:

And this, furpaffing that. Nor stop we here,

For want of pow'r in God, but thought in man.

^{*} John xv, 1:

Even this acknowledg'd, leaves us still in debt;

If greater aught, that greater all is thine.
Dread Sire! accept this miniature of thee;

And pardon an attempt from mortal though,

'In which archangels might have fail'd, unblam'd.'

How such ideas of th' Almighty's pow'r,
And such ideas of th' Almighty's plan,
(Ideas not absurd) distend the thought
Of seeble mortals! nor of them alone:
The sulness of the Deity breaks forth
In inconceivables to men and gods.
Think, then, O think; nor ever drop the thought;
How low must man descend, when gods adore!
Have I not, then, accomplish'd my proud boast?
Did I not tell thee, '* We would mount, Lorenzo?

"And kindle our devotion at the stars?"

And have I fail'd? and did I flatter thee? And art all adamant? and dost confute? All urg'd, with one irrefragable smile? Lorenzo! mirth how miferable here! Swear by the stars, by him who made them, fwear, Thy heart, henceforth, shall be as pure as they: Then thou, like them, shalt shine; like them, shalt rife From low to lasty; from obscure to bright; By due gradation, nature's facred law. 'The stars, from whence? Ask Chaos—he can tell. These bright temptations to idolatry, From darkness, and confusion, took their birth; Sons of deformity; from fluid dregs Tartarean, first they rose to masses rude; And then, to spheres opaque; then dimly shone; Then brighten'd; then blaz'd out in perfect day. Nature delights in progress; in advance From worse to better: but, when minds ascend, Progress, in part, depends upon themselves. Heav'n aids exertion; greater makes the great; The voluntary little lessens more. O be a man! and thou shalt be a god! And half felf-made !- ambition how divine !

^{*} Page 228.

O thou, ambitious of diferace alone! Still undevout? unkindled? tho' high-taught. School'd by the skies; and pupil of the stars; Rank coward to the fashionable world! Art thou asham'd to bend thy knee to heav'n? Curst fume of pride, exhal'd from deepest hell! Pride in religion is man's highest praise. Bent on destruction! and in love with death! Not all these luminaries, quench'd at once, Were half fo fad, as one benighted mind, Which gropes for happiness, and meets despair. How, like a widow in her weeds, the Night, Amid her glimm'ring tapers, filent fits: How forrowful, how defolate, the weeps Perpetual dews, and saddens nature's scene! A scene-more sad sin makes the darken'd soul. All comfort kills, nor leaves one spark alive.

Tho' blind of heart, still open is thine eye: Why such magnificence in all thou sees? Of matter's grandeur, know, or end is this,. To tell the rational, who gazes on it—

Tho' that immenfely great, still greater he, Whose breast, capacious, can embrace, and lodge.

'Unburden'd, nature's universal scheme;

Can grasp creation with a fingle thought;

Creation grasp; and not exclude its Sire.'
To tell him farther— It behoves him much

To guard th' important, yet depending, fate

Of being, brighter than a thousand suns:

One fingle ray of thought outshines them all.'
And if man hears obedient, foon he'll foar
Supeiour heights, and on his purple wing,
His purple wing bedropt with eyes of gold,
Rising, where thought is now deny'd to rise,
Look down triumphant on these dazzling spheres.

Why then persist? No mortal ever liv'd
But, dying, he pronounc'd (when words are true!)
The whole that charms thee, absolutely vain;
Vain, and far worse! think thou, with dying men;
O condescend to think as angels think!
O tolerate a chance for happiness!

Our nature such, ill choice insures ill sate;
And hell had been, though there had been no God.
Dost thou not know, my new astronomer!
Earth, turning from the sun, brings night to man?
Man, turning from his God, brings endless night;
Where thou canst read no morals, find no friend,
Amend no manners, and expect no peace.
How deep the darkness! and the groan, how loud!
And far, how far, from lambent are the slames?
Such is Lorenzo's purchase! such his praise!
The proud, the politic Lorenzo's praise!
The proud, the golitic Lorenzo's praise!
Tho' in his ear, and levell'd at his heart,
I've half read o'er the volume of the skies.

For think not thou hast heard all this from me: My fong but echoes what great nature speaks. What has she spoken? Thus the goddess spoke, Thus speaks for ever: 'Place at nature's head, A fov'reign, which o'er all things rolls his eye, Extends his wing, promulgates his commands, But, above all, diffuses endless good; To whom, for fure redrefs, the wrong'd may fly.; The vile, for mercy; and the pain'd, for peace; By whom, the various tenants of these spheres, Diversify'd in fortunes, place, and powers, ' Rais'd in enjoyment, as in worth they rife, ' Arrive at length (if worthy fuch approach) At that bleft fountain head, from which they stream; Where conflict past redoubles present joy; ' And present joy looks forward on increase; And that, on more; no period! ev'ry step A double boon! a promise, and a bliss.' How easy sits this scheme on human hearts! It fuits their make; it fooths their vast desires; Passion is pleas'd; and reason asks no more; Tis rational! 'tis great! But what is thine? t darkens—shocks—excruciates, and confounds! Leaves us quite naked, both of help and hope, Sinking from bad to worse; few years, the sport Of fortune; then, the morfel of despair. Say, then, Lorenzo! (for thou knowest it well)

hat's vice? Mere want of compals in our thought

Religion, what? The proof of common fense; How art thou hooted, where the least prevails! Is it my fault, if these truths call thee fool? And thou shalt never be miscall'd by me. Can neither shame, nor terror, stand thy friend? And art thou still an insect in the mire? How, like thy guardian angel, have I flown; Snatch'd thee from earth; escorted thee thro' all Th' ethereal armies; walk'd thee, like a god. Thro' folendors of first magnitude, arrang'd On either hand; clouds thrown beneath thy feet; Close-cruis'd on the bright paradise of God; And almost introduc'd thee to the throne! And art thou still carousing for delight, Rank poison; first, fermenting to mere froth, And then subsiding into final gall? To beings of sublime, immortal make, How shocking is all joy, whose end is sure! Such joy more shocking still, the more it charms. And dost thou choose what ends ere well begun; And infamous, as short? and dost thou choose (Thou, to whose palate glory is so sweet) To wade into perdition, thro' contempt, Not of poor biggots only, but thy own? For I have peep'd into thy cover'd heart, And seen it blush beneath a boastful brow; For, by strong guilt's most violent assault, Conscience is but disabled, not destroy'd.

O thou most awful being! and most vain;
Thy will, how frail! how glorious is thy power?
Tho' dread eternity has sown her seeds
Of bliss, and woe, in thy despotic breast;
Tho' heav'n and hell depend upon thy choice;
A buttersty comes cross, and both are sted.
Is this the picture of a rational?
This horrid image, shall it be most just!
Lorenzo! no: it cannot—shall not be,
If there is force in reason; or, in sounds
Chanted beneath the glimpses of the moon,
A magic, at this planetary hour,
When sumber locks the general lip, and dreams

Thro' fenseless mazes hunt souls uninspir'd. Attend—the facred mysteries begin— My solemn night-born adjuration hear; Hear, and I'll raise thy spirit from the dust: While the stars gaze on this enchantment new; Enchantment, not insernal, but divine:

By filence, death's peculiar attribute;

By darkness, guilt's inevitable doom;

4 By darkness, and by filence, fifters dread!

4 That draw the curtain round Night's ebon throne,

4 And raise ideas, solemn as the scene!

- By Night, and all of awful, Night prefents
 To thought, or fense (of awful much, to both,
- The goddess brings!) By these her trembling sires, Like Vesta's, ever burning; and, like hers,

Sacred to thoughts immaculate, and pure!

By these bright orators, that prove, and praise,

And press thee to revere, the DEITY;

- Perhaps, too, aid thee, when rever'd awhile,
- To reach his throne; as stages of the foul,
 Thro' which, at diff'rent periods, she shall pass,

· Refining gradual, for her final height,

- 4 And purging off some dross at evry sphere!
 5 By this dark pall thrown o'er the filent world!
- By the world's kings, and kingdoms, most renown'd,
- From short ambition's zenith set for ever;

Sad prefage to vain boakers, now in bloom!

By the long lift of swift mortality,

From Adam downward to this ev'ning knell,

Which midnight waves in fancy's flattled eye;
And shocks her with an hundred centuries.

- Round death's black banner throng'd, in human thought:
- By thousands, now, refigning their last breath,
- And calling thee—wert thou fo wife to hear!
 By tombs o'er tombs arising; human earth
- Ejected, to make room for-human earth;
- The monarch's terror! and the fexton's trade!
- By pompous obsequies, that shun the day,
- The torch funereal, and the nodding plume,
- Which makes poor man's humiliation proud;

Boast of our ruin! triumph of our dust!

By the damp vault that weeps o'er royal bones;

And the pale lamp, that shews the ghastly dead,

'More ghastly, thro' the thick incumbent gloom:

By visits (if there are) from darker scenes,

The gliding spectre! and the groaning grave!

By groans, and graves, and miseries that groan

For the grave's shelter! By desponding men,
Senseless to pains of death, from pangs of guilt!

By guilt's last audit! By you moon in blood,

The rocking firmament, the falling stars,

And thunder's last discharge, great nature's knell;

By second chaos; and eternal night'—
Be wise—Nor let Philander blame my charm;
But own not ill-discharg'd my double debt,
Love to the living; duty to the dead.

For know, I am but executor; he left This moral legacy; I make it o'er By his command; Philander hear in me; And Heav'n in both. If deaf to these, oh! hear Florello's tender voice: his weal depends On thy refolve; it trembles at thy choice: For his fake-love thyself: example strikes All human hearts; a bad example more; More still a father's: that infures his ruin. As parent of his being, wouldst thou prove Th' unnatural parent of his miseries, And make him curse the being which thou gav'st? Is this the bleffing of fo fond a father? If careless of Lorenzo, spare, oh! spare Florello's father, and Philander's friend: Florello's father min'd, ruins him; And from Philander's friend the world expects A conduct, no dishonour to the dead. Let passion do, what nobler motive should; Let love, and emulation, rife in aid To reason; and persuade thee to be-blest. This feems not a request to be deny'd;

Yet (fuch the infatuation of mankind)
'Tis the most hopeless man can make to man.
Shall I, then, rise in argument, and warmth?

And urge Philander's posthumous advice. From topics yet unbroach'd? But O, I faint-my spirits fail-nor strange; So long on wing, and in no middle clime; To which my great CREATOR's glory call'd; And calls—but, now, in vain. Sleep's dewy wand Has strok'd my drooping lids, and promises My long arrear of rest; the downy god (Wont to return with our returning peace) Will pay, erelong, and bless me with repose. Haste, haste, sweet stranger! from the peasant's cot, The ship-boy's hammock, or the foldier's straw, Whence forrow never chas'd thee; with thee bring, Not hideous visions, as of late; but draughts Delicious of well-tafted, cordial, reft; Man's rich restorative; his balmy bath, That supples, lubricates, and keeps in play, The various movements of this nice machine, Which asks such frequent periods of repair. When tir'd with vain rotations of the day, Sleep winds us up for the fucceeding dawn; Fresh we spin on, till sickness clogs our wheels, Or death quite breaks the spring, and motion ends. When will it end with me?

- Thou only know'st,

Thou, whose broad eye the future, and the past,

· Joins to the present; making one of three

To mortal thought! Thou know'st, and Thou alone, All-knowing! all unknown! and yet well known!

Near, tho' remote! and tho' unfathom'd, felt!

'And, tho' invisible, for ever seen!

And feen in all! the great, and the minute;

· Each globe above, with its gigantic race,

· Each flow'r, each leaf with its small people swarm'd,

(Those puny vouchers for Omnipotence!)

• To the first thought, that asks, 'From whence?' declare

Their common fource. Thou fountain running o'er

In rivers of communicated joy!

Who gav'st us speech for far, far humbler themes &

Say, by what name shall I presume to call

* Him I fee burning in these countless funs,

As Moses, in the bush? Illustrious Mind!

The whole creation, lefs, far lefs to thee,

! Than that to the creation's ample round.

How shall I name THEE? How my labouring foul

'Heaves underneath the thought, too big for birth!'
Great fystem of perfections! mighty Cause

Of causes mighty! Came uncaus'd! sole root

Of nature, that luxuriant growth of Gop!

First Father of effects! that progeny

Of endless series; where the golden chain's Last link admits a period, who can tell?

Father of all that is or heard, or hears:

Father of all that is or feen, or fees:

Father of all that is, or shall arise:

Father of this immeasurable mass

Of matter multiform; or dense, or rare; .

Opaque, or lucid; rapid, or at rest;

Minute, or passing bound: in each extreme

Of like amaze, and mystery, to man.

Father of these bright millions of the night!

Of which the least full Godhead had proclaim'd;

'And thrown the gazer on his knee-or, fay,

Is appellation higher still, thy choice?
Father of matter's temporary lords!

Father of spirits—nobler offspring—sparks

· Of high paternal glory; rich endow'd

With various measures, and with various modes

6 Of instinct, reason, intuition: beams

More pale, or bright from day divine, to break

'The dark of matter organiz'd (the ware

Of all created spirit;) beams, that rife

Each over other in superiour light,
Till the last ripers into lustre strong,

Of next approach to Goddean. Father fond (Far fonder than e'er bore that name on earth)

Of intellectual beings! beings bleft

'With pow'rs to please Thee; not of passive ply

'To laws they know not; beings lodg'd in feats

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· Of well adapted joys; in diff'rent domes

Of this imperial palace for thy fons;
Of this proud populous, well policy'd,

- 'Tho' boundless habitation, plann'd by Thee;
- Whose several clans their sev'ral climates suit;
- And transposition, doubtless, would destroy.
 Or, oh! indulge, immortal King! indulge
- A title, less august indeed, but more
- 'Endearing; ah! how fweet in human ears!
- Sweet in our ears, and triumph in our hearts!
- Father of immortality to man!
- A theme that * lately fet my foul on fire.
- And thou the next-yet equal-thou, by whom
- 'That bleffing was convey'd; far more—was bought;
- Ineffable the price; by whom all worlds
- Were made; and one, redeem'd! Illustrious light
- From light illustrious! Thou, whose regal power,
- Finite in time, but infinite in space,
- 'On more, than adamantine basis fix'd,
- 'O'er more, far more, than diadems, and thrones,
- 'Inviolably reigns; the dread of gods;
- And O, the friend of man: beneath whose foot,
- And by the mandate of whose awful nod,
- 'All regions, revolutions, fortunes, fates,
- Of high, of low of mind, and matter, roll
- 'Thro' the short channels of expiring time,
 Or shoreless ocean of eternity.
- Calm or tempestuous (as the spirit breathes,)
- 'In absolute subjection-and, O Thou
- 'The glorious Third-distinct not separate-
- Beaming from both-with both incorporate;
- And (strange to tell) incorporate with dust:
- By condescension, as thy glory, great,
- 'Enshrin'd in man; of human hearts, if pure,
- Divine inhabitant; the tie divine
- 'Of heav'n with distant earth-by whom, I trust,
- '(If not inspir'd) uncensur'd this address
- To Thee, to them—to whom? Mysterious power!
- Reveal'd-yet unreveal'd-darkness in light;
- ' immber in unity-our joy-our dread;
- The triple bolt that lays all wrong in ruin;

[·] Nights the fixth and seventh.

That-enimates all right, the triple fun;
Sun of the foul-ther never-fetting fun:
Triune, unutterable, unconceiv'd,

Absconding, yet demonstrable, great God!

• Greater than greatest! better than the best! • Kinder than kindest! with fost pity's eye,

Or (stronger still to speak it) with thine own,

From thy bright home, from thy high firmament,

• Where thou, from all eternity, hast dwelt;

Beyond archangels unaffifted ken;

From far above what mortals highest call;

From elevation's pinnacle; look down,

• Through—What? Confounding interval! thro' all,

And more than lab'ring fancy can conceive;

'Thro' radiant ranks of essences unknown;

'Thro' hierarchies from hierarchies detach'd

• Round various banners of Omnipotence,

With endless change of rapturous duties fir'd,

'Thro' wond'rous beings interposing swarms,

'All clust'ring at the call, to dwell in thee;

'Thro' this wide waste of worlds; this vista vast,

All fanded o'er with funs; funs turn'd to night.
Before thy feeblest beam—look down—down—down.

On a poor breathing particle in dust.

Or, lower—an immortal in his crimes.
His crimes forgive! forgive his virtues too!

Those smaller faults, half converts to the right.

Nor let me close these eyes, which never more

May fee the fun (tho' night's descending scale

' Now weighs up morn) unpity'd, and unblest!

In thy displeasure dwells eternal pain;

· Pain, our aversion; pain, which strikes me now;

And, fince all pain is terrible to man,

Tho' transient, terrible; at thy good hour,

Gently, ah gently, lay me in my bed,

"My clay-cold bed! by nature, now fo near;

By nature, near; still nearer by disease!

'Till then, be this an emblem of my grave:

Let it out-preach the preacher; ev'ry night Let it out-cry the boy at Philip's ear;

That tongue of death! that herald of the tomb!

- . And when (the shelter of thy wing implor'd)
 - 'My ienses, sooth'd, shall fink in soft repose;
 - O fink this truth still deeper in my foul,
 - Suggested by my pillow, fign'd by fate,
 - 'First in fate's volume, at the page of man.—
 - "Man's fickly foul, tho' turn'd and tost for ever,
- . " From fide to fide, can rest on nought but Thee ::
- "Here, in full trust; hereafter, in full joy;'
- 6 On Thee, the promis'd, fure, eternal down
- Of spirits, toil'd in travel thro' this vale.
- ' Nor of that pillow shall my soul despond;
- For-Love Almighty! Love Almighty! (fing,
- Exult, creation!) Love Almighty, reigns!
- That death of death! that cordial of despair!
- And loud eternity's triumphant fong.
 - 'Of whom, no more:—for, O thou Patron-God!
- 'Thou God, and mortal! thence more God to man!
- 'Man's theme eternal! man's eternal theme!
- 'Thou canst not 'scape uninjur'd from our praise.
- 'Uninjur'd from our praise can he escape,
- Who, disembosom'd from the Father, bows
- 'The heav'n of heav'ns, to kiss the distant earth;
- · Breathes out in agonies a finless soul;
- · Against the cross, death's iron sceptre breaks!
- From famish'd ruin plucks her human prey!
- Throws wide the gates celestial to his foes!
- Their gratitude for fuch a boundless debt,
- Deputes their fuff'ring brothers to receive;
- And, if deep human guilt in payment fails;
- As deeper guilt prohibits our despair!
- Enjoins it, as our duty, to rejoice!
- And (to close all) omnipotently kind,
- " *Takes his delights among the fons of men."
 What words are these?—And did they come from heav'n?

And were they spoke to man? to guilty man? What are all mysteries to love like this? The songs of angels, all the melodies Of choral gods are wasted in the sound;

Prov. Chap. viii.

Heal and exhilarate the broken heart, Tho' plung'd, before, in horrors dark as night: Rich prelibation of confummate joy! Nor wait we diffolution to be bleis'd.

This final effort of the moral muse, How justly + titled! nor for me alone; For all that read; what spirit of support, What heights of Consolation crown my song.

Then, farewell Night! of darkness, now, no more: Joy breaks; shines; triumphs; 'tis eternal day. Shall that which rifes out of nought complain Of a few evils, paid with endless joys? My foul, henceforth, in fweetest union join The two supports of human happiness, Which fome erroneous, think can never meet: True taste of life, and constant thought of death: The thought of death, fole victor of its dread: Hope be thy joy; and probity thy skill; Thy patron He, whose diadem has dropp'd Yon gems of heav'n; eternity, thy prize: And leave the racers of the world their own. Their feather and their froth for endless toils: They part with all for that which is not bread: They mortify, they starve, on wealth, fame, power; And laugh to scorn the fools that aim at more. How must a spirit, lately escap'd from earth. Suppose Philander's, Lucia's, or Narcissa's, The truth of things new-blazing in its eye. Look back, aftonish'd on the ways of men. Whose lives whole drift is to forget their graves; And when our present privilege is past, To scourge us with due sense of its abuse. The same astonishment will seize us all. What then must pain us, would preserve us now. Lorenzo! 'tis not yet too late: Lorenzo! Seize wisdom ere 'tis torment to be wise: That is, feize wildom, ere she seizes thee. For what, my small philosopher, is Hell? 'Tis nothing but full knowledge of the truth.

When truth, relisted long, is fworn our foe; And calls Eternity to do her right.

Thus, darkness aiding intellectual light. And facred filence whilp'ring truths divine. And truths divine converting pain to peace, My fong the midnight raven has outwing'd, And thot, ambitious of unbounded fcenes. Beyond the flaming limits of the world. Her gloomy flight. But what avails the flight Of fancy, when our hearts remain below? Virtue abounds in flatterers and foes: 'Tis pride to praise her; penance, to perform. To more than words, to more than worth of tongue, Lorenzo! rife, at this auspicious hour; An hour, when heav'n's most intimate with man's When, like a falling star, the ray divine Glides swift into the bosom of the just; And just are all, determin'd to reclaim; Which fets that title high, within thy reach. Awake, then: thy Philander calls: awake! Thou, who shalt wake when the creation seens: When, like a taper, all these suns expire; When Time, like him of Gaza in his wrath. Plucking the pillars that support the world. In nature's ample ruins lies entomb'd: And Midnight, univerfal Midnight! reigns.

END OF NIGHT THOUGHTS.

VERSES TO THE AUTHOR.

NOW let the Atheist tremble, thou alone Canst bid his conscious heart the Godhead own. Whom shalt thou not reform? O thou hast seen How God descends to judge the souls of men. Thou heard'st the sentence how the guilty mourn, Driv'n out from God, and never to return.

Yet more, behold ten thousand thunders fall, And sudden vengeance wrap the slaming ball. When Nature sunk, when ev'ry bolt was hurl'd, Thou saw'st the boundless ruins of the world.

When guilty Sodom felt the burning rain, And fulphur fell on the devoted plain, The Patriarch thus the fiery tempest past, With pious horror view'd the desart waste; The restless smoke still wav'd its curls around, For ever rising from the glowing ground.

But tell me, oh! what heav'nly pleasure, tell, To think so greatly, and describe so well! How wast thou pleas'd the wond'rous theme to try, And find the thought of man could rise so high? Beyond this world the labour to pursue,

And open all eternity to view?

But thou art best delighted to rehearse Heaven's holy distates in exalted verse. O thou hast power the harden'd heart to warm, To grieve, to raise, to terrify, to charm; To fix the soul on God; to teach the mind To know the dignity of humankind; By stricter rules well-govern'd life to scan, And practise o'er the angel in the man.

Magd. Col. Oxon. T. WARTON.

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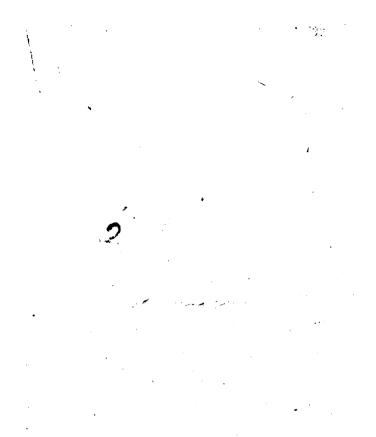
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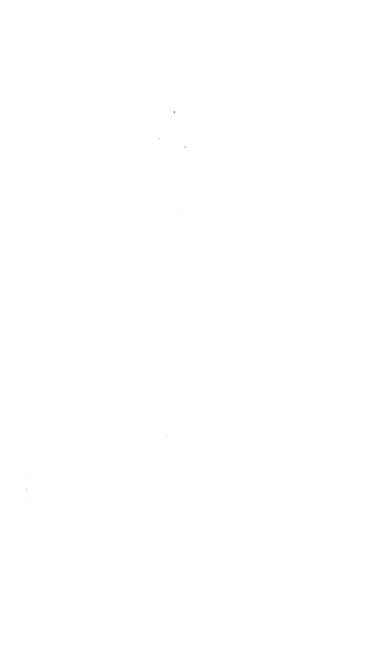
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